NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXI. No. 23245. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent: abroad 30 cents.) TWENTY CENTS

G. R.

BRITISH CONSULAR NOTIFICATION

No. 14 of 1939

British subjects are reminded that in addition to the usual registration of their names at His Britannic Majesty's Consulate-General, they should notify any changes of address or departure from Shanghai.

Any British subjects who have failed to keep the Consulate-General informed of new addresses since their last registration are urgently requested now to do so by letter.

HERBERT PHILLIPS,
Consul-General.

British Consulate-General,
Shanghai, October 25, 1939.
12013

IN THE MATTER OF THE
COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1932
AND OF
THE SHANGHAI PILOT BOAT CO. (1928) LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a General Meeting of the above-named Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, 2 Peking Road Shanghai on Tuesday, November 28, 1939 at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of having the account of the Liquidators, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, laid before such Meeting and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the Books, Accounts and Documents of the Company and of the Liquidators thereof shall be disposed of.

F. N. MATTHEWS, F.C.A.,
E. F. HARDMAN, C.A.,
Liquidators.

October 25, 1939. 12009

NOTICE

It has been brought to the attention of this Company that certain persons are offering to transfer their telephone service in return for payment of a sum of money or other consideration.

This notice is issued as a warning that under no circumstances will this Company recognise transfers of telephone service unless obtained in a regular manner through a Business Office of the Company and that in all cases of improper transfer, the telephone service will be disconnected.

SHANGHAI TELEPHONE COMPANY
232 Kiangse Road Telephone 94090
12012

NOTICE

Our Price List No. 102 in U.S. Currency is cancelled, and new prices in Local Currency will be effective as from date.

HIRSBRUNNER & CO.
(The Swiss House)
WINE AND CIGAR DEPT.
12008

FOREIGN FUR EXPORTERS ASSOCIATION

A meeting will be held on Thursday, October 26, at 2.30 p.m. at the office of Mr. L. S. Weinstein, 458 Szechuen Road.

Agenda:
1. To hear the report of the temporary Committee
2. To discuss and adopt the constitution and bye-laws.
3. To elect Officers.

All Foreign Fur Exporters are invited to attend.
11982

SHANGHAI HOCKEY CLUB

Notice is hereby given that the 29th Annual General Meeting of members will be held on Wednesday, October 25, in the Committee room of the Shanghai Cricket Club (by kind permission) at 5.45 p.m.

All members are particularly asked to be present.

By Order of the Committee,
J. S. KENYON,
Hon. Secretary.
11988

SHANGHAI HOCKEY CLUB

Gentlemen wishing to become members of this Club and not already Proposed for Membership are invited to get into touch with the undersigned care of Patons & Baldwins, Ltd., 52/54 M.M. Building, 9 Quai de France.

J. S. KENYON,
Hon. Secretary.
11981

THE CONSOLIDATED RUBBER ESTATES (1914) LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificate No. 12391 for Five hundred shares numbered 356031/356530 in the name of GEORGE VILLAS is declared to have been lost and unless its existence is notified to the undersigned within 30 days hereof, the same will be cancelled in the Books of the Company and new Certificate issued in its place.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS. LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.
Shanghai, October 23, 1939.
11998

To-day's Events

OCTOBER

25 Lions Club Organization Meeting, Concession Chinese Y.M.C.A., 12.30
25 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
25 A.W.C. Chamber Music Trio, 9
25 *F. A. Aglen appointed Inspector General of Customs (1911)*

N.C.D.N. Broadcast: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
Station XMHD: 760 kilo., 395 metres

Coming Events

OCTOBER

26 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
26 B.W.A. Musical & Dramatic Concert, 5.15
26 Royal Asiatic Society Meeting, 5.30
26 For. Y. Debate: 'Personal Columns'
26 'Martin the Miner,' music by Zeller. Russian Light Opera, Lyceum, 9
27 St. Andrew's Soc. ann. gen. meeting
28 'In Uno', tea and general meeting. 404 Yu Yuen Road, 4
28 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
28 'Martin the Miner,' L. Op., Lyc., 9
29 Municipal Orchestra, 3rd Symphony Concert, Lyceum Theatre, 5.15
29 'Martin the Miner,' L. Op., Lyc., 9
30 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
31 A.W.C., Miss Shipper on 'Charm', 'Old Bond Street' fashion show, 4
31 Chamber Orchestra 1939, Second Concert, Broadway Theatre, 9.15

NOVEMBER

1 Piano recital by Polish pianist, Miss Wincia Tomaszewska, Lyceum, 9.15
2 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
2 S.W.A. Xmas Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
2 Piano recital, Hans Baer, A.W.C., 9
3 Shanghai Camera Club, Annual Meeting, 330 Szechuen Road, 9
5 Annual Parade, Police Force, and Inspection by the Chairman
7 A.W.C. Library Tiffin, 12.30
8 Scouts' Jamboree, Kiaochow Road Rotary Shield Competition, 1.30
9 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
12 Comic Dog Show, in aid of S.S.P.C.A., Bubb. Well Rd., opp. Country Hosp., 10.30
14 A.W.C. Prog. American music, 4.45
14 'The Man with a Load of Mischief,' (net proceeds for the United Services Association), Lyceum Theatre, 9.15
15 Violin Recital, Prof. A. Wittenberg, American Women's Club, 9
15 'The Man with a Load of Mischief,' (net proceeds for the United Services Association), Lyceum Theatre, 9.15
16 'The Man with a Load of Mischief,' (net proceeds for the United Services Association), Lyceum Theatre, 9.15
17 'The Man with a Load of Mischief,' (net proceeds for the United Services Association), Lyceum Theatre, 9.15
18 'The Man with a Load of Mischief,' (net proceeds for the United Services Association), Lyceum Theatre, 9.15
21 A.W.C. Mrs. King: 'Persian Rugs,' 4.45
24 B.W.A. Jumble Sale, 9.30 a.m.

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

---

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11963

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EACH OF THE GUESTS

at a dance held at a local club was supposed to represent a nursery rhyme character. A lady in a very decollete evening dress was presumed to have gone as Mother Hubbard's cupboard. No home should be without Fire and Burglary insurance.

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Agents:
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1163

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1167

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THE RUBBER TRUST LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors have this day declared a Second Interim Dividend on account of the year ended September 30, 1939 of Fifteen Chinese dollar cents per share payable on October 25, 1939 to Shareholders on record on that date.

The Transfer Books and Share Registers of the Company will be closed from October 19 to October 25, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers,
Shanghai, October 13, 1939.
11812

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for

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The Navy's Choice and yours
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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

BULLETINS

are issued daily
(Sundays excepted)
between 11.30 a.m. and noon

GRATIS

For further particulars regarding distribution please telephone 11055, extension 14.

Animals

That Shanghai loves animals, especially dogs, is illustrated daily in this section of the small advertisements. If you want a good dog or to find a good home for a dog, to buy or sell a pony or a Persian kitten this is the agency you need.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Cathedral Sports Ground Opening
Utilities Sports
Soccer: E. Surreys vs. Police
Presentation to Supt. Lovell
Polish Youth Association Concert Meeting
Funeral Procession of the Late Lucien Zeng Hai-dao
K.D.S. Bridge/Mahjongg Party
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" and Sunday PICTORIAL SECTION are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

The "North-China Daily News" will be glad to send its photographer to public and private parties and events without obligation. Requests should be addressed to Photograph Department, "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS."

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1.50 each
5 x 7 enlargements	$2.50 each
6 x 8 enlargements	$3.00 each
8 x 10 enlargements	$4.00 each

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86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83992

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
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Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(Berlin and New York Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
has returned and resumed practice
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FULL time gardener required, Apply Carter, Shanghai Waterworks Co. 12025

ADVERTISER wishes buy direct from owner, modern dwelling-house and garden, French/International Concession. Cash. Address Box 3598, NCDN. 12023

ADVERTISER desires rent office, central district. Address Box 3599, NCDN. 12024

BUILDING lots of from 1/2 to 1½ mow available in best residential section of French Concession. Reasonably priced. Apply Shanghai Land Development Co. 346, Szechuen Road. Room 415. Telephone 15122. 6357

EXPERIENCED person required, take care two children going school, aged twelve and ten. Apply stating experience, references, nationality, etc. to Box 3591, NCDN. 12021

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ATTRACTIVELY furnished house near American School, low rental; furniture including refrigerator, rugs, china, glassware, etc. to be taken over, US $1,200. Address Box 3507, NCDN. 11966

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Otaru	Tokyo (Marunouchi)
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G. KISHINAMI, *Manager*

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BEMAX contains 400 International units of vitamin B1 in every ounce, besides considerable quantities of vitamins A, B2, and E, together with important minerals which are required to maintain the body in health.

BEMAX is the richest Vitamin Tonic Food and the cheapest—a daily dose costs only 35 Cents. Obtainable at all Pharmacies.

Agents:

WATSON'S

An Invaluable Reference Work

The Shanghai Directory 1939

THE business man and private resident who wish to keep up-to-date with the many changes which occur in the business life of Shanghai cannot afford to be without a copy of this well-known publication. The present issue contains 58 pages more than the issue of a year ago—ample evidence not only of the numerous changes in the personnel of the business and professional community, but also of the care taken in the preparation of the data presented.

SOME OF THE CONTENTS:

- Foreign and Chinese Firms and their Staffs
- American Forces
- British Forces
- French Forces
- Chambers of Commerce
- Churches
- Clubs and Associations
- Colleges and Schools
- Consular and Diplomatic Bodies
- Hospitals
- Missions
- Municipal Councils and their Staffs
- Shanghai Firms under their Professional or Trade Headings
- An Alphabetical List of Mercantile Marine Officers
- An Alphabetical List of Business Men and Women with their office addresses
- The Streets of Shanghai in English and Chinese, with the occupants of Foreign and many Chinese Houses, Offices and Stores
- The Foreign and many Chinese Residents listed alphabetically with their private addresses

616 pp. Price $8

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE
17 The Bund, Shanghai

TO-DAY'S NEWS

North-China Daily News
English Radio Broadcast over
Station XMHD, Shanghai
twice daily inclusive Sundays
12.45 p.m. and 9 p.m.

The "North-China Daily News" is now supplementing its service of daily news broadcasts by the addition of two broadcasts in Chinese. These will be given over Station XMHD at 1.30 p.m., and 9.15 p.m. daily.

敬啟者敝館現除每日仍按時以英語廣播新聞外另加每日華語新聞廣播(電台呼號XMHD週波七百六十)時間下午一時半及九時一刻即希注意爲荷
字林西報謹啟
九月二十九日

760 kilocycles 395 metres

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor"

Fire Insurance :

A Question of Brokerage

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—As I understand it, according to the present regulation of the Shanghai Fire Insurance Association, on the pain of penalty, the insurer must receive from the insured the exact net insurance premium as shown in the premium receipt, no further discount or rebate being allowed. Out of the net premium so received, the insurer then pays to the relative broker a commission of 20 per cent. or even 30 per cent.

I consider such commission excessive. It is often out of all proportion to the supposed service performed by the broker. It paves the way to underhand and dishonest practices, the enterprising broker, in order to compete for business, not infrequently giving away a part of his commission as secret rebate to the insured, the Association ruling notwithstanding.

I am connected with a local firm whose annual insurance amounts to US$700,000 and which pays annually a net premium of some US$2,000. The firm's policy is to disregard all brokers and to entrust all its extensive business to the one insurance company, which it considers as the most reliable.

Supposing the usual broker's commission to be 20 per cent., out of the US$2,000 premium paid by the above firm, the insurance company will have to pay a broker's commission—if one such broker exists—of US$400, equivalent today to about Shanghai $5,000. The question is, how this sum of $5,000 should be disposed of.

The path of least resistance is for the insurance company to create, without the knowledge and approval of the insured, one or several imaginary brokers to whom it then distributes the above sum of $5,000, these imaginary brokers being probably men in the company's staff who had previously something to do in obtaining the above firm's business. But the business being now directly entrusted by the firm to the insurance company, the broker's role is not a real, but an imaginary, one. To keep on paying comfortable commission to such imaginary broker or brokers is unfair and unreasonable.

Had there been no Association ruling, the most reasonable way would be to refund this amount of $5,000 to the firm in the form of rebate. In making this refund, the insurance company loses nothing, for the refund is not an extra payment, but merely a substitute for the usual commission. The firm is its own broker and is therefore entitled to the same broker's commission.

I venture to suggest that the Fire Insurance Association meet to reconsider its present regulation, with a view of protecting the best interest of the insured. If under such cases the insurance company must keep the commission and will make no refund to the insured, then I think the commission should at least be set apart as a special reserve refund to facilitate the settlement of any future claims made by the relative insured.

F. D. Z.

Shanghai, Oct. 24.

Polish Relief :

Thanks of Women's Assoc'n.

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May we, through your columns, thank the people of Shanghai for their generous support of our Bridge and Mahjongg Benefit Tea, which was held at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. on Friday October 20 to raise funds for Polish war victims. We are happy to announce that $1,000 was raised and has been handed to the International Committee for the Relief of Polish War victims, to be sent to the International Red Cross at Geneva.

We are greatly indebted to the following firms, for the lovely prizes which we gave in the lottery, conducted during the course of the day: —Baboud Mary & Co.; Viloudaki & Co.; Salon "Monique"; and Pharmacie Européenne.

Here is a list of the winning numbers, written in order, for the 1st to the 11th prizes; 31, 289, 216, 589, 225, 299, 266, 99, 542, 340, 106. Unclaimed prizes may be obtained from the Relief Headquarters at 320 Szechuan Road.

POLISH WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, Oct. 23.

The Athenia :

Reader's Revelation

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Last night I was privileged to listen in to a German short-wave broadcast in English which announced that the Athenia had been sunk by three British destroyers. I am really at a loss to understand why the Nazi Propaganda Department does not tell the truth, which, I am sure, would be much more telling in their favour than anything else. First they said the Athenia had been sunk by a mine, then by a British submarine at Mr. Winston Churchill's orders, then this story.

The truth is that this unfortunate vessel was sunk by Mr. Winston Churchill himself, who followed the ship out to sea on a pair of water-skis and sent her to the bottom with a couple of well-directed stink bombs and then made off. For this dastardly crime Mr. Churchill was wearing a rather tight bathing suit, a black mask and a hard felt hat. I recognized him by the hat. I was there, so I know.

ANANIAS.

Shanghai, Oct. 23.

Lucerne Exchange:

An Improvement Noted

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—There is not the slightest doubt that the complaints made by FED UP were entirely justified and it is a fact that the service has become better since his letter appeared in your paper. From this fact the bad service, with which subscribers had to put up for a long time, was due to a *laissez-faire* somewhere. In the meantime subscribers paid for the wrong connections, as not all may know that they must call up the control at the exchange for having the wrong connections cancelled, and who has the time to do so? I am one of them who believed that a report to the operator was sufficient for having a wrong connection cancelled.

By accepting our letters you have most certainly rendered a service to the public for which thanks are due to you.

VERY OFTEN ANNOYED.

Shanghai, Oct. 24.

Col. Lindbergh:

A Query Answered

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—To put an end to some controversy regarding Colonel Lindbergh's origin, would you or could some of your readers kindly tell us if he is of British, German or Scandinavian descent.

INTERESTED.

Shanghai, Oct. 24.

***Colonel Charles Augustus Lindbergh is of Swedish descent, according to "The New University Encyclopædia."—ED.

BY SAPAJOU

Carribean Gibraltar

Moscow Forty Years After

Religion's Tremendous Hold on Population in Tzarist Days ; Churches Destroyed Today

RETURNING to Moscow after an absence of forty years is a never-to-be-forgotten experience, writes Sir Evelyn Wrench in the "Spectator." Three visits to Tsarist Russia, from Helsingfors and Warsaw to Transcaucasia and the Crimea, left an impression of the stability of the régime of the Romanoffs, and of the tremendous hold the Orthodox Church had on the tens of millions of Russians. In the smallest towns were police, and in every strategic centre magnificent bearded army officers were impressive in their white tunics and topboots ; an equally vivid memory was of the long-haired priests throughout the country, and of devout peasants crossing themselves before wayside ikons and kneeling on the pavements outside the churches. Church and State, these were the two powers which would surely never be overthrown. However much I had followed the history of Revolutionary Russia, I was unprepared for such an entirely new world.

The best way to reach Moscow is to fly from Stockholm, in one of the large Douglas planes, which does the nine hundred miles journey in seven hours, including two short breaks at Riga and at Velekoje Luki, within the U.S.S.R. border. The journey from the frontier to Moscow, that takes fifteen hours by train, took us just over an hour and a half. We were planing over the suburbs of Moscow, with their large buildings and factories, before we realized that we were at our journey's end. Round the aerodrome were rows of aeroplanes, parked in the open, and just covered with sacking as protection from the weather. Customs formalities, which in Tzarist days were an amusing interlude of five minutes, lasted an hour for the examination of three small suit cases ; every item was inspected, a Gillette razor-case and sponge bag were opened, every letter, piece of paper, newspaper and book were carefully examined. My wife's pocket Bible caused special interest, and had to be referred to a higher official, who after close scrutiny pronounced it to be a botanical hand-book—presumably because there were some pressed flowers in it.

We were now handed over to the mercies of one of the Intourist guides, a young "citizeness," born in the United States, and speaking good English. During the fifteen minutes drive to the centre of Moscow we passed eight broken-down cars ; apparently the Soviet experiment in synthetic rubber has not been too successful. The first impression was of all-pervading drabness. There were, of course, some large new buildings, but for the most part the houses looked dirty and uncared for. The Moscow crowds I shall never forget ; all joy has gone from their faces ; they were subsequently described by an old resident as "A people who never smile." Men and women went about hatless. Very few coats were worn, the majority of men being clad in white or dark coloured Russian blouses, certainly a very sensible attire for hot weather. After our first walk in the streets, in order not to attract attention I went out in my shirtsleeves and tieless, and I found that British residents did the same.

Arrested

Most travellers today visit the country in the parties organized by Intourist, the official agency that looks after all foreigners. We were not attached to any group and enjoyed the privilege of having a guide to ourselves for every excursion. In the afternoons we went out alone, and it was on one of these occasions that we had the unpleasant experience of being arrested, and conveyed to one of the central police-stations, for taking a harmless snapshot. This would not have happened to us if we had been members of an organized party, duly escorted by a guide. I would not advise foreigners to visit Russia except as members of a group.

The Englishman, with a knowledge of Russian, who expects to make contacts with the Russian people will be disappointed. Since the "Purges" of the last few years Soviet citizens will not venture on the risky business of being seen speaking to a foreigner ; practically the only contact the visitor has with Russians is with the intelligent young women under whose charge he does his sight-seeing. Every day we had a fresh guide ; presumably the Intourist Department fears to risk the contamination of a member of its staff by contact with the same "Bourgeois" mind. These Russian girls, who are spending their summer vacation from the University in piloting visitors around the capital to improve their English, deserve a special tribute. For the most part they speak quite good English, learnt at the Communist Institute. They are nearly all members of the Young Communist Party. They wore the simplest of cotton frocks, had neither hats nor stockings, and were well drilled by the party in every article of the Communist Faith ; answers to our questions were frequently framed in identical terms by different conductresses.

We must have talked to a dozen of the Intourist guides. One of them was the daughter of peasants and had left her native village ten years before. She had a passion for learning and hoped to be a teacher ; she had been studying English literature and was familiar with Dickens, had read "The Mill on the Floss," "Tess of the d'Urbervilles" and Mrs. Gaskell's "Mary Barton" in the original ; she complained that she could not get enough English books.

Talks about religion are taboo. We tried each day to ascertain the whereabouts of the few churches still in use ; finally we had to turn for information to an American visitor. Each day we addressed some questions concerning religion to our guides ; the reply was nearly always the same : "We know nothing about the Church." Our guides, being members of the Communist Party, were naturally atheists. We asked one of them if she knew any Church ; she said : "No, there may be some, but I don't know of any."

Apparently only old people attend the services. We saw some twenty churches, but only one of them was still used for religious services. The others were used either as museums, as tenement buildings or were falling to pieces. Most of Moscow's five hundred churches have been pulled down. This liquidation of Christianity is one of the most incredible results of the Revolution. To estimate what it must have implied in terms of human suffering is impossible.

Greiser Made Gauleiter Of Polish District

Berlin, Oct. 24.

Herr Hitler has appointed the former President of the Danzig Senate, Herr Artur Greiser, as Gauleiter of the Warth district in German-occupied Poland, according to the German official news agency. —Reuter.

War Reserves in Billions

Allies Have Vast Spending Resources in U.S.A.; No Credit Needed Now

Appraising British and French spending reserves in America, federal officials disclosed a belief the allied powers in the European conflict can wage war 14 months or more before they must meet the necessity for foreign credits, writes L. W. Meredith in "The Oregonian."

No Need for Credit Resrictions

Economic experts in the government consequently saw little prospect or need for repeal of the Johnson act and other credit restrictions in the near future to permit credit purchases of America's great farm surpluses. For a long while, at least, they can buy for cash, the economists said.

Trade Control Coming

An economic adviser higher in the councils of the administration said he expected an immediate and drastic trade control system to be established in Great Britain and France. Shortly afterwards, he felt, this country would begin to reap the benefits of foreign purchase of basic necessities in the United States.

The expert said that if and when the necessity of foreign credits comes to France and England, and should they seek such credits in this country, congress would have the say as to what will be done. Under the Johnson act and other credit restrictions embodied in the neutrality act, he said, it is impossible to channel credits abroad indirectly to belligerents. Even were there loopholes in the law, he added, the administration would take no action of this sort without consulting congress.

Fiscal experts estimated total British and French spending resources in America run to between $4,000,000,000 and $5,000,000,000. Not all of this can be speedily liquidated through normal channels.

First British and French spending will come out of the two governments' dollar balances in the United States, which totalled about $850,000,000 on May 1. After these were exhausted the drain would fall on gold held under earmark for foreign accounts. This is believed to total about $1,000,000 for Britain and France.

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President's Mother Interested in China

New York, Oct. 24.

Mrs. James Roosevelt, the mother of President Roosevelt, accepted the honorary chairmanship of the China Aid Council yesterday. Mrs. Roosevelt said she did not plan to do active work in the organization and explained that her association with this group was at the invitation of Dr. Henry L. Hibby, a leader in the organization.

The Chairman of the Council, Dr. Claude Forkner, said, "Mrs. Roosevelt's decision emphasizes the tremendous needs of a country with which America has always had strong bonds of friendship.

"Nowhere in the world is there suffering on so vast a scale as in China."—United Press.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF OCTOBER 25, 1869

The Prince has brought Queen's weather with him and under its influence, a very pleasant day was spent on Saturday on the Race Course. A warm sun tempered by a cool breeze, enabled people to stroll about with equal safety from cold or sunstroke; and all Shanghai, nearly, availed itself of the opportunity. The day's proceedings were begun by a game of cricket between an eleven of H. M. Navy and Civil Service, and eleven of the Cricket Club; and about 1 p.m. spectators began to drop up from the Settlement. By 2 p.m. the neighbourhood of the cricket pavilion was crowded and a large number of ladies were seated under the shelter of the shed which had been erected for their accommodation. The Prince arrived about the stated hour, and a vigorous attack was at once commenced on the excellent tiffin supplied and was kept up for the next hour, by relays of hungry men who were bent on laying in a stock of energy for the exhausting process of sight-seeing yet before them. In the meantime, the last naval men had been put out, after the score had been hit to 97.

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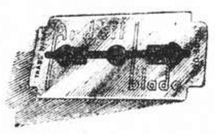

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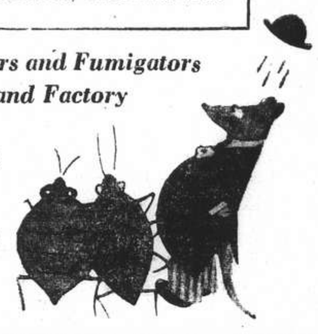

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Dogs of War Prove Their Usefulness

Germany Has 50,000 Well Trained Canine "Soldiers"; Special Hospital Formed

BY FRANK ILLINGWORTH

Throughout the centuries dogs have been employed by warring nations. Wall writings of nearly 5,000 years ago prove that the Egyptians used them to repel an enemy. Frederick the Great employed them as sentries. Four hundred English terriers, presented by Henry VIII to Charles V of Spain, fought with the tenacity of their breed for the Spanish Mercenaries!

At the beginning of the Great War, Britain had no trained dogs. But before the war was over 7,000 trained dogs were killed on active service and many times this number wounded. Belgian sheep dogs, English Airedales, Canadian and Alaskan Huskies, Alsatians and a host of mongrels played their parts and many gained high distinction.

The hastily arming nations have not overlooked the usefulness of dogs as accessories to modern warfare. Belgium, France, Italy, Russia Bulgaria have their War Dog Schools. In Austria each animal has its own gas mask! Whereas in 1914, Germany had only 6,000 trained animals, today she has 50,000 dogs well schooled in the arts of war.

To what use can dogs be put in modern warfare? Apart from their active participation on the battlefield and in its close proximity, the dogs' greatest asset in time of war is their powers to bolster up man. The morale of the troops in the Great War was greatly strengthened by the specially trained war dogs and the many little mongrels that threw in their lot with the soldiers and made billets and dugouts their temporary homes in defiance of all military regulations!

Faithfulness

Several thousand dogs have been trained as sentries, and many more thousands for ambulance work. It was in this field that the war dogs established their reputation in France during the War, though it must be admitted that the services of 440 huskies, transported from Alaska and hastily trained to relieve a battery in the Vosges, were more spectacular. The battery in question had been cut off from its source of supply for a fortnight when the dogs arrived, and within four days the animals had transported 90 tons of ammunition and food to the gunners.

One example of the faithfulness of service of the military dogs is instanced by Flambeau (the Torch) who for eight years was attached to the 92nd Foot Regiment of the Alpine Chasseurs. Never once during his long service did he miss a post, regularly making the difficult ascent to Fort de Saulières with the post strapped to his body. A few months after being "retired" to the vally barracks at Lanslebourg, apparently having a premonition that his end was near, the animal once more climbed the 8,700 feet to the Fort.

During warfare, casualties amongst the war dogs will be considerable. And with this fact in mind a military hospital for the wounded has been set up at Jena.

"The Traveller's Gazette"

It must have taken some thought before Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son could decide where they could suggest that their clients should travel this year, and a very important notice informs them that there is always a possibility of changes having been made before their arrival in the Far East—moreover, shortly after the compilation of the October-December number of the "Far Eastern Traveller's Gazette" was commenced hostilities broke out in Europe and the sailing lists have had to be omitted. However, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son are continually receiving a large amount of important information and those who are thinking of setting forth upon travel of any kind are recommended to approach them. In existing circumstances, at any rate, Messrs. Thos. Cook feel able to suggest that one should "Come to South Africa !" ; see Mendoza, one of the most attractive regions of the Argentine ; holidays in Australia are recommended ; one can still go round the world, it appears, in 30 days ; and, most encouraging of all, one is told how to "see" London. This is not the first war through the dangers of which Messrs. Thos. Cook have guided their clients, and they view the matter with calm and determination.

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Canadian Missionaries Driven Out of Changteh by Mobs

Mission Premises Bombed; Chinese Converts Threatened; Violent Posters

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Peiping, Oct. 10.

THE Anti-British movement culminating in the bombing of the premises of the United Church of Canada Mission at Changteh, Honan, reads almost like the return of the Boxer days. It is certainly a most damning commentary on the claim of the Japanese Army that it is able to maintain peace and order in the territory that it controls. During July and August the agitation proceeded on exactly the same lines, as those pursued in the similar agitations against British Missions in Shansi and elsewhere.

There were demonstrations in front of the Mission, in which Japanese dressed up as Chinese coolies took part; anti-British handbills were distributed in the city and anti-British posters put up on the walls of the Mission compounds: both the Christian converts and those attending the hospitals received threatening letters, or were even warned by the Chinese police direct, against having anything further to do with the Mission.

Later there followed the usual police raids and questionings, when all the Chinese employees were driven off the premises. The attempts of the missionaries to get the Chinese and Japanese authorities to give protection to the Mission were, as usual, completely unavailing, the officials concerned refusing to see them. On one occasion, when they were graciously permitted to speak to a Japanese N.C.O. of the gendarmerie, he passed on the communication from his superior, that the gendarmerie would not guarantee that the missionaries would be safe at night, or even by day, from secret acts of violence on the part of the anti-British agitators or from bandits.

Sinister Happenings

So far the agitation had followed the now familiar lines, but in September it took a more sinister turn. On the night of the 12th the main gates at both the Church and the Hospital compound were set on fire. With the help of buckets and the running water system the missionaries managed to save the gates of the hospital, though those of the Church were burnt down completely. Later enquiries revealed that the fires had been started by members of the Chinese police, and that the roads round about had been patrolled by police and Japanese cavalry to prevent any of the neighbouring villagers from coming to help to put out the fire.

All these efforts to force out the missionaries having failed, still more drastic measures were resorted to. About midnight on the 16th the missionaries were awakened by the sound of several violent explosions as of bombs, that seemed to come from the direction of the hospital. A cursory examination in the dark having revealed no signs of damage, it was concluded that the bombs must have exploded outside the walls, and the explosions not being followed up by a raid of bandits or of a military patrol to investigate, the missionaries returned to bed. On a further examination next morning, together with the Chinese police, the place was found where three or four bombs had exploded, as also three unexploded grenades; part near the front gate inside the compound and part near a small gate in the rear wall very close to the building in which the missionaries had been sleeping. In all, no less than five unexploded hand-grenades of the "potato masher" type were found, making in all a total of nine grenades thrown that night.

Gruesome Posters

At the same time it was found that posters had been pasted up on either side of the front gate with a picture of a foreigner's head and a large broad-bladed Chinese sword cutting through the throat and with realistic streams of blood in red ink running down it. The posters read in Chinese: "Englishmen, within three days, if you are not away from this place, there certainly will be danger to your lives!"

As a result of this bomb attack, the missionaries once more called on the Chinese authorities in an attempt to get them to give proper protection to the Mission premises. This was again refused, they handed in an official letter for the magistrate, stating that as the police could not give them proper protection they had decided to leave Changteh, and requested that proper steps be taken to protect, at least the Mission property. There followed several days negotiations on this question, and at first the Chinese authorities seemed prepared to give full guarantees, but afterwards withdrew their assurances, owing to the interference of the anti-British agitators. Even while these negotiations were going on, and although it was known that the missionaries had agreed to withdraw, another attack with fire and bombs was made on the premises.

Workmen Ill-Treated

At 4.15 on the morning of the 21st the missionaries who were sleeping in the hospital compound were again awakened by another series of four hand grenade explosions, and found the front gate leading to the Men's hospital burning furiously. It took them two hours hard work with buckets before they got the fire under control. They then searched the compound and found five unexploded grenades, some along the south wall and others inside the west wall close to one of the occupied houses, so that again a total of nine grenades had been thrown into the compound.

With the permission of the police, masons were put to work to brick up the burned gateway. At midday they were threatened by plain clothes detectives, but returned for their tools and clothing and finished their work that afternoon. About 9 p.m. the same evening these workmen were dragged from their homes and taken to the premises of the Hsin Min Hui (New Peoples Society), lectured and beaten. Their foreman, Mr. Hsu, was strung up by the thumbs and beaten, but released the next morning.

Scenes on Railway Station

Up to the last moment this organized hooliganism was allowed to continue. When on the 22nd the missionaries were leaving by train, a mob of about a hundred rioters marched on to the platform shouting slogans and surrounding the missionaries and started to abuse and strike them. A Japanese gendarme who was standing by looking on laughing, when appealed to, ceased smiling and stepping forward ordered the crowd to stand back. He then motioned the missionary who was leaving by this train to get aboard, but allowed the demonstrators to follow him to his coupé where again they attempted to strike the missionaries and tear off their clothing.

One Japanese gendarme in mufti and another in uniform stood quietly by, making no attempt to suppress the rioting, the former merely using his knee and arm across the doorway to prevent the rioters from actually entering the coupé. When the station bell sounded, the leader of the mob said a few words in Japanese in a low voice to the demonstrators who immediately left the carriage, and the shouting ceased. As the train moved off, the rioters ran wildly along the platform shouting their slogans and making threatening gestures.

The Village and The War

Evacuees from London Soon Settle Down to Country Life; Minor Discontents

The village has adjusted itself quickly to the war, says Warren Post bridge in "The Spectator." The evacuees began to arrive on Friday, and they are already part and parcel of us. There will be inevitable frictions as familiarity breeds something less than the initial respect, but the village is determined they shall enjoy life, and the children themselves know enough of the possibilities to be thankful to find themselves where they are. "I like the country," observes one young gentleman from Peckham, "and I'm glad I'm away from the war." We, his hosts, are equally glad he should be away from it, and with us.

The zero hour found many of us in church—though not as many as there would have been, for the Prime Minister's broadcast at 11.15 kept many regular worshippers away. They might as well have come, as it turned out, for we heard Mr. Chamberlain too. The rector had installed a wireless by the pulpit, and switched on at the right moment to a second as the pslams were ending. And immediately on the last of the Premier's impressive words there came from the lectern the opening sentences of that great chapter of assurance beginning "Comfort ye, comfort ye my people, saith your God."

We are a very ordinary village congregation. There are not many great houses in our village. Those there are were well represented. In different ways they play their part in the war organization. On the gate of the gardener's cottage of one is the legend "Air Raid Warden." At another the First Aid Post, which we hope will never see service except for the minor ills of evacuees, has been set up. Another has a searchlight planted in its grounds. At church we remembered some from the big houses and some from the cottages and some from comfortable, modest homes in between, already away on active service in their several spheres—Major A. with his anti-aircraft battery, Colonel B. just called to Aldershot, young C. at an air force camp somewhere up the country. Most of the younger men in the choir would soon be following them. "God moves in a mysterious way," they sang as the service opened. We shall have cause enough to reflect on that in the weeks to come.

A Profound Change

Our small society is going to be profoundly changed, and it is too soon yet to see what its shape will be. There will be many more of us than there have been. The regular week-enders have become regular all-the-weekers. Voluntary migrants from London or some other vulnerable centre have crowded themselves into what quarters they could find. But most important of all, because they are our corporate charges, are the official evacuees, mothers and small infants as well as the school-age boys and girls. Most are here, some are yet to come. One roomy house, hastily vacated by its German tenants, has been appropriately made over to the children whom the Germans have driven from their city homes. There a community in little is growing up. Town boys are applying themselves with zest to country tasks, like digging potatoes and storing apples.

How is it going to turn out? Not wholly well, no doubt. Indeed, it is a lamentable fact that I have had to re-write this paragraph in the light of various minor discontents. Our welcomed guests have found their feet very quickly—and their hands. One particularly public-spirited peer has had to rid himself of the half-dozen he gladly welcomed, for when his broken electric light bulbs (the story has it that not one is whole) have been replaced he intends to keep them whole. It will be disillusioning if we have to call the militia in to keep the evacuees in order. Perhaps we may find some better way than that, but early enthusiasms are rather visibly wearing off. They may, of course, return, like a second wind.

IN times of stress our humour seems to be very acute and we always appreciate unconscious humour on the part of our enemies. One which was appreciated concerned the German news bulletin which contained little but the announcement of Ribbentrop's visit to Moscow on the invitation of Molotov. Immediately after, the programme went on to gramophone music—and the first was the classic German love song "When two hearts find each other."

Daughter Emulates Britain's War Leader

Following in father's footsteps in realistic manner is Miss J. Vereker, daughter of Viscount Gort, the British Commander-in-Chief. She is seen leading her company of the Women's Auxiliary Territorial Service, and as can be seen, the women march in the new "threes" formation.

Australian Letter

Whole Country United Behind Britain

Decision of a Calm, Resolute People; Plans For Effective Contribution; Men and Material

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Melbourne, Sept. 25.

AUSTRALIA'S unhesitating decision to take up arms with Great Britain and her allies was not the policy of a Government, but the decision of a calm and resolute people united in the defence of their democratic ideals. No political Party has dissented from that decision. Every section of the community has endorsed it, and the conversion of national life from peace to war conditions has been facilitated by a splendid spirit of co-operation and a determination to prepare calmly for whatever may eventuate.

It is generally assumed that the conflict may be a long one, and preparations for Australian participation have consequently been purposeful rather than spectacular. Nevertheless, much has been accomplished in the last three weeks, and with so little disturbance of the normal life of the community as to suggest that the nation is morally as well as materially well prepared for the ordeal.

In the political sphere, the war efforts of the Commonwealth and State Governments have been effectively co-ordinated. The Commonwealth Government has sought, and obtained, from Parliament exceptional powers for the duration of the war. As in England, the Opposition has decided to retain its identity instead of participating in a National Government, but it is collaborating closely with the Cabinet.

Service Abroad

At the last Imperial Conference it was agreed that Australia's first contribution to Empire defence was to make adequate provision for her own security. It now seems that a much greater contribution than this can be expected.

The Militia Army is enlisted for home defence. The Government has consequently decided to raise a volunteer force for service at home or abroad. Members of the Militia are eligible to enrol in this force, but recruits, who trained under the old system of compulsory universal service, are also available. In fact the response to the first appeal for recruits has so exceeded immediate requirements that a strict process of selection will be necessary. This is based on exacting standards of physical fitness, and on the principle of preference for single men between 20 and 35 years of age.

The Government has also announced its decision to enlist a voluntary Air Expeditionary Force to provide flying personnel for a number of squadrons to serve wherever required with the Royal Air Force. This will involve no depletion of the Royal Australian Air Force for home defence.

Economic Support

It is also evident that Australia's economic contribution will be of considerable importance. The British Government has already secured the whole Australian surplus of essential primary products, and the problem of disposing of the threatened glut of wheat and wool has automatically been solved. The rapid expansion of Australian secondary industries in recent years is also an important factor in the situation. No only does this reduce Australian demands on British factories, but it will enable Australia to supply the needs of other Dominions and colonial territories, thus enabling a greater proportion of British industries to concentrate on war production.

Loyal Aliens

The reaction of alien communities in Australia to the war reflects a surprising loyalty to the home of their adoption. Many Czech refugees have come to Australia in the last year, and they are joining together to assist a world-wide movement for the liberation of their own country. A similar effort is being organized by Poles in Australia, though they are not particularly numerous. On the other hand, the Italian community in Australia is a large one. Many of these Italians are applying for naturalization as Australian citizens, and representative organizations have addressed appeals to Signor Mussolini to collaborate with Great Britain or, at least, maintain a strict neutrality.

Before the outbreak of war German and Italian ships in Australian waters hastily disappeared. The Italian ships have since returned to pick up their cargoes and resume their normal schedules.

Control of News

Censorship of all communications has been imposed by the Government as a normal war precaution, but the powers of the censor are being exercised only in respect of reasonable military needs, and the Government has declared that it does not intend to restrict any legitimate news.

Newspapers are publishing at normal size, and there is no curtailment of news from independent sources. Nor has fair criticism of Government policy been restricted.

All broadcasting stations have remained on the air, and additional overseas news has been made available through the rebroadcasting of special news bulletins from the B.B.C. No restriction has been imposed on radio reception, and anyone with the necessary equipment is at liberty to listen to broadcasts from any part of the world—Germany included.

Two reasons seem to account for this policy. The first is the belief that no suppression of the truth is necessary to justify the British cause. The second was clearly set out in a recent speech by the Prime Minister, in which he declared that it was idle to take up arms in defence of democratic freedom if, under the stress of war, we abandoned at home the very things that we were fighting for. While the Government holds that opinion, co-operation between the censor and those engaged in providing the public with accurate and reliable news should not be difficult to maintain.

Pains in Back Gone in 3 Hours

If you suffer terrible, sharp pains or dull wearing down aches in back or sides, you can't get rid of these with ordinary medicines because you must kill the germs in your kidneys. Other symptoms of Kidney and Bladder Disorders are Scanty, Frequent and Painful Passages, Getting up Nights, Leg Pains, Lumbago, Nervousness, Headaches, Dizziness, Circles under Eyes and Rheumatism, poor Appetite and Energy, Swollen Ankles, etc.—Cystex ends these troubles by removing the cause—and starts benefits in 24 hours and completely stops troubles in 8 days. Get Cystex from any Chemist on Guarantee to put you right or money back. Act Now! In 24 hours you will feel better and be completely well in one week. The Guarantee protects you.

..Cystex

For Kidneys, Rheumatism, Bladder

Canadian Sails 6,000 Miles to Aid England

Enlists in Women's Land Army on Arrival

Joan West, whose home is in Vancouver, British Columbia, felt she had to do something to help in England. So she travelled 6,000 miles to London, found herself in Tothill-street, S.W., saw the Women's Land Army headquarters—and went in and joined.

She said to a "Daily Express" reporter: "I came over with the idea of doing hospital work, but the Land Army people are so friendly that I decided at once this would do very nicely for me."

Mrs. Walter Elliot, wife of the Minister of Health, signed on twenty-eight-year-old Joan. Now Joan will start her training on the land with a tractor-driving course.

She told the reporter about the life she has left in Vancouver, where her parents and fifteen-year-old sister live.

"For a time I took a job as an elevator-girl in a big store. After the elevator days came sweet making and running a shop—"but that went broke."

Finally she made bandages and dressings in a hospital. And now she is to put on the breeches, green pullover and soft hat of the Land Army.

She said: "If there's a war my father will be coming over—so I won't be alone."

ALTHOUGH some 150,000 tons of British shipping has been sunk, Lord Lloyd, president of the Seamen's Hospital Society, in appealing for funds for the Dreadnought Seamen's Hospital, Greenwich, said that no British crew has refused to put to sea.

With Dinner—Serve

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Whether you serve a wine with every course or one wine throughout — make Eschenauer your "buy-word" for delightful Graves, delicious Clarets, rich sweet Sauternes.

CHATEAU OLIVIER is a delicious dry, white Graves.

Eschenauer--specialists in fine Bordeaux wines since 1821.

West China, Tibet Bogged by Rain

Crops Affected; Tibetans And Fishing; Governor's War Campaign

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Sikang, Aug. 30.

West China and Eastern Tibet have been passing through one of the heaviest rainy seasons that we have seen for some years. Meadow lands have turned to bogs and marsh, and grain fields in this area have turned yellow from excess moisture rather than ripening in the normal way. Here at a very high altitude of nearly 12,000 feet, only one crop of small grain can be grown annually. High temperatures are unknown during the summer months when folks down in China are sweltering from the heat and coats and sweaters are necessarily welcome articles of apparel during the cool summer rainy season.

Small fish are plentiful in the valley streams, but Tibetans generally do no fishing. To most of them, it is probably considered a greater sin to kill fish than to take a human life. We have seen them catch fish and immediately throw the catch back into the water. One might even be re-incarnated as a fool later, were he to commit the grave offence now of killing and eating fish.

To the strains of martial music, trumpet, drum, and bagpipe, our Tibetan Governor recently returned with his troops from their campaign against the Ah Tong Wa down near Atuntze. The latter, assisted by robbers from over the Yangtze, had in the spring attacked the salt office in the Tsa Rong district and had stolen several rifles from the Tibetan soldiers stationed there. Later when the Tibetan Governor and his soldiers, assisted by the robber citizen soldiers of the Yen Chin lama magistrate marched against the Ah Tong villages, the robbers and peaceful citizens of those villages fled as one man, the robbers fleeing to their robber friends across the Yangtze, while the more respectable citizens fled for protection to Atuntze, among those who but a year ago they considered their mortal enemies.

Arbitration Ends Abruptly

Only a part of the guns were restored to the Tibetan military forces. The "Living Buddha" at the Atuntze lamasery offered his good offices in arbitrating the matter. While discussing the matter with representatives of both sides, an Ah Tong robber discharged his rifle at a Tibetan soldier. The bullet missed his intended victim, but the "living Buddha," greatly offended by this breach of military etiquette, retired in anger to his chamber, refusing to have any further part in the conference, and stating that the bullet had penetrated his own soul. He refused to see even his nearest friends and died of chagrin and grief several days later.

A little later the Tibetan Governor with his soldiers and their robber helpers from the Yen Chin district returned up country with the few rifles they were able to re-claim, and with cattle, grain, etc., taken as the spoils of war. It is said that the Yen Chin lama official and his robber soldiers came away with the lion's share of the plunder. Probably such is to be expected among a people whose blind spiritual guides are lovers of darkness rather than light, while they pose as perfected spiritual leaders.

Banditry Rife Round Interior Cities

Excellent Silk and Rice Crop Aids Population

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

The country immediately around this interior city, even up to the city gates, is in a state of complete turmoil. The Japanese are in no possible sense consolidating their gains, and few days pass without skirmishes of greater or less proportions. One Japanese sentry was shot at the principal gate of the city a few days ago, and several members of the "Japanese" Young Men's Association, were shot a day or two later. While order is excellently preserved inside the city walls, banditry, which was practically suppressed in this region prior to the present hostilities, is rife all over the country side.

Meanwhile the well known sturdy endurance of the native people has never shown to better advantage, and they await the ultimate outcome with incredible patience. The political storm has been tempered for these badly affected people by a very excellent rice crop, and an equally good silk crop. The price of the former is $18 a picul and of the latter $250 a picul. The wheat is also very fine, so that any farmer canny enough to take care of his profits in the face of the prevailing banditry and lawlessness, can look forward to a comfortable year.

The most pitiful of the city's population is composed of the widows and orphans of rickshaw coolies who left the city in the spring, most of whom have never returned, and were presumably killed in the severe fighting around a neighbouring town at that time. A recent survey shows about 400 of these unfortunate families, living in the direst poverty; an appeal for help for them has been made to the International Relief Association. The full report of the survey is not yet in, and it is not unlikely that it will ultimately show twice the 400 above mentioned.

Forty Die in Mexican Train Derailment

Mexico City, Oct. 23.

Trapped in a blazing goods truck, 40 persons met a horrible end today when two oil trains were derailed near Vera Cruz. The dead comprised 29 railway workers, six women and five children. The disaster is believed due to rain weakening the tracks. The flames spread so quickly there was no time to aid the occupants of the goods wagon.—Reuter.

King Sees Militiamen In Training

London, Oct. 23.

The King paid his first visit to the militia today, wearing the service uniform of a Field Marshal. He saw all phases of training during his tour of three barracks in the southern area.—Reuter.

Earl Browder Released On $10,000 Bail

New York, Oct. 23.

Earl Browder, Secretary-General of the American Communist Party, was released on posting bail of $10,000 today after his indictment by the Federal Grand Jury for using false passports.—Havas.

STURDY CHILDREN

Fresh air, exercise and play are essential to the health of all growing children, but there is another thing of importance in maintaining their health—Baby's Own Tablets.

Even the healthiest children now and then get off-colour, and it is then that Baby's Own Tablets are so helpful. For infants and children up to about twelve years of age this ideal children's medicine will be found thoroughly efficacious in cases of disordered stomach, constipation, wind, colic, diarrhœa, vomiting. Furthermore, Baby's Own Tablets soothe teething pains almost as if by magic, allay feverishness, ease colds, expel worms.

The tablets are pleasant to take and contain no ingredients liable to affect adversely the delicate internal organs of even the youngest child. They are the prescription of a doctor, for many years a children's specialist, and are kept constantly at hand by wise parents in tens of thousands of homes all over the world. Chemists everywhere sell

Baby's Own Tablets

For children of all ages.

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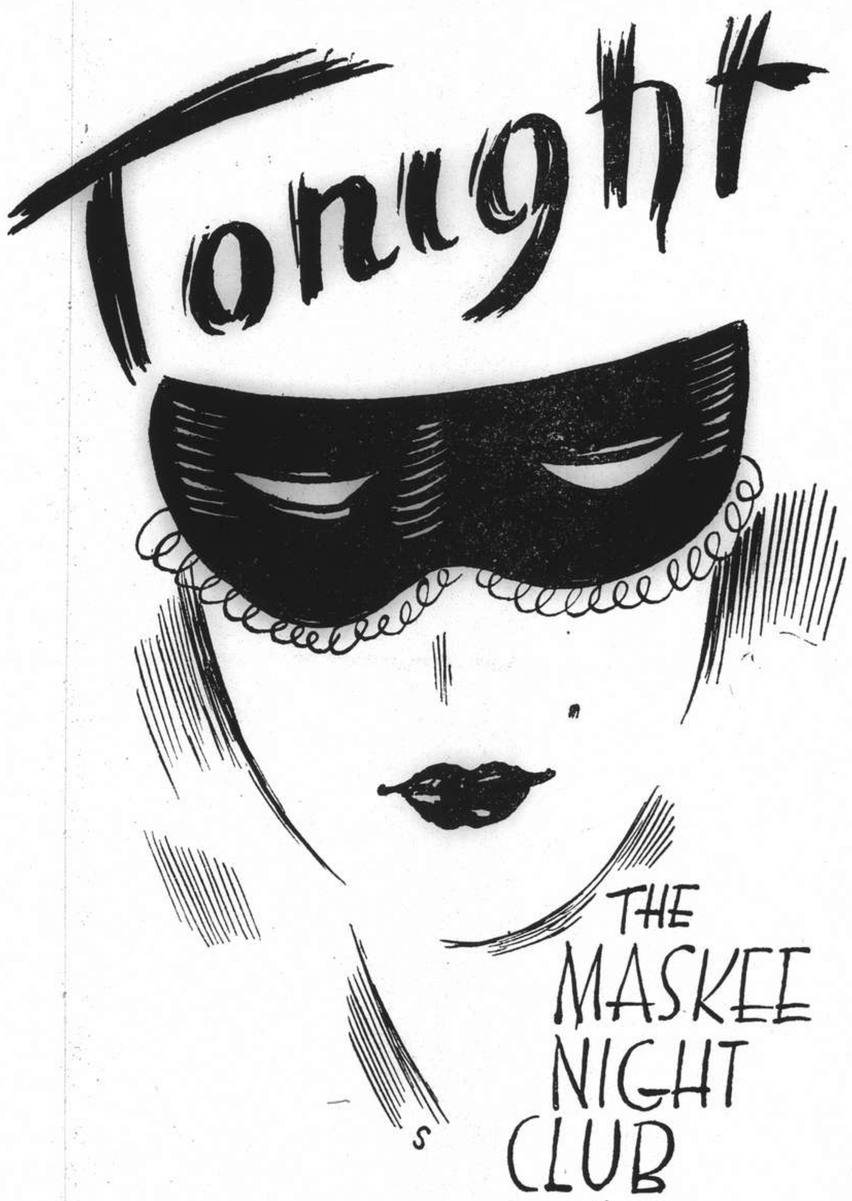

Reopening at 10 *Newly Decorated*

THE SPORTS PAGE

Fine Week-end of Yachting In Lower Whangpoo

Mignon's Two Legs on Rear-Commodore's Trophy; Daphne's Similar Win in Fifth Minghong Series

THE second week-end's sailing off Admiral Jellicoe proved even more successful than the first, and once again members who stayed aboard her on Saturday night were loud in their praise of her comfortable quarters and of their pleasant week-end away from the grime and noise of the city.

The programme comprised the 5th Minghong Series for "C" Class in two legs and also special triangular racing for "A" Class which will be repeated in two weeks time for a new trophy donated by the Rear Commodore. The latter, who has been away from Shanghai, found himself chairman of the Admiral Jellicoe sub-Committee, and on Sunday came aboard to view his new charge about which he was most enthusiastic.

There was an excellent turnout, nine "C" Class yachts starting and four "A" Class yachts, whilst four cruisers were anchored just down stream, so that the scene on the foredeck was reminiscent of Minghong.

Ideal Sailing Conditions

The weather was kind, not too cold, and a steady breeze from the east north east made ideal sailing conditions. At 11.20 a.m. "C" Class were despatched on a double triangular course identical to that of a fortnight ago. Nine yachts manœuvred to a good start in which C7, C2 and C6 got away first. After rounding the markboat and No. 3 Buoy C2 luffed C6 so firmly that C15, who had picked up a few places, came through to lee and gained second place on the reach down to the line.

All yachts gybed on the run down to No. 2 Buoy from where a reach and a beat brought them back to the start in much the same order except that C6 went firmly aground below the markboat and a near mutiny aboard compelled her skipper (R.P.M. Mann) to immerse himself up to his armpits to push her off.

Some excellent and exciting sailing saw C15 come up to lee of C7 at No. 3 Buoy on the second time round and hold her course thereby establishing a lead which was not threatened thereafter. C10 came up to 3rd place behind C7. J. H. Ford making a re-appearance from Wuhu and sailing C13 broke a spreader and had to retire: whilst C11 after some vicissitudes got involved with C10 and a protest was entered.

"A" Class Gets Underway

Meantime "A" Class starting ten minutes after "C" Class went once round a longer course taking in the dredger off Kiaochow Creek to port, through the line, No. 2 Buoy to starboard, and No. 36 mooring buoy below the Power Station. Viking had the best start with Seagull to windward, but Mignon overhauled both yachts sailing through their lee and rounding the dredger first gained a tremendous lead which was never challenged. Balloon jibs were set to the line, and a reach down to the lower mark and a single tack back saw Ingomar pass Viking and Seagull to take second place.

After a large tiffin party on the Admiral Jellicoe the four "A" Class yachts were despatched for their second leg at 2.30 p.m. round the same course under conditions almost the same as the morning leg. Mignon however, made no mistake at the start and established an immediate lead which she held throughout.

The order of finishing was exactly the same as the morning race but times were much closer. After correction of handicaps no change was necessary. This series will be continued on November 5 and it is hoped there will be additional competition for this new trophy.

Daphne Takes Series

The second leg of "C" Class Series was started at 2.40 p.m. but this time was only once round the course. Daphne again won thus taking the series, but C10 and C7 exchanged places, and thus finished bracketed second. Results below hold good for the first four yachts but the placings of the remaining five yachts depend upon the outcome of the protest against C11 which finished 4th in the afternoon race.

The wind remained fair, and by 3.45 p.m. the larger yachts started for home, and the Club motor boat bringing up "C" Class owners at the staff ended a memorable day's racing. The club committee and the sub-committee responsible are to be congratulated on their work over Admiral Jellicoe which is now a proven success. Cmdr. Elliott's generous loan is a great stroke of fortune to the Club.

Rear Commodore's Trophy

1ST LEG—START 11.30 A.M.

	Elapsed	H'cap	Corrected
Mignon, Dalton	1.15.45	0.06.18¾	1.09.26¼
Ingomar, Hart	1.20.30	0.01.20½	1.19.09½
Viking, Neil	1.23.40	0.04.11	1.19.29
Seagull, Evans	1.23.49	0.02.57	1.25.52

2ND LEG—START 2.30 P.M.

Mignon, Lobb	0.57.03	0.04.45	0.52.23
Ingomar, Hart	1.01.05	0.01.01	1.00.04
Viking, Neil	1.06.05	0.03.18	1.02.47
Seagull, Kenyon	1.06.08	0.02.12	1.03.56

Fifth Minghong Series

1ST LEG—START 11.20 A.M.

	Time	Pts.
C15 Daphne, J. D. Riddell	55.00	14¼
C7 Bridget, W. D. Pearson	56.02	13
C10 Zuleika, J. C. Clavering	1.00.49	12
C6 Sun Lee, R. P. M. Mann	1.02.50	11
C2 Leda, A. O. Whitehouse	1.04.33	10
C14 Shimurali, C. W. Macpherson	1.07.57	9
C11 Catharine, C. C. Todd	1.08.28	8
C12 Star of Eve, J. R. Blaikie	1.08.37	7
C13 Eileen, J. H. Ford, Broke cross-tree. Did not finish.		

2ND LEG—START 2.40 P.M.

C15 Daphne, D. Webb	35.00	14¼
C10 Zuleika, J. C. Clavering	35.39	13
C7 Bridget, W. D. Pearson	37.00	12
C11 Catharine, R. L. Evans	37.20	11
C12 Star of Eve, J. R. Blaikie	38.10	10
C6 Sun Lee, R. P. M. Mann	38.45	9
C13 Eileen, J. H. Ford	39.05	8
C2 Leda, A. O. Whitehouse	40.15	7
C14 Shimurali, C. W. Macpherson	40.50	6

FINAL PLACINGS

Daphne	14¼	Points
Bridget	12½	"
Zuleika	12½	"
Sun Lee	11	"
Catharine	10	"
Leda	8½	"
Star of Eve	8½	"
Shimurali	7	"
Eileen	6	"

Offer for Luckman

New York, Oct. 24.

Final rejection of the Brooklyn Dodgers offer of US$15,000 for Sid Luckman, Columbia's all-American passer of last year, was made by George Halas, owner-coach of the Chicago Bears, before the westerners left for home last night.—United Press.

Basketball at Navy Y.M.C.A.

Three Games Played in Colonel Cates Trophy Competition

Headquarters Fourth and "B" Company continued to win in the Colonel Cates Basketball League at the Navy Y.M.C.A. when they defeated the "D" and "E" Companies, respectively, 29 to 21 and 38 to 30. Both winning teams finished their first halves with comfortable margins.

"D" Company five rallied furiously in the second half and actually outscored their opponents but the loss in the previous session was too big to overcome. Rozier starred for the Headquarters, with seven field goals and two foul throws to his credit.

Scoring six goals from the field Roles paced the "B" Company team. Grow counted five times and the points made by these two men were enough to defeat "E" Company side who netted a total of 20.

In another contest the U.S.S. Augusta "B" five staged a sensational comeback in the second half against "H" Company. The team trailed by 12-4 in the first period, but came to life after resumption and tallied no fewer than 33 points against "H" Company's 20. Willard, centre, was the chief scorer, gaining seven baskets and was the tower of strength in that second half.

The Results

"B" COMPANY

	fg.	ft.	f.	pts
Roles, rf.	6	0	1	12
Finkel, rf.	0	0	1	0
Grow, lf.	5	0	0	10
Ashley, c.	3	0	0	6
Stewart, c.	0	0	0	0
Hohnston, rg.	0	0	1	0
Maccaffery, rg.	1	0	0	2
Honsowetz, lg.	4	0	2	8
Conrad, lg.	0	0	0	0
	19	0	5	38

"E" COMPANY

Barton, rf.	3	1	1	8
Popravak, lf.	3	2	0	8
Ramsey, c.	0	0	1	0
Bolding, rg.	0	0	0	0
Bikowski, rg.	1	0	0	2
Turnbull, lg.	2	1	0	5
	8	4	2	20

AUGUSTA "B"

	fg.	ft.	f.	pts.
Barnes, rf.	3	1	1	7
Speiss, lf.	2	6	1	10
Athkinso, lf.	2	2	3	6
Ford, c.	1	1	1	3
Barker, rg.	1	0	3	2
Hurst, rg.	1	0	0	2
Chirdon, lg.	0	0	1	0
Tierney, lg.	3	1	2	7
	13	11	12	37

"H" COMPANY

Leadon, rf.	1	0	0	2
Robinson, rf.	3	3	1	9
Lamp, lf.	0	0	1	0
Sarten, lf.	1	1	2	3
Willard, c.	7	2	1	16
Johnson, rg.	0	1	2	1
Tootle, rg.	0	0	1	0
Stanaland, lg.	0	1	4	1
Winecoff, lg.	0	0	3	0
	12	8	15	32

HEADQUARTERS 4TH

	fg.	ft.	f.	pts.
Campbell, rf.	0	0	2	0
Rozier, lf.	7	2	0	16
Carmichael, c.	2	2	4	6
Spicer, c.	0	0	1	0
Townsley, rg.	1	1	0	3
Mobley, rg.	0	0	0	0
Montwill, lg.	1	0	0	2
Roark, lg.	1	0	1	2
	12	5	8	29

"D" COMPANY

Estes, rf.	6	0	1	12
Britton, lf.	0	0	0	0
Campbell, lf.	0	0	0	0
Wiggins, lf.	0	0	2	0
Davis, c.	2	2	1	6
Blondin, rg.	0	1	0	1
Earker, lg.	1	0	0	2
Blais, lg.	0	0	0	0
	9	3	4	21

Former Shanghai Boy May Play in Manila

Jim Ferrier Possible Philippines Entry

Manila, Oct. 24.

Jim Ferrier, Shanghai son of a famous golfer and who has won the Australian Open golf title for the past two years, may invade Manila in January to compete against leading American, Australian, Japanese and local golfers in the Philippine Open championship, Mr. H. J. Belden, president of the Wack Wack Golf Country Club, announced today.

Several American and Australian professionals in addition to numerous Japanese professional golfers are expected to play in the annual local series on January 5, 6, 7, the stake for which this year has been raised to U.S.$5,000.

Ferrier, amateur golfer who learned to play the game in Shanghai from his father, former Shanghai champion, has indicated his willingness to come here, but whether he will definitely make the trip is not yet known.

Al Zimmerman and Emery Zimmerman, well-known golfing brothers of Portland, Oregon, "Jug" McSpaden, who won this year's Canadian Open by defeating Ralph Guldahl, Harry Cooper and a few other American golfers have accepted invitations, Mr. Belden said, but some of them may not make the trip.

The well-known Australian pro, Norman von Vida, who won the Philippine Open for the past two years, is returning to defend his title. Other Australian contenders include Eric Cremin, who participated last January, and also either Ferrier or Sam Richardson, former Australian champion.—United Press.

Opening of Duck Pins Season

Nine Matches Played on Various Alleys; Columbia Club Lose Twice

The Shanghai Duck Pins League commenced last night with three matches in the "A" Division and six in the Second. The Foreign Y.M.C.A. and the Fourth U. S. Marines, both playing at home alleys, ran out easy winners in the senior competition by taking the two teams from the Columbia Country Club into camp without the loss of a single game. The "Y" trounced the "Acorns" while the Marines overcame the Oaks.

The second game between the Marines and the Oaks ended with both sides netting 503 pins. A play-off took place which was won by the service men, thus enabling the latter to take all three games.

Kleffel, who made his re-appearance for the "Y" after an absence of more than one season, turned in the best triple of 355. He was closely followed by his teammate, Kohnert, who gained 353. Kohnert, however, rolled the highest single of 139 in the third frame.

For the Marines, Fiori was the star, registering a triple of 344 after showing consistent form throughout the night's play.

At the Shanghai Race Club the American Club emerged victors by the odd game in three after a close fight with the homesters. The visitors started off slow and dropped the opening game. All the bowlers, with the exception of Smith, scored over the 300. Carson did the best job, making a triple of 330. For the Race Club, Pote-Hunt showed up best and was the only one to exceed the 300, scoring 341.

Play in the "B" Division was extremely close with five of the matches ending with a score of 2-1. The Marine "Reds" were the only team to win by straight games, defeating the C.C.C. "Bears" with losing a single game although the score was a narrow one.

Bowling Results

FOREIGN Y.M.C.A.

Kohnert	106	108	139	353
Inwood	100	92	94	286
Gonsalves	95	94	100	289
Kleffel	117	121	117	355
Butler	112	92	114	318
	530	507	564	1,601

C.C.C. ACORNS

Huebner	102	105	90	297
Nance	94	86	87	267
Caldwell	100	92	98	290
Hilden	113	101	116	330
Squires	91	93	118	302
	500	477	507	1,484

U.S. MARINES

Messersmith	118	108	91	317
Krencicki	116	94	83	293
Keyes	89	100	109	298
Fiori	113	117	114	344
Dolinsek	125	84	104	313
	561	503	501	1,565

C.C.C. OAKS

Henningsen	97	108	90	295
Laidlaw	95	96	77	268
Gray	101	104	89	294
Dalton	99	94	98	291
Bourne	86	101	125	312
	478	503	479	1,460

RACE CLUB

Xavier	84	85	111	280
Kew	102	103	94	299
Neathren	101	83	102	286
Watton	107	97	89	293
Pote-Hunt	112	120	109	341
	506	488	505	1,499

AMERICAN CLUB

Smith	85	95	93	273
Klovekorn	93	106	107	311
Robinson	92	116	94	302
Deegan	106	102	92	300
Carson	99	105	126	330
	480	524	512	1,516

Following were the scores in the "B" Division:

MAPLE SECTION

"Y" Flukes (1)	502	457	457	1,416
"Y" Luckies (2)	482	477	478	1,439
R.C. "Strikes" (2)	462	489	505	1,456
Marine Officers (1)	512	485	466	1,513
Marine "Reds" (3)	518	514	491	1,523
C.C.C. "Bears" (0)	460	485	470	1,415

PINE SECTION

Marine "Whites" (1)	458	459	501	1,433
"Y" Horseshoes" (2)	454	465	575	1,434
American Club (1)	461	465	438	1,364
C.C.C. "Bulls" (2)	474	455	499	1,428
R.C. "Spares" (2)	486	487	458	1,431
Marine "Blues" (1)	484	462	476	1,422

Shanghai Chess Championship

The first round of the Shanghai Chess Championship and classified tournaments will start at 8 p.m., today, at the International Chess Club. More than 70 participants, including practically all of the strongest players of Shanghai in all grades, will compete during the next three months in these tournaments to which the local chess community is looking forward with the liveliest interest.

The draw for the first round is as follows:—

Championship:—Poliakoff, Ely, Lippiner, Zerkovitz, Weiss, Serejnikoff, Kosovsky, Galkin, Jiritsky, Shishkin, Wagner, Krouk, Stasinevitch, and Harnik bye.

Major "A":—Efimoff, Panchenko, Fineland, Rogoff, Favstritsky, Erkku, Kollek, Pneff, Sabouroff, Ross, Boidman, Spitzer, Skobiaeff, Froelich, Odintseff, Schultzer, Baromidze, Shiffston, Orjelick, Haritonoff, Williams, and Abrosimoff bye.

Major "B":—Poate, Lockhart, Koptilin, Lukianoff, Shamavsky, Mandel, Oksus, Kobejsky, Pennecard, Wrany, Karatseff, Roundniansky, Vinokuroff, Karmiloff, Galkin, Lange, Orishak, Luchich, Keijola, Braun, and Tokmakoff bye.

Minor:—Ivanoff, Pollack, Beldin, Uvadieff, Moknieff, Vinogradoff, Assey, Kohlhauser, Kleiman, Tonnochy, Schneider, Cherosirtoff, Price, Ceattell.

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Football Outlook at Home

Government Allows Grounds and Other Places of Entertainment in Neutral Areas Privileges

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

London, Sept. 20.

THE Government has now decided to permit football grounds and other places of entertainment in neutral and reception areas to re-open but they must not remain open later than 10 p.m. Greyhound racing grounds are also included.

Only friendly football matches can be played. All the big professional Leagues have been wound up and junior competitions are similarly affected. Grounds of Football League club on which play is permissible are:—

Aldershot, Barnsley, Blackpool, Blackburn, Barow, Bolton, Bournemouth, Brighton, Bristol, Bury, Burnley, Carlisle, Cardiff, Crewe, Chesterfield, Darlington, Doncaster, Exeter, Grimsby, Halifax, Huddersfield, Ipswich, Leicester, Luton, Lincoln, Mansfield, Nottingham, Norwich, Northampton, Newport, Oldham, Plymouth, Preston, Port Vale, Reading, Rochdale, Stoke, Sunderland, Swansea, Southend, Swindon, Southport, Stockport, Torquay, Wolverhampton, Watford, Wrexham, York.

Here is the official notification by Mr. S. F. Rous, the F. A. Secretary:—

"Friendly matches at which it is not anticipated a large crowd will congregate may be played in areas not specified in the official list, provided sanction is first obtained from local police headquarters. Persons residing in districts in which places of entertainment remain closed are urged not to make journeys by motor-car for the purpose of attending places of entertainment in other districts, and all members of the public are urged not to use their motor-cars simply for the purpose of entertainment, particularly if that would involve their being on the road after nightfall."

Now the clubs know where they stand. Contracts between clubs, players and official are automatically suspended under Rule 27 of the F. A. Of course, the present decision could be varied if the Government at any time considered that amusements for all classes besides the forces are desirable. Clubs are treating their players in the proper spirit. Most of them are paying the week's wages due before the F.A. decree came into force. Liverpool paid out but only 9 of the 31 players turned up for their wage packet. The other 22 are in the Army and their wages were sent on to them. All Everton's players turned up at Goodison Park and went through full training routine. The Luton directors, beside paying the wages, told the players their contracts would be renewed as soon as possible. West Bromwich Albion officials went a step further. They appealed to Midland employers at works of national importance to help them in placing players in positions for which they were suited.

I think many clubs, even some quite well known, will go under during the war, not a few having overdrafts which probably would now be called in.

No one quite knows what is the position of season ticket-holders, who have paid in advance for the present autumn and winter. Will they get their money back? It is doubtful. The action of Oldham Rugby League club in deciding not to return the £800 which they had received for season tickets before the season started has raised an interesting problem. Some League clubs have a handsome source of revenue from season tickets and really cannot afford to refund the money. For example, take Brentford. They have spent £11,000 on transfer fees and summer wages and with only one home gate of £600 to recompense them will be hard hit if compelled to pay out more money. The Oldham president, Mr. J. Parkinson, hit the nail on the head when he said: "We must appeal to our members to make this sacrifice. The club have had only one home gate of £144 and have spent £3.000 in the last eight months on eight first-team players."

Future of Golf

Although golf competitions on a national scale are impracticable under present conditions, tournaments organized by individual clubs or small district associations would be valuable aids to recreation for the public and would help the war effort in many indirect ways.

This is the view of Major Percy Burton, former president of the English Golf Union, who stated recently that he would welcome a resumption of competitive play on a limited scale. "Golf is a splendid relaxation and anything we can do to provide distraction of this kind must be done, so long as it does not interfere with the national interests." he said. "I would like to see golf clubs and bodies like the county alliances promoting small competitions, the entrance fees for which should be devoted to charities. If sweepstakes are organized, a percentage of the winnings also should go to charity. Such competitions would keep golf clubs going and many elderly greenkeepers and professionals, as well as clubhouse servants over military age, would thereby be able to keep themselves employed."

T.H. Cotton, the British Ryder Cup captain, suggests that Britain's leading professionals should play exhibition matches in aid of war charities "I am convinced that golf can play an important part," said Cotton, "and I am quite willing to play matches in any part of the country against my brother professionals, with the gate-money going to deserving causes. It is up to all of us to do what we can to entertain the public."

An Emergency Committee will carry on necessary work of the Ladies' Golf Union during the period of the war. Handicap managers' work is to be in abeyance, and the L.G.U. handicaps at the outbreak of war will come into force again at the conclusion of the war. All official competitions, including championships, international marches, and tours, county matches and finals. Coronation medals, silver and bronze medals and finals, silver and bronze challenge bowl meetings, and international match brooch competitions are automatically cancelled for the duration of the war.

Golf Clubs in Wartime

One or two golf clubs in the London area have been taken over for other purposes but Walton Heath, Ashridge, Royal Wimbledon, Stoke Poges, Addington, Royal Mid-Surrey and others have now stated that their courses and club-houses are still open but that at the moment there is "very little doing." Club competitions have been temporarily suspended, but some clubs hope to arrange sweepstakes for Service and civilian golfers in their districts. The Addington club have decided to close their main club-house, but arrangements are already in hand for the erection of temporary premises. At some clubs the staff has been depleted by the calls of National Service, but voluntary workers are taking care of greenkeeping and other duties.

We had one Rugby League match on September 9th. The New Zealand team which a week earlier had beaten St. Helens, won their second match of a tour curtailed by the war at Dewsbury, when they beat the local team by five goals, four tries, to two goals, two tries. The honours went to Dewsbury in the first half. They repeatedly got possession and the New Zealanders had plenty of chasing to do. In the second half the visitors were supreme.

Boxer Gets Concussion

Buenos Aires, Oct. 24.

Valentin Campolo, Argentine heavyweight, was in a hospital here Monday following a brain concussion suffered in his fight with Alberto Lovell, South American champion. The fight was declared no contest.—United Press.

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CAPITOL
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40c., 60c., 80c., $1.10
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Joan BLONDELL, Pat O'BRIEN
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550 Av. Joffre
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TO-DAY! DUKE OF WEST POINT
Louis HAYWARD, Joan FONTAINE
Friday and Saturday: Persons in Hiding

Rugby Practice On Saturday

Opportunity to Play for All Who Are Willing to Put in Appearance

Another practice rugby game will be played this Saturday afternoon on the Race Course, when two well selected sides will meet at 3 p.m. The purpose of this match, which will be played in 20-minute or so halves, will be solely to allow members of the Shanghai Rugby Union Football Club to assume shape gradually. It is emphasized that since this encounter is in the nature of a practice in which the scoring of points will be of secondary consideration, any player has not been picked who puts in an appearance will be given the opportunity to take part, so that during the course of the game the selected teams are likely at times to undergo drastic changes.

In the event of there being sufficent players available to make a second game possible, the adjoining pitch will be utilized for another match. It is in the interest of all players, therefore, to turn up in large numbers. Changing facilities will be available in the premises of the Shanghai Cricket Club.

The sides selected and which will start the game are:—

Colours:—J. L. R. Mair I. M. Hutchison, W. E. Grieve, D. R. Campbell, O. P. Edwards; A. Thomas, R. L. St. Louis; W. D. Pearson, D. M. Wheeler, R. A. O. Mayne, P. B. Tay, J. B. Stewart, C. F. Pow, J. R. Blaikie, W. V. K. Chadwick.

Whites:—B. R. Brown; P. J. A. Innes, A. P. D. Kennedy, R. N. Bryant, J. W. M. Martin; I. F. Aucott, J. R. Dickinson; G. G. Brown, A. M. Kennedy, R. U. Reynolds, F. J. Knightly, G. H. Reynolds, J. W. Chapman, W. N. Dickson, I. A. MacLagan.

Referee:—Mr. E. R. West.

New Players to Turn Out

As will be observed a number of these members are newcomers. Prominent among them is V. N. Dickson, who will be seen out among the White forwards. He has performed in good class circles at home and a couple of years ago played for Selangor in Malaya as well representing northern Malaya against the southern Malaya XV. He previously played as a fullback, but being an extremely powerfully-built individual of over fourteen stones will be a definite asset to the Shanghai pack if it is decided to keep him there.

J. B. Stewart and F. J. Knightly have not previously played in this city their performances will be watched with interest. W. E. Grieve, however, who recently returned to Shanghai after a lapse of a few years, is quite well-known. He has played Interport rugger for both Shanghai and Hongkong and thoroughly deserves the high reputation he enjoys as a thrustful and attacking threequarter, whose defence is up to a high standard.

Commercial Softball League

The following softball games have been fixed for the week-end:—

SATURDAY
2.30 p.m. C. of C. v. Bakerite
3.30 p.m. Bankers and Brokers v. Communications.

SUNDAY
10.00 a.m. Insurance v. Bakerite.
11.00 a.m. B.A.T. v. C. of C.
12.00 noon Texaco v. Bankers and Brokers.
1.00 p.m. Communications v. American Express.

LAFAYETTE CINEMA
323 R. Lafayette Tel. 81200
To-day at 3, 5, 7 and 9 p.m.
Chester Morris
Frances Mercer in
"Smashing the Rackets"
Admission 33 and 44 cts.

CANIDROME
TO-DAY AT 5 30 P.M

Moulin Rouge
Night Club
Watch for the Opening!

HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY at 7.30 p.m.
Events 1-8:
1. JUANITO
2. IBARRA
3. LACA
4. URBIETA
5. ARTIA
6. GERARDO
Events 9-16:
1. GUERNICA
2. GARATE
3. ASTI
4. PEDRO
5. ACHA
6. BARRUTI

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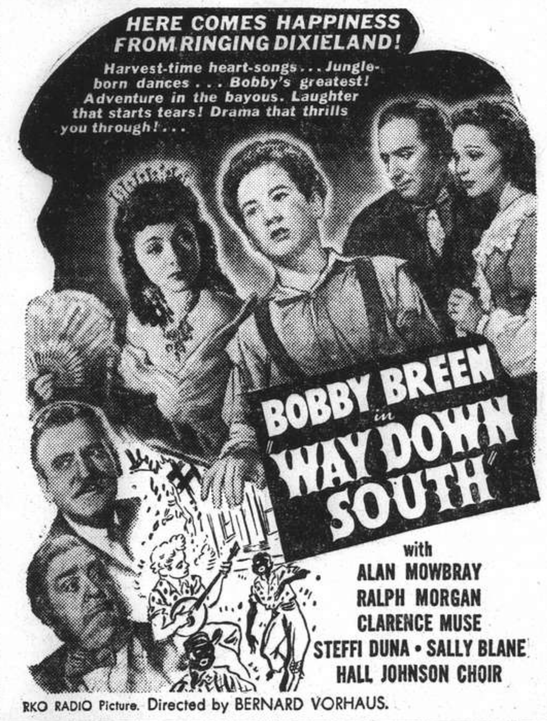
Opens TO-DAY! at 2.30, 5.30 & 9 p.m.
20,000,000 Fans Follow Them Daily in The Funnies
Now You See Them on The Screen!

Based on the Comic Strip by Chic Young
The nation's favorite family in all their laughable, lovable adventures.
Blondie
PENNY SINGLETON
ARTHUR LAKE
LARRY SIMMS
GENE LOCKHART
Screen play by Richard Flournoy
Directed by FRANK R. STRAYER
A Columbia Picture
70 cts., $1.10, $1.60 80 cts., $1.10, $1.60 85 cts., $1.30, $1.60, $2.10

NEXT CHANGE!
HERE COMES HAPPINESS FROM RINGING DIXIELAND!
Harvest-time heart-songs... Jungle-born dances... Bobby's greatest! Adventure in the bayous. Laughter that starts tears! Drama that thrills you through!...



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RALPH MORGAN
CLARENCE MUSE
STEFFI DUNA • SALLY BLANE
HALL JOHNSON CHOIR
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you''ll love him more than ever
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You'll say, "Mickey Rooney is Huck Finn!" For Mark Twain's impish and immortal boy hero now comes to the screen, as big as life, in an unforgettable picture of laughter, thrills, heart-throbs!
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE
with
WALTER CONNOLLY
WILLIAM FRAWLEY • REX INGRAM • LYNNE CARVER
JO ANN SAYERS
Screen Play by HUGO BUTLER
Directed by RICHARD THORPE
Produced by JOSEPH L. MANKIEWICZ
WATCH FOR IT!

New U.S. Stand in Far East

Mr. Grew's Address in Tokyo Seen by Observers In Washington as Stiffening Attitude

Washington, Oct. 24.

THE frank warning issued to Japan in Tokyo last week by the United States Ambassador, Mr. Joseph Grew, is merely the first step in the stiffening of America's attitude toward Japanese encroachement on American rights and interests in China, informed quarters reported last night.

The Government does not appear to be in a hurry to reveal the behind the scenes reasons for Mr. Grew's unparalleled speech until the Japanese reaction to the Ambassador's warning has been fully studied.

It was regarded significant here that although State Department officials said Mr. Grew was speaking for himself, there was no indication from any Government source that his remarks touched any chord of disapproval here.

Not even the Senate isolationists have raised any objection to Mr. Grew's frank warning to Japan that the American public is opposed to the Japanese "new order in East Asia," and that only a change in Japan's policies in the Orient can remedy tense Japanese-American relations.

Congressional leaders favouring stiff action against Japan, on the other hand, reiterated their intention yesterday of reviving an embargo and other penalty bills against Japan.

"From Horse's Mouth"

Washington officials are wondering whether Japan will draw back from the "horse's mouth" which Mr. Grew opened. Mr Grew, it was recalled, said the sentiments expressed in his Tokyo speech came "straight from the horse's mouth." This obviously implied that the serious views expressed were those of President Roosevelt.

There is little doubt here that Mr. Grew spoke with official approbation and that the United States, in lieu of results from Mr. Grew's speech, is prepared to use "more persuasive means" of forcing Japan to accord fair treatment to Americans and their interests in Japanese occupied areas of China.

Informed observers here agree that the State Department's method of approach to the Japanese crisis has been overhauled in the past fortnight. They agree that the United States is in a far better position to "talk up" to Japan than it was several weeks ago. The United States, it is believed, is now in a position to bargain with Japan as an individual nation and a needy one.

The change in Japan's position, it was pointed out, hinges on the collapse of the Anti-Comintern Pact which isolated Japan diplomatically. In addition, it was pointed out, President Roosevelt is believed to have restrained his hand against Japan prior to the outbreak of the European war in the fear that a Japanese-American crisis in the Pacific might prompt Chancellor Adolf Hitler to move in Europe.

U.S. May Assume Firmer Stand

With the war already in progress in Europe, and hope of mediation waning, the United States now may assume a firmer stand in the Far East without fear of additional serious European complications, observers believe.

Recurring American threats of an embargo against the shipment to Japan of American raw materials capable of being converted into military use also is of major concern in Tokyo today and improves America's bargaining position, it is believed.

Senator Lewis B. Schwellenbach, Democrat of Washington and author of a proposal to declare a raw material embargo against Japan, said yesterday that he was planning to push his proposal at the next regular session of Congress in January. The Japanese-American trade treaty of 1911, recently abrogated by the United States, will have expired by that time.

Sponsors of similar projects both in the Senate and House of Representatives have signified their intention to renew the subject in January.

Senator Arthur Vandenberg, Republican of Michigan and possible Republican Presidential candidate in 1940, declined to comment yesterday when asked whether he would revive his resolution to reconvene the Brussels Conference to discuss Japan's repeated violations of the Nine Power Treaty.

Congressional circles reflected the "almost unanimous" sentiment against Japan's policy in China of which Mr. Grew told the Japanese nation last week.

"More Persuasive Means"

Observers here believed the "more persuasive means" which the State Department may adopt against Japan will lie first in the economic field.

The new U.S. High Commissioner for the Philippines, Mr. Francis B. Sayre, it was recalled, told the press in Shanghai that discussion of a new Japanese-American trade treaty to replace the one which expires in January would be impossible under present conditions in the Far East.

Significance was attached here to Mr. Sayre's statement because of the high position he held with the State Department until his appointment to his new Manila post.

Observers here noted that the first Japanese reaction to Mr. Grew's speech was on the whole uncompromising, an attitude expected to prompt the State Department to more direct methods of bringing home to Japan and the Japanese public the new attitude being assumed by the United States in the Far East.

Attack on U.S. Intelligence

The statement made by the Japanese Foreign Office spokesman in Tokyo yesterday, it was pointed out, was in effect an attack on the intelligence of the American people rather than a reply to Mr. Grew's charges that Japanese authorities were attacking American rights and interests in China and subjecting American nationals to indignities and bombings at the risk of their lives.

Informed quarters here emphasize that the policy now being followed by the United States in the Far East is nothing new and that its main points have been communicated to Japan frequently in the past two years.

The new feature of the policy, it was said, is the decision to adopt "more effective means" of holding the American position in the Orient if Japan continues to ignore America's rights and interests in China.—United Press.

Acid Comment on Mr. Grew's Speech

North China Japanese Say "Not Up to Expectations; More Expected"

Peiping, Oct. 24.

After refusing to comment for some days on the outspoken speech of Mr. Joseph C. Grew, American Ambassador in Tokyo, indicting the Japanese army in China, the Japanese military spokesman has finally broken his silence with a somewhat acid comment.

He said the official view of the Japanese army was that, while appreciating Mr. Grew's frankness, they had expected something more.

They failed to find in the speech anything about what Mr. Grew had done in the course of his duty as Ambassador to Japan in the way of presenting to the American Government and people the viewpoint of the people of Japan—perhaps it was not too much to ask what he had done in this direction.

The spokesman asserted that the damage done to the rights and property of Americans in China was not done deliberately—conditions in these hostilities did not permit the prevention of all conflicts between American interests and Japanese activities, but their policy was to respect such rights and interests.

Asked if the efforts to establish closed economy in China conformed with this, the spokesman declared that the formation of an economic bloc was started by Britain against Japanese exports.

Japan, he added, had taken action in China because she had to live.—Reuter.

Mr. Hull Denies Knowledge

Washington, Oct. 24.

State Secretary Cordell Hull asserted today that he had no information on the nature of the parleys which are to be held shortly by Admiral Nomura, Japanese Foreign Minister, and Joseph Clark Grew, U.S. Ambassador to Tokyo.

Japanese press dispatches claimed that the talks would centre about chances of a new American-Japanese trade agreement to replace the commercial accord which the United States denounced on July 26. This accord expires on January 26, next year.

Mr. Hull specified today that he did not know whether Admiral Nomura would raise the question of a new trade accord.—Havas.

U.S. Supreme Court Denies Appeals

Medical Association Fails on Anti-Trust Review Plea

Washington, Oct. 24.

The Supreme Court yesterday refused to review a plea for the dismissal of anti-trust indictments against the American Medical Association and some of its officers and subsidiaries. No opinion was given explaining the action.

The Court also refused to review a new challenge to President Roosevelt's emergency gold powers instigated by the British-American Tobacco Co., and declined to review a copyright decision giving the Houghton Mifflin Publishing Company a virtual monopoly for distribution of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's "Mein Kampf" in the United States.

The Supreme Court denied the appeal of Mrs. Corinne Griffith Marshall, actress of the silent screen, to review a decision denying her the recovery of an alleged tax overpayment in 1930.

The British-American Tobacco Company suit sought $4,331,509 plus interest from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, representing the difference between $20.67 per ounce paid when the concern turned over its gold possessions and the later price of $35 per ounce. Previously a Federal District Court had dismissed the action and a Circuit Court affirmed the decision.—United Press.

U.S. Aid Asked to Fight Disease in China

Hongkong, Oct. 24.

Following an appeal to the United States to aid in the suppression of disease in the southern provinces of China, Dr. Robert S. Brown, American adviser to the Chinese National Health Administration, arrived here yesterday after a survey of Yunnan province where malaria is prevalent. He stated malaria had accounted for a third of the labourers on the Burma highway, and was at present threatening the continued operation of the highway in Yunnan.

Chinese doctors were fighting to prevent the spread of bubonic and phneumonic plagues from Burma, he said.—United Press.

Slovak-Hungarian Political Parleys

Budapest, Oct. 23.

The Hungarian Government today accepted Slovakia's proposal to open negotiations for the purpose of executing accords previously reached on administrative questions in the newly-acquired areas of upper Hungary. These parleys are to begin as soon as the present commercial negotiations are concluded.—Havas.

Ulster Regiment Begins Recruiting

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Belfast, Oct. 24.

It is announced that recruiting will commence in November for the North Irish Horse (Ulster) Regiment of the Royal Armoured Corps. The main recruiting areas will be Armagh, Fermanagh and Tyrone counties, but men from other districts will be permitted to join. The commanding officer will be Lieut.-Colonel Sir Ronald Ross, M.P. for Londonderry, who served in France during the Great War with the North Irish Horse and the 36th Ulster Division.—Reuter.

End of China War Seen in Japan

Period at Hand for Final Liquidation Says Paper; Political Parties Active

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

The period has arrived for the final liquidation of the domestic and political situation as evolved since the Mukden Incident, and future developments will be watched with interest, says the "Kokumin Shimbun" today. Political parties, it adds, have been unusually busy lately.

The impression, according to the newspaper, is that they might return to power "now that the end of the China Incident is considered approaching," and the influence of the cliques opposing the political parties has waned under the weight of the political situation.

Moreover, the journal declares, the Abe Cabinet is weak.

"The view of senior statesmen close to the Throne," it asserts, "is that the present stop-gap Cabinet is approaching the limit of its existence.... They seem to consider that the situation should be watched for some time, and then the appearance of a political party Cabinet may be possible."

The "Kokumin Shimbun" adds that, "as the end of the China Incident approaches," international diplomatic pressure tends to become stronger and internal economic difficulties acuter. Therefore, it concludes, nothing except a Cabinet having the full support of the nation will be able to overcome the difficult situation.—Reuter.

Effects of European War on China

Not Unfavourable, Says Dr. H. H. Kung

Chungking, Oct. 24.

The outbreak of the European war resulted in much anxiety concerning possible consequences in the Far Eastern situation, declared Dr. H. H. Kung, President of the Executive Yuan and concurrently Minister of Finance, reviewing the international and Sino-Japanese outlooks, at the weekly memorial meeting of the Central Kuomintang.

"Events since then, however," he said, "have shown that the European war has had no unfavourable effects on China."

Friendly Powers, the Finance Minister stated, continued to be greatly concerned over the Far Eastern situation, while their sympathy and assistance to China had increased.

Dr. Kung particularly mentioned the speech by Mr. Joseph C. Grew, American Ambassador to Japan, as an "effective pronouncement in the interests of international justice, and at the same time, a severe blow to the Japanese militarists."

After recalling recent Chinese military successes in north Hunan, north Kiangsi and south Shansi, Dr. Kung stressed the stability of China's political and financial position.—Reuter.

Anti-British Act Anti-Christian

Japanese Said Confiscated Ground of Honan Mission, Erecting Own Buildings

Peiping, Oct. 24.

A further complaint of action inimical to an American mission reaches Peiping from Sinsiang, in north Honan.

The Japanese authorities there, it is reported, have confiscated ground belonging to the American Catholic Mission, Society of the Divine Word, and have begun erecting their own buildings.

The Japanese are stated to have said that they would pay some solatium for the land thus taken, but at some future undetermined date.

This incident, plus the riot at Chenliu—where, on September 13, a mob of Chinese entered the compound of the American Methodist Mission and smashed some windows, and later pressed all Chinese connected with the mission to withdraw—and reports that other slight difficulties are being met with by American missions in various parts of north China, are leading many people to suppose that the agitation which began as a political anti-British movement, is gradually, but surely, developing into a Japanese anti-Christian mission movement throughout North China.—Reuter.

Comintern Blamed

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

On receipt of secret instructions from the Comintern, the Chinese Communist Party immediately convoked an emergency meeting of the Executive Committee and discussed the date of the start of an anti-British campaign in China, according to Japanese reports.

It is also alleged that the Comintern not only plans to alienate the Chungking Government and Britain and France, but also to Bolshevize the Chungking Government.—Reuter.

Increased Tax on Jewish Fortunes in Germany

Five Per Cent. Extra Added To Original Levy

Berlin, Oct. 24.

The Finance Minister has increased the levy on Jewish fortunes by five per cent. bringing it up to 25 per cent., from November 15, according to the official German news agency.

The present levy of 20 per cent. was fixed as a means of collecting the fine of a milliard marks imposed upon Jews last November for the murder of a German diplomat in Paris by a Polish Jew.

The increase is stated to have been imposed because payments made hitherto showed that the total of a milliard marks would not be reached.—Reuter.

Chungking Welcomes Soviet Denial

Chungking, Oct. 24.

The Soviet Government's reported denial of alleged Russian demands on China is welcomed in Chinese circles here.

It is believed that as the denial comes from Moscow, it will be much more effective in repudiating sensational rumours regarding relations between China and the Soviet Union than any statement issued here.

Reports of the Soviet denial were given prominence in Chinese newspapers this morning. Commenting on the subject in an editorial today, the "China Times" declares that the only effective way for China to prevent the circulation of such rumours is to continue armed resistance against Japan.

"This, in fact, is the only course left open to China to defeat Japanese designs," the journal adds.

Soviet "demands," it will be recalled, included, according to Japanese reports, the right to station troops in Sinkiang and Inner Mongolia, and Sovietization of northwestern China.—Reuter.

Russian Navy Occupies Latvian Port

Soviet Cruiser and Two Destroyers Enter Libau

London, Oct. 24.

One Soviet cruiser and two destroyers entered Libau harbour yesterday, according to a German official wireless message.

Libau, which is in Courland, Latvia, on a bank separating Lake Libau from the Baltic Sea, becomes a base for the Soviet Navy under the recent Soviet-Latvian treaty. Libau formerly belonged to Russia, but passed out of her hands when Latvia declared her independence. The port suffered very little during the Great War. Besides the naval harbour—which with dry docks and 30 feet of depth is used for ocean liners—there is the Commercial Harbour, with storehouses and three grain elevators; the Winter Harbour, with timber yards; and the New Harbour, with passenger steamer berths.—Reuter.

How French Tanker Was Torpedoed

U-Boat Opens Attack by Shelling Emile Miguet

Boston, Mass., Oct. 23.

The scream of shell was the first warning of danger, according to a story the captain of the French tanker Emile Miguet, sunk in the Atlantic by a U-boat ten days ago, told when he reached here.

Dusk had fallen when the first shell was fired, followed by others. One struck the crew's quarters, cutting an apprentice almost in half.

The captain hailed the submarine and received permission to disembark the remainder of the crew. The shelling had left one lifeboat seaworthy.

"We were packed liked sardines in it for 31 hours," the captain said, "before the United States steamer Black Hawk rescued us."

The submarine torpedoed and sank the Emile Miguet after 39 survivors had disembarked.—Reuter.

Reich, Soviet to Carry on Trade by Waterways

Amsterdam, Oct. 23.

To counter the lack of rail transport facilities between Germany and Soviet Russia, these two countries intended to increase transport of trade articles by water, it was learned from Berlin today. Russia, it was declared, would improve her water routes between the Volga and the North Sea by enlarging locks of canals and by dredging and widening small rivers. It is the Soviet-German hope to double the transport capacity of water routes between the Caspian and Baltic States, reports from Berlin added.—Havas.

Return of Memel to Lithuania Soon?

Negotiations Reported and Agreement Believed Imminent

London, Oct. 24.

Trustworthy sources in Kaunas state that negotiations are progressing between Lithuania and Germany for the return of Memel to Lithuania for 55 years, and announcement of an agreement is imminent, according to "The Times" Riga correspondent.

Indicating Germany's loss of influence in the Baltic, the correspondent cites the fact that Herr Walter Proschtuck, leader of the German Nazi movement in a Lituanian town, has been sentenced to a month's imprisonment for defaming the Lithuanian state. The correspondent adds that the tone of the press also shows Germany's feelings are receiving less consideration than before the time when Russia assumed the role of protector of the Baltic states.—Reuter.

Former Estonian Foreign Minister to Evacuate

Berne, Oct. 23.

As a member of the German minority in Estonia, M. Karl Selter, former Estonian Foreign Minister, was compelled to leave the land of his residence together with other persons of German origin, the Copenhagen correspondent of the newspaper, the "Bund," reported today. M. Selter, he added, intended to set up his new residence at Gdynia.—Havas.

THE Ministry of Finance of the Chinese National Government in Chungking has replied to the Shanghai Chinese Chamber of Commerce, stating that certain native products exported from Ningpo to Shanghai are exempted from the order which states that all such goods must be paid for in foreign exchange. The Chekiang Chinese Maritime Customs Administration has been instructed accordingly, says the "Sin Wan Pao." These items include ribbons, embroidered goods, "joss" papers, Shaoshing wine, silk, alum, tobacco leaves, egg products, native paper, native sugar, porcelain and Chinese medicinal herbs. However, these goods can only be imported into Settlement areas.

Non-Nazi German Cabinet Set Up in London?

New York, Oct. 24.

A non-Nazi German "Government" is being established in London with Dr. Hermann Rauschnigg, former President of the Danzig Senate, designated as Chancellor, according to uncensored reports received here by local anti-Nazis, the New York "Daily News" said yesterday in a copyrighted article. The newspaper said the whole report was "obviously impossible to confirm."

Members of the State Department at Washington said they had not been informed of the new "Government." They declined to discuss the report pending official information.—United Press.

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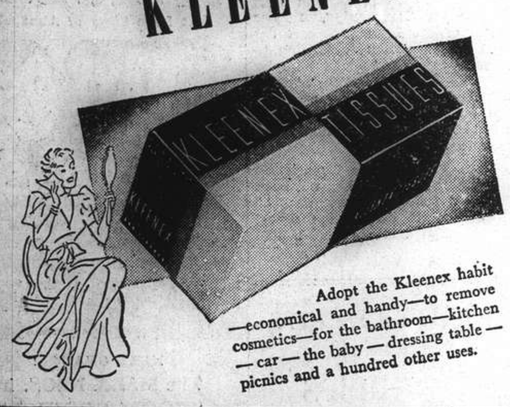

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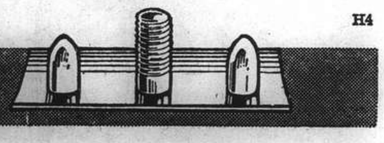

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THE GERMAN OUTLOOK

Of the many interesting estimates of the length of time Herr Hitler can hold out against the economic blockade of the Allies, probably the most important one is contained in an American survey of Germany's position which it is claimed is authoritative. One American writer comes to the conclusion that Herr Hitler cannot continue to fight for more than a year if he is hard pressed, and forced to use up his materials quickly; he might last two if his adversaries are content merely to maintain the blockade, and let him waste his strength slowly; and he might be able to last for three years if he can obtain those supplies from Russia, Rumania and Sweden in increased quantities, which seems, in view of all that has transpired recently, to be extremely unlikely. It is unwise to endeavour from such an estimate to guess how long the war will last, but it is reasonable to suppose that, unless a very drastic change comes over the situation, Herr Hitler's threat to carry on the war for ten years, if necessary, was nothing but an empty piece of bombast. In attempting to assess the amount of war materials, and food which have been accumulated by Germany, it must be remembered that the ordinary flow of trade during peace times permits of no great degree of secrecy, and it is possible within comparatively accurate limits to ascertain what Germany has purchased abroad over a number of years, and with a lesser degree of certainty to arrive at some estimate of the amount of such goods which have already been consumed. Roughly the situation was at the commencement of hostilities that Herr Hitler had a surplus of coal, potash, and beet sugar, a sufficiency of potatoes, and compared with peace time needs, which are greatly increased in times of war, deficiencies in oil, rubber, timber, iron, and wheat, with a complete lack of copper, cotton, wool, certain essential metals, and tobacco. The significance of all this is greatly enhanced when it is remembered that by reason of the attempt during the last two years to establish complete autarchy the German people, from the point of view of food, have been passing through the dress rehearsal to misery, and there can be no question about it that malnutrition cannot harden the human constitution against increasing hunger.

Studying the list of deficiencies, it may be pointed out that, with regard to oil, synthetic production from coal will supply one-third of Herr Hitler's normal peace requirements. Germany's own output of natural oil is small in the extreme. Much has been obtained from Rumania, but production in that country is declining and much of it controlled by Allied interests. It has already been pointed out that any German attempt to seize the Rumanian oilfields would lead to their immediate destruction, so it is not likely that Herr Hitler would endeavour to enforce production by any hostile action which would lead to his being deprived of the supplies he is already receiving. There is still Russia to be looked to, but her demands upon her own supplies are increasing, and there is very little chance of Herr Hitler being able to increase his supplies from that source. In connection with iron, Herr Hitler's position is not quite so unfavourable. German mines supply about one-quarter of the country's needs, that proportion will probably be raised to about 35 per cent. when Marshal Goerings iron works, dealing with low grade ore, are fully in operation. For the rest Germany must depend upon Sweden, and short of successful Allied naval action it would seem that this source of supply will remain open to him. Coal production is about twenty-five per cent. above normal requirements. In nickel, tin, and manganese Herr Hitler has only the stores he has accumulated, all further supplies being cut off by Allied action. The production of synthetic rubber last year was under 40,000 tons. The remainder, some 180,000 tons had to be imported, and the advent of war definitely cuts off supply. In timber, despite the forest acquisitions in Austria, Bohemia, and now Poland, Herr Hitler is not completely self-sufficient, though here again he may be able to bring supplies up to the required level by importations from Sweden. Food has been stored up, but the process has been hindered by the shortage of agricultural labour, which may now be remedied by the use of Polish war prisoners. Self-sufficiency, however, is only about 83 per cent. This year's harvests are in and there appear to be fair supplies of grain and meat at any rate for the coming winter. The institution of the rationing system before the war started clearly indicates Herr Hitler's uneasiness on the score of food. The fat shortage is acute, and the people will have to do without coffee and tobacco, *ersatz* products being used to fill the bill.

It has already been pointed out in these columns that the economic assistance forthcoming from Russia will for some considerable time have no very appreciable effect in relieving Germany's needs. Russia at the moment cannot spare the raw materials which Herr Hitler needs, while at the same time Germany's industry is in no position to supply the goods in exchange for which those raw materials, if they could be, would be obtained. Russia has plenty of timber, but cannot yet cut enough to fill her own needs. Oil, iron ore, manganese and grain cannot yet be spared because production does not fill Russia's own requirements, while the German inability to provide industrial goods for barter cannot be remedied by payment in currency. Germany has very little exchange. Russia has already large quantities of blocked marks piled up in Berlin in connection with her last trade agreement with Germany. They cannot be liquidated until Germany's industry can turn out goods which Russia needs, and to all intents and purposes those funds are locked up until the advent of peace makes a reorientation of Germany's industrial policy a possibility. The experiences of the last war amply proved that any attempt to estimate a time limit for the war from these data will in all probability turn out to be fallacious. No attempt is being made to do so here, though it is argued that upon any review of Germany's economic position it is clearly demonstrated that she has entered this present war in an infinitely worse state of preparedness than she embarked upon the last. It is yet to be shown that any of Herr Hitler's military or political achievements can do much to improve the situation in the near future, while even German experts are reported to realize that one of the first steps necessary to make whatever supplies, which may eventually come from Russia, available will be the remodelling of transport facilities between Germany and Russia a task which cannot be accomplished in the twinkling of an eye.

Hongkong's Income Tax

THE introduction of the income tax into Hongkong will be watched with considerable interest because of the fact that when a similar tax was introduced in the Straits Settlements it had eventually to be abandoned because of the difficulties in collecting it. The general provisions of the legislation regarding this new tax are amply covered by the Financial Secretary's speech before the Legislative Council:—

> The standard rate of 10 per cent. will be charged on all company profits, payments of interest, etc. and on all income in respect of which the recipient has made no claim to personal and family allowances; but the man who makes such a claim will pay at 10 per cent, only on the balance of his income after deducting his allowances and after paying at half rate, 5 per cent., on the first part of his taxable income.
>
> The allowances Government has provisionally in mind are earned income allowance one-tenth of earned income up to $15,000; personal allowance, $1,350 for a wife; children, $1,000 for the first child and $600 for each subsequent child. The 5 per cent. rate deducting allowances.
>
> Under this scheme, the exemption limit would be $1,800 per annum for unearned income and $2,000 for earned income; and a married man with two children would be exempt up to $5,280 per annum and would only pay the full rate of 10 per cent. on income in excess of $8,600 per annum. The following are random examples of the tax payable by such a man on various incomes, ignoring a possible surtax on the highest incomes, a matter which is still receiving the consideration of Government.
>
> £400 per annum, $50.
> £750 per annum, $455.
> £1,260 per annum, $1,225.

The tax does not appear to be severe in its application to the modest salaried man, and no heavy burden is imposed upon the taxpayer. It was further explained that it was originally intended to have had an expert investigation of the administrative difficulties it was expected would be met, but circumstances have now rendered it impossible to secure the services of an expert and the Hongkong Government, having to choose between waiting for the end of the war, or going ahead with the proposal immediately, decided that the urgency of the need which had to be met required that the income tax should be instituted as soon as possible. Preliminary difficulties may be experienced and the manner of collection may give rise to some criticism, but the fact that the Government is determined to make collection effective will probably mean in the long run that difficulties will be surmounted, and the scheme made a complete success.

Malaria on Increase

Malaria, a disease once unknown in Shanghai, has shown a "well marked increase" according to the report of the Commissioner of Public Health for September. In his reference to this disease in his monthly report, the Commissioner points out there were nearly twice the number of cases reported last month as there were in the same month of last year in spite of the concentration of the efforts of malarial squads on anopheline breeding grounds. Continuing, he points to an important factor in the development of Shanghai as a cause for this increase. He states:

> It is probable that the lack of cultivation and the increase of waste land have encouraged mosquito breeding in areas surrounding the treated area, factors which can only be eliminated in the course of time through the progress of roads and the levelling of land which accompanies town development.

Coincidental with the report of the Commissioner comes the report from Hongkong that American aid had been requested to fight the problem of malaria in the south-western provinces of China, especially in Yunnan. Dr. Robert E. Brown, adviser to the Chinese National Health Administration, has arrived in Hongkong with alarming reports of the ravages of malaria among the labourers employed on the Burma-Yunnan Highway. Dr. Brown stated that malaria had accounted for a third of the labourers employed on the highway and was so severe as to threaten to the continued operation of the road, which occupies so important a part in China's communications system through the "western backdoor." In Shanghai, with the efficient health services at the disposal of the foreign authorities, it is possible to check and control the outbreak once the conditions are known, but in other parts of China, where these preventive services do not operate so efficiently and so extensively, the problem becomes extremely difficult. Throughout history many huge labour projects have been wrecked or hampered by disease, and not the least significant of these diseases has been malaria.

A COUNTRY DIARY

Weihaiwei, Oct. 6.—Now that my trees have got four years growth I notice that more and more birds come to my garden, and a pair of Magpies have apparently adopted me: they seem to like my tall Chinese chimneys and settle upon them every day, chattering to one another for half an hour at a time....presumably about the high cost of living, if they are anything like my human friends. They usually come when I am shaving at my bathroom window, a time when I often see as much in five minutes as I would during an hour's walk in the country. Yesterday I saw a dark bird flying low across the lawn and thought, quite idly, that it was a dark specimen of the blue rock dove which often mixes with the tame flocks....but I should at least have had the sense to realize that no pigeon ever flew in just that manner. Overhead the Magpies chattered away unseen....when, suddenly, two black and white shapes came hurtling past the window in pursuit of the slate-blue bird....and then it was that I caught sight of its buff underparts and realized that I had been visited by *Falco columbarius insignis*, the fierce little Merlin of North China. The only excuse I can make for my mistake lies in the name of the bird itself, for if the ornithologists called it *columbarius*, my hasty judgement was not too far out when I mistook it for a Rock Dove. It was a grand sight to see the Magpies chase it out of the garden and the whole rapid scene left me with two thoughts: (a) it would seem that my little sanctuary may repeat the history of Shanghai where Magpies are my familiar friends (though they are comparatively rare here) and (b) a silent prayer of gratitude to the inventor of the safety razor who had seen me scatheless through all this excitement.

IN PARENTHESIS

New Fangled Ideas

"YOU'LL have seen a great change in this village?" asked the visitor.

"Aye, that I 'ave," replied the ancient. "Tankards at the Old Brown Cow now. Used to be mugs."

* * *

No Fooling Him

A COLOURED boy was taking a stroll through a cemetery, and reading the inscriptions on the tombstones. He came to one which declared:

"Not dead, but sleeping."

After contemplating the phrase for a moment, and scratching his head, the negro exclaimed:

"He sure ain't foolin' no one body but hisself."

* * *

A Mere Nobody

THE commercial traveller entered the business house. He was confronted by a very junior clerk. The traveller looked him over haughtily.

"I'd like to see someone with a little authority," he remarked.

"Well, what can I do for you?" replied the boy calmly. "I've about as little authority as anybody here."

* * *

Intelligence

A TEACHER had explained to his pupils all about a British consulate, and to find out whether or not they understood, he asked:

"If someone carried you off in an aeroplane, and thousands of miles away in a foreign country, what place would you seek out first of all?"

One bright boy answered immediately.

"Please, sir, the hospital!" came the unexpected reply.

* * *

Flash in the Pan

"YES, old man," said the meek-looking little man, "I took your advice and told my wife straight out that she couldn't henpeck me any more."

His friend patted him on the back.

"Splendid!" he said. "Now you can hold your head up."

The little man winced.

"Yes," he replied doubtfully, "but it's still pretty sore and bruised."

* * *

Forgotten Man

THE professor was looking over his notes preparatory to beginning the lecture. The hall was crowded, and two undergraduates were heatedly discussing politics in one corner.

Suddenly one of them turned to the other and said loudly: "Well, of all the craziest, stupid fools I've ever met—you take the cake!"

Just then the professor took his seat and, banging on the desk, said sharply: "Excuse me, gentlemen, you forget that I am in the room."

* * *

Large and Small

THE mighty engines of the liner throbbed ceaselessly. The chief engineer wiped a damp forehead and scowled at the young man with the oil-can.

"Look here," he growled, "you aren't helping me much with these engines, yet you said you knew something about the game."

"So I do" replied the other, "but on a smaller scale, you know."

"What's your usual job?"

"Watch repairing!"

* * *

The Scottish Way

Two Scotsmen had ventured into the wilds, and what they lacked in experience they made up for in zeal.

On their first night in the jungle the dismal howling of a wolf disturbed their rest. Presently Macpherson rose to his feet, seized his rifle, and said: "Ah'll bet you an ounce of tobacco I kill that darned wolf!"

Some time later he returned, dragging a dead wolf. MacTavish grudgingly parted with an ounce of tobacco, and they settled down again.

Just before dawn another howl rent the air. MacTavish nudged his companion. "Give me that tobacco back. Ye've killed the wrang one!"

* * *

A Bumper

HE was a prize-fighter who won his last bout many years ago; he entered a barber's shop and sat himself in a chair. A newly-hired barber fitted an apron around the boxer—and then studied the bushy head of hair that hung practically to his shoulders.

"Hair-cut and shave?" asked the barber politely.

"No hair-cut," growled the boxer. "Just a shave."

The proprietor hurried over.

"You fool!" he whispered to the new employee, "you should never ask that man if he wants a hair-cut. That's Horizontal Shaw, the fighter."

The new barber appeared flustered.

"B-but look at that crop of hair," he stammered. "That man certainly needs a hair-cut."

The proprietor grunted.

"Sure he needs a hair-cut," he admitted, "but if he gets one, what's he gonna use for a cushion when he hits the floor?"

* * *

A Complete Blank

IT was just three o'clock in the morning. The reveller tottered up to a house and banged on the door. An extremely sleepy tenant opened it.

"Yes?" he yawned.

The drunk reached into his pocket and drew out a leather case. He extracted a card and handed it with a flourish to the sleepy householder. "My card, sir," he bowed.

The card was completely blank. The other man turned it over and looked up in perplexity.

"Look here, my good man," he said, "it's three o'clock in the morning. Just what do you want?"

The reveller smiled.

"Nothing," he replied politely; "nothing at all."

"You don't want anything?" ejaculated the dazed tenant. "Then what's the idea of handing me this card?"

"Oh, that's quite all right," he explained. "I've got plenty more!"

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	55.0	Max.	66.5
Same date, 1938	Min.	56.0	Max.	71.0

Rainfall .39

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	55.4	Max.	67.8
Same date, 1938	Min.	52.2	Max.	73.4

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 23rd:—High and steady pressure over China: normal and steady over Japan. North-westerly to north-easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy weather in the north: rainy in our Valley.

State on the morning of the 24th:—Overcast and cool weather with light rain. Fresh north-westerly wind. High and rising pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine and rather cold weather with northerly to north-easterly winds around Shantung. Cloudy, cool and improving and north-westerly to north-easterly winds over our regions and the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

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M. J. Stofer, Editor of "The Gelbe Post"	42.50

Germans Capture U.S. Merchantman

Soviet Authorities in Kola Bay Near Murmansk Intern Nazi Prize Crew from ss. City of Flint; Ship's Seizure Rouses American Public Opinion

Washington, Oct. 24.

THE first serious German-American incident since the outbreak of the European war was reported by the Federal Maritime Commission last night after receiving authentic reports that a German cruiser had captured the American liner City of Flint. The ship's position when intercepted by the German cruiser was not known in Washington, but reports from Europe said the ship had been taken to a Russian port. On the basis of these reports, it was assumed the City of Flint, which participated in the rescue of survivors from the torpedoed British liner Athenia last month, was pursuing a course well north, of the regular north Atlantic shipping routes.

Officials here said they were advised that after the American ship was stopped by the German cruiser, a prize crew boarded the large liner and relieved the American crew of their duties. This was the first time in the current war that a prize crew has pre-empted the authority of an American skipper, although several American ships have been stopped for examination of cargo. Officials here said they would check the case further before deciding on a course of action, but a stiff diplomatic protest to Germany is expected.

A spokesman of the Federal Maritime Commission said the ship normally carried a crew of 38 men. It was assumed this number of men was aboard.—United Press.

Soviets Intern Germans

Moscow, Oct. 24.

The United States steamer City of Flint, which was captured at sea by a German cruiser, was brought to Kola Bay, north of Murmansk, yesterday by a German crew from the cruiser, the Tass news agency reported from Murmansk.

Soviet authorities today declined to reveal additional details regading the City of Flint. There was no report as to what has become of the American crew or how the Soviets intend to dispose of the cargo.

The United States Embassy has not been officially informed of the ship's arrival at Murmansk but learned of the event only from dispatches appearing in the Moscow papers this morning. The Embassy is now making an effort to ascertain details of the case but it is doubtful whether any official steps will be taken today since this is a Soviet holiday and all Commissariats are closed.

The Soviet press emphasized that the City of Flint was detained only temporarily. In view of the Soviets' emphasis of their country's neutrality, American circles have no doubt but that the ship will be released as soon as arrangements will be made with the United States authorities. An American Embassy representative is expected to proceed to Murmansk soon to insure full protection of American interests.

The vessel, flying a German flag, arrived at Kola Bay without previous notification of the Soviet authorities, Tass said. "Upon inspection, Tass declared, "the ship was revealed to be the American steamer City of Flint" sailing from New York to Manchester, England.

The German crew of 18 men brought the City of Flint into Murmansk, the agency said The crew was said to have considered the cargo of the vessel contraband. The cargo comprised tractors, grain, fruit, leather and wax, Tass declared. Soviet authorities have indefinitely detained the ship, Tass continued, and interned the German crew.

It was recalled that the Flint rescued a number of survivors of the torpedoed liner Athenia early last month.—United Press.

Danes Confirm Seizure

Copenhagen, Oct. 24.

Thomsoe harbour officials today by telephone confirmed that the American merchantman City of Flint on Saturday was in charge of a German prize crew and lay outside the harbour from four to six hours. After the halt, a ship from the Norwegian naval base at Tromsoe escorted it to the three-mile limit.

They said that prize ships were allowed to remain for 24 hours outside neutral harbours.

The City of Flint, they added, flew a German flag. English members of the crew rowed ashore in the City of Flint's lifeboats, they said.

Norwegian warships stood by but no American members of the crew were seen, they said.—United Press.

British Survivors Aboard

Oslo, Oct. 24.

The City of Flint was carrying survivors of the torpedoed British steamer Stonegate when it was captured by the German warship Emden because it was alleged to be carrying contraband for an English port, it was revealed here today.

The City of Flint was halted by the German warship 24 hours after having picked up the crew of 38 Britons from the Stonegate which was sunk in the northern Atlantic by a German U-boat.

The Emden's officers declared that the City of Flint's cargo was contraband and placed a prize crew aboard the American vessel. They then ordered the American vessel to proceed to the Norwegian port of Tromsoe. At this point they placed the British crew of the Stonegate in lifeboats, sending them to Bergen. The German prize crew later proceeded to the Russian port of Murmansk.—United Press.

Owners Not Informed

New York, Oct. 24.

The United States Lines, owners of the ss. City of Flint which was reported captured by German cruiser in the North Sea, announced last night that they had no information regarding the reported capture of the vessel.

The City of Flint sailed from New York on October 3, the company said, en route to Manchester, Liverpool, Dublin, and Glasgow. Company officials said they believed the vessel had left England on its return voyage to the United States.—United Press.

"A Psychological Blunder"

New York, Oct. 24.

Referring to the reported seizure of the American steamship, City of Flint, the "New York Herald-Tribune" says: "The general feeling in Washington is that Germany, even if she has followed the rules of War, has made a psychological blunder which is bound to alienate American public opinion. The seizure of the City of Flint is bound to have strong

(Continued on page 8, col. 3)

Neutrality Debate Influenced

Senate Isolationists Concede Defeat Over Administration Plan

Washington, Oct. 24.

Senate isolationists last night conceded they would lose the fight in the Senate to block the Administration's programme to repeal the arms embargo provisions of the Neutrality Act.

The German seizure of the American merchant vessel City of Flint was expected to influence the neutrality debate.

Senator Lewis B. Schwellenbach, Democrat of Washington, commented on the seizure by saying it "shows the necessity of arriving at a conclusion of the cash and carry provision of the neutrality act. "I hope the opponents of the bill would take note of the ominous nature of the warnings."

While isolationists hoped they could find sufficient support in the House of Representatives to block the Administration's programme, Administration leaders in the Senate informed President Roosevelt that the final Senate vote on the new neutrality programme probably would be taken this week.

The Senate convened at 11 a.m. yesterday, an hour earlier than usual, in the first move to hasten final Senate action on the Administration's bill. Senator Alben Barkley, Majority Leader in the Senate, said he would also seek approval of a plan to limit debate, thereby averting isolationist threats to stage a filibuster.

Obstructionist Plans

The isolationists admitted their defeat in the Senate despite a last minute switch by Senator Alexander Wiley, Wisconsin Republican, who announced his opposition to repeal of the arms embargo.

Isolationists also laid plans to seek in the house to amend the neutrality bill so as to protect American military resources and prohibit the export of munitions and arms in which the American Army and Navy are deficient.

Senator Bennett Champ Clark, isolationist Democrat of Missouri, announced he was planning a proposal which would compel the President to prevent belligerent armed merchantmen from entering American ports.

Senator Clark warned that the "United States must not permit its sympathies in the European conflict to place a pawn on our own dearest liberties which we may never be able to redeem. If the United States becomes involved in this war, we will join the rest of the regimented nations."

Senator Clark later sharply debated with Senators Sheridan Downey, Democrat of California, and Josh Lee, Democrat of Oklahoma, over the possibility of invasion of the United States or in the western hemisphere.

Senator Clark declared that apprehension over a Japanese invasion was the "most ridiculous proposition ever advanced." The United States would need a three-to-one naval preponderance over Japan to launch a successful attack against the Japanese in their waters, Senator Clark said. Japan, he added, would need a similar preponderance to attack the United States in American waters. Neither condition is possible under the present conditions of national finance and construction, he said.

Senator Lee, on behalf of the Administration, declared that the calculations of Senator Clark were based on World War naval experience. The oceans "are much narrower and less impassible barriers now that plane development has been accelerated and communications and transportation facilities have made the oceans minimum defence barriers."—United Press.

Franco-Italian Trade Restrictions Lifted

New Arrangement Announced To Facilitate Exchanges

Paris, Oct. 24.

Trade between France and Italy will be specially facilitated by a new arrangement just completed, under which export and import restrictions applicable elsewhere will be partially removed.

All restrictions have been removed for goods of Italian origin carried across France for the Allies or neutrals, and for goods from the Allies and neutrals shipped via France to Italy.—Reuter.

Thetis Taken Inshore After Refloating

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

The submarine Thetis has been taken inshore following her successful refloating by divers after intensive work, it was reported here today. She will be drained preparatory to being towed to drydock.—Reuter.

Daring French Raid Succeeds On West Front

German Efforts Fail In Renewed Activity Near Saarbruecken

Paris, Oct. 24.

The last 24 hours have been more animated than the previous day on the Western Front. The French carried out a daring and successful raid in the region immediately east of the Moselle. The Germans have been active in the area west of Forbach, in the Saarbruecken area, where they attacked a German village held by the French. The attackers came over in waves, time after time, but the struggle ended with the village still in French hands.

Although the latest communiques report that all is calm, there is always a difference between the views of the compiler of a communique and troops in Front Line sectors.—Reuter.

Marked Activity Noted

Paris, Oct. 23.

There was marked activity among units making contact on the Rhineland front, especially in the region west of the Saar River, early on Monday but yesterday night and early today there "was no unusual activity," the official communique on the West Front fighting said today.—United Press.

Richthofen Squadron Operating

With R.A.F., Oct. 24.

The famous Richthofen squadron is operating on the Western Front, a French Air Force pilot reported yesterday. He said that when two German fighters were shot down recently near the Maginot Line, it was discovered they bore, besides the usual German identity marks, the red and white markings which Baron Manfred Richthofen made famous during the Great War.—United Press.

Rain Halts Nazi Push

With the B.E.F., Oct. 24

With the countryside already waterlogged and the rivers rising, chances of the Germans to launch a major offensive in an effort to break through shortly have been flooded out.

After two days of dry weather, torrential rains deluged the Western Front. During the night the barometer indicated a continuance of the heavy rains. The countryside was under water. Trench-lines were half-filled with water.

Military authorities said that the rising waters in the rivers would prevent the Germans from launching their expected major offensive this autumn even if the waters would recede. They explained that Germany's modern motorized war-machines would bog down hopelessly in the spongy ground.—United Press.

Withdrawals Proved Deliberate

Paris, Oct. 24.

The possession of a small village situated on German territory west of Forbach was severely contested by French and German troops yesterday with the French remaining masters of the village after the day's fighting had ended. German soldiers darted forward against French positions established in the village, which is on the edge of the Warndt Forest, but were repelled every time.

Observers here point out that this clash is a proof that the recent withdrawal of French troops from advanced positions in Germany did not mean that the French General Staff intended to proceed with a systematic evacuation of French forces from German territory. Strategically important points are energetically defended when necessary.

Another incident on the Western Front yesterday was the capture in the same region of a German artillery officer and his patrol. Prisoners were also taken east of the Moselle.

Operations on the whole were considerably hindered by bad weather, the recent heavy rains having resulted in quagmires everywhere. Under these circumstances, large-scale operations by the Germans would meet with enormous natural difficulties and it is being wondered whether the fact that the authorities in the Reich have instructed all bookstores to place maps of certain small countries west of Germany at their disposal, does not indicate that the Germans will try to force their way through other regions.—Havas.

Finnish-Soviet Talks Brightening

Moscow Understood to Have Moderated Demands

Helsinki, Oct. 24.

A more hopeful view regarding the Finnish-Soviet talks in Mossow is being taken here following an official announcement that "normal progress" has been made. An early settlement is now fairly confidently expected, and the tension noted over the weekend has declined.

Moscow observers say that the Russians were impressed by the evidence of Nordic solidarity, and the pointed manner in which the Finnish delegates were greeted on their arrival at Moscow by various Scandinavian envoys was not lost on Soviet statesmen. It is stated in Moscow that a special Finnish messenger is leaving for Helsinki tonight for fresh instructions.—Reuter.

Soviet Demands Much Modified

Moscow, Oct. 24.

The Finnish delegation, which returned here a few days ago from Helsinki, resumed talks with Soviet leaders in the Kremlin last evening.

Diplomatic circles here believe Russia is not asking for the occupation of the Aaland islands but merely for a formal promise that they will be kept unfortified. Russia will not insist on an alliance but will be content with certain guarantees that Finland will refrain from joining in a combination of powers hostile to Soviet Russia. In the same circles it is thought that the Soviets desire the cession of the small island of Hogland and two neighbouring islands, but are not seeking to establish Soviet troops in Finnish continental territory.—Reuter.

Submarine Victim Thanks Aerial Rescuers

Captain Schofield (right) skipper of the torpedoed British freighter Kensington Court, shown expressing his gratitude to the two Royal Air Force pilots who rescued him and his crew of 33 in flying boats after their ship had been sunk off the English coast.

Negotiations on Outside Roads

Lengthy Preliminary Talk Held on Monday; Deadlock May Be Broken Soon

Negotiations to break the deadlock on the outside roads question loomed imminent following a conference on Monday night between Mr. C. S. Franklin, Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council, Mr. Poul Scheel, Senior Consul in Shanghai, Mr. Y. Miura, Japanese Consul-General, and Mr. Fu Siao-en, Mayor of the Shanghai Special Municipality. All parties attending the meeting, which lasted for some hours, expressed themselves satisfied as a result of the discussion and it was believed that negotiations would be opened in the near future with a view to settling the impasse.

Although the details of the meeting were not revealed to the press it is believed that the methods to be used in holding future conferences were outlined. All present at Monday night's meeting were of a common mind: that law and order should be enforced in the troublesome Western area, scene of violence and bloodshed last Friday evening and Sunday morning.

The meeting last night was merely of a preliminary nature and while the actual question of jurisdiction in the extra-Settlement areas did not arise the way was paved for future conversations on the subject.

Precautionary Measures

Meanwhile, emergency precautionary measures were still in effect at Yu Yuen and Edinburg Roads, scene of Friday's attack on the Sikh traffic constable at that intersection, and at Jessfield Road near Brenan Piece scene of Sundays battle between terrorists and members of the Shanghai Municipal Police. Detachments from the East Surreys were still on guard at both places with sinister-looking machine guns peering over the tops of sandbag emplacements. The Royal Italian Marines continued their vigilant patrol of their sector from which the S.M.P. had withdrawn on Sunday.

Press Warns Against "Die Hards"

Continued efforts by the authorities of the Shanghai International Settlement and third party Powers to "maintain privileges acquired by aggression" in Shanghai by means of international interference in the solution of local problems "will only lead to the hastening of the inevitable settling of all pending problems involving the International Settlement by force," the Shanghai "Mainichi" declared editorially yesterday.

"N.-C.D.N." Suggestion Welcomed

The suggestion of the "North-China Daily News" inviting Japanese mediation in the question was welcomed by the "Tairiku Shimpo," which, however, pointed out that a satisfactory settlement could not be anticipated if the Shanghai Municipal Council continues to show the attitude towards the authorities of the "Special Municipality" of Shanghai and Japanese officials it displayed in the incidents on Yu Yuen Road on Friday and on Jessfield Road on Sunday."

The statement issued by Mr. G. Godfrey Phillips, Commissioner-General of the Council on Friday night a few hours after the Yu Yuen Road attack was singled out by the "Tairiku Shimpo" is reflecting an antagonistic attitude towards the "Special Municipality" of Shanghai and the Japanese authorities.

Herr Hitler Abandons Hopes For Short, Decisive War

London Believes Germans Will Concentrate Future Attacks on Britain; New "Peace Drive" Useless

London, Oct. 23.

HERR Adolf Hitler has discarded any idea that he might have had about the possibility of waging "lightning war" against the Allies, political quarters declared today in commenting on his round-table conference with all Nazi District Leaders (Gauleiters). The German Fuehrer called this urgent meeting of his Gauleiters to sound public opinion in the various regions and to gauge the people's feelings on the subject of a long war of attrition. Whatever his final decision, Herr Hitler was certain to centre his future war operations on Great Britain, these political circles stated.

A direct offensive against the invincible Maginot Line was held to be most improbable for the failure of such an attempt would prove disastrous to Germany's war chances. Attacks through neutral Belgium or the Netherlands were also unlikely, political quarters added, because then the Reich would stir up the whole world's public opinion against it.

Consequently, there were three courses left open to Herr Hitler, these circles declared. They were:

1. Mass air attacks against British transports carrying supplies to the British Isles and the war fleet;
2. Accelerated war operations against Britain simultaneously with pursuance of an expansionist policy that would in no way alienate allies like Italy and Russia;
3. Adoption of a "wait-and-see" policy with only limited operations against the British fleet and coasts and with repeated "peace offensives" which the Germans might believe would eventually be accepted by the Allies out of sheer boredom.

Analysing these courses, observers said that the first would have serious repercussions on Germany's air force for less planes would be left for offensive action along the war fronts. In pursuit of the second, they added, Germany would probably attack Denmark and Rumania to obtain raw materials. The German Minister in Bucharest, it was pointed out, had already complained rather threateningly about Rumania's alleged non-observation of strict neutrality.

The only certain thing about the Reich's eventual war policy, British political quarters concluded, was that operations would be concentrated against Britain, if only because of France's lesser vulnerability due to her self-sufficiency.

Herr Hitler may summon a meeting of the Reichstag within the next few days to read out to it the Reich's formal declaration of war against Great Britain and France, the Amsterdam correspondent of the "Daily Mail" reported today. He adds that the huge publicity given the Foreign Minister's address today seems to indicate that Herr von Ribbentrop's group, which includes Herr Heinrich Himmler, chief of the Gestapo; Herr Rudolph Hess, Deputy Leader of the Nazi Party, and Dr. Joseph Goebbels, the Propaganda Minister, has gained in influence to the detriment of the moderate faction of Field Marshal Hermann Goering; General Walther von Brauchitsch, the Commander in Chief of the Army, and Dr. Wilhelm Frick, the Home Minister.—Havas.

Sad Conditions to Report

London, Oct. 24.

Silence in Berlin, both as regards Herr Hitler's private appeal to M. Stalin and the conference of Nazi leaders, is interpreted in neutral countries as meaning that Herr Hitler has heard nothing pleasant from either source, according to competent observers.

The Berlin correspondent of an Amsterdam newspaper says the attention of Nazi leaders has been drawn to the growth of monarchist feeling among Army officers, the increase in Communist tendencies in the working class, the distress of the population due to prolonged poor food and clothing, the closing of factories due to a lack of raw materials and the rising resentment among Roman Catholics, numbering nearly half the population, at inroads of Communism from the east.

Herr Hitler, the correspondent adds, has ordered complete dissolution of the Roman Catholic Church before the end of the year and the formation of a Reich National Church, in which the Fuehrer will be the highest official, replacing Papal authority.—Reuter.

Speculations in Paris

Paris, Oct. 24.

Herr Hitler was represented in semi-official French dispatches last night as sounding out German opinion to determine whether the German people are willing to support a smashing offensive on the Western Front which might cost many German lives According to official French circles, this was the chief purpose of Herr Hitler's weekend meeting with high German officials.

Der Fuehrer, it was said, is attempting to learn whether the German populace favours a hard offensive or merely defensive operations while the German Navy and Air Force attempt to carry out a counter-blockade against the Allies.

French quarters said if Herr Hitler decides to open a full force attack against the British and French, he probably would follow three lines of assault.

Germany could attempt to blockade England by the use of planes and submarines; the Reich could launch a terrific artillery bombardment against the French Maginot Line to blast a breach through which German troops could invade France, and thirdly, Germany could be expected to exert moral pressure on neutral European nations to compel them to cease trade relations with the Allies. Germany would depend in part on Italo-Russian diplomatic support in attempting to achieve this point, it is believed.—United Press.

New "Peace Drive" Useless

Paris, Oct. 24.

There is no confirmation in French official circles of reports that M. Josef Stalin, the Soviet Dictator, has refused Herr Hitler's request for military aid. Moreover, reports received in Paris appear to indicate that no sensational sequel is to be expected from the German Chancellor's talks with Herr Franz von Papen, German Ambassador to Turkey, who was recently recalled to Berlin.

Herr Hitler is reported from neutral sources to lean rather to the naval policy of Admiral Ernst Raeder, the Commander-in-Chief of the German Navy, than the army plans of General Walther Keitel, while it is felt here that the possibility of success of a new peace offensive is answered in advance by the broadcast on Saturday of Mr. Leslie Hore-Belisha, British War Secretary, who said that "no peace proposals which rely for their sanction upon the broken word can be considered," and that "nothing but a guarantee for the establishment of a new order from which the menace of Nazi oppression is removed can justify us in laying down our arms."—Reuter.

Germany in Sad Plight for Food and Raw Material Supplies

Foreign Exchange Gone and Credit Bad; Temporary Exploitation of Conquests Ends in Liabilities

London, Oct. 24.

Germany is in rather a desperate situation with regard to raw materials and foodstuffs, according to informed quarters here. German production, these circles declare, cannot be expanded and public expenditure must grow. The alternatives are inflation, or a further drastic reduction in consumption.

Present stocks of foreign raw materials are estimated, at the most, at Rm. 800,000,000, equivalent to one-tenth of the stocks in 1914. Germany has no foreign exchange and Foreign holdings etc., have already been liquidated while German credit has been at zero for years.

Future supplies, the same quarters continue, depend on the capacity to produce and export. There may be temporary relief in plundering the stocks of conquered countries, but this would impair their future productivity and make them a liability instead of an asset.

Soviet Russia, in the opinion of these informed observers, cannot be conquered, and imports from that country will have to be paid for, as it is unlikely that Russia will grant long credits to a bankrupt State.

The big gap in the German supply of foodstuffs is believed to be eggs, butter, lard, vegetable oils, etc. There has been a shortage of fats since 1935, and this is likely, the same quarters declare, to become a decisive factor in Germany's food supply in the future. Hence the importance of Holland, Denmark and the Baltic States. The creation of technical armaments, it is added, has been driven far, but maintenance and replacement require reserves and resources.—Reuter.

H. M. Tientsin Consul to Meet Envoy in Japan

Kobe, Out 24.

Mr. Oswald White, new British Consul-General at Tientsin, arrived in Kobe today from Mukden in the ss. Bokuryu Mary. He is en route to Tokyo to confer with Sir Robert Cragie, H.M. Ambassador, before departing for Tientsin on Thursday.—Domei.

British Aircraft Attack and Sink Two U-Boats

Reconnaissance Craft Prove Effective Against Submarines; German Air Attacks Ineffective

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

TWO attacks on U-boats were recently made by British aircraft, and both are believed to have been successful, according to an announcement by the Ministry of Air. One occurred in the North Sea, and the other in the Atlantic many miles from aircraft bases. After both attacks, the pilots remained circling above where the submarines disappeared, and nothing more was seen of the U-boats. The following, says the communique, is the pilot's report of the North Sea attack:

"Reconnaissance aircraft sighted and attacked a submarine in position———. A salvo of anti-submarine bombs was dropped ahead of the periscope. The submarine dived steeply. The air-gunner said he definitely noticed a second underwater explosion after the explosion of the bombs. The aircraft then turned about, flew over the submarine a second time, and dropped a second salvo. Patches of oil were observed after the first salvo, and more extensively after the second attack. Nothing more was seen of the U-boat."

The pilot of the Atlantic patrol aircraft says: "An enemy submarine was sighted some distance away. It dived, and several heavy bombs were dropped on it. At first it was thought that there had been a direct hit. Dark objects appeared in the water after the attack, and air bubbles rose to the surface. A second bombing attack was made as near to the same position as possible. We circled over the area for some time, but nothing further was observed."

Germany Loses First Round

Germany has definitely lost the "first round" in her attempts to wage intensive aerial warfare against the British Fleet and British merchant shipping, according to naval observers here. On the balance, it is said, the German attacks in the Firth of Forth show a complete triumph for the defence.

Generally, the intensive operations of German bombers on parts of the British coast from October 16 onwards are regarded as of considerable importance, as it is the first time that modern aircraft have been pitted against modern warships.

In the raids on the Firth of Forth, Scapa Flow and on a British convoy in the North Sea, it is authoritatively revealed, sixteen German long-range bombers were definitely accounted for at a total cost of thirty British casualties and slight damage to the cruiser Southampton, the destroyer Mohawk, and the "demilitarized" battleship Iron Duke. All ships subjected to attack are said to have been ready for sea in a few days, and the only damage to the Southampton was a hole in the bridge caused by a bomb, which went through the outer part and burst in the water.

Heavy Costs for Enemy

"The heavy losses inflicted upon the enemy during these raids," it is declared, "prove that it will be extremely difficult for attackers to break through the defences of our battleships. All attempts to do so would mean more and more heavy losses to the enemy, for British naval and air experts are convinced that we have now got their 'measure,' and are ready to meet any surprises Germany might have in store for us.

"Germany may make much more intensive attacks, but there is a firm belief that they would be repulsed with such terrifying casualties that it would make them hesitate before launching massed assaults."

U-Boat Menace Controlled

With reference to U-boat activities, it is pointed out that although two British, four French and three neutral ships were sunk last week, the losses were small as compared with the average during the intensive period of submarine effort in 1917. British losses last week, it is said, amounted only to ten per cent. in number, and 21 per cent. in tonnage, of comparative figures.

Complaints continue to be received on the part of neutrals as regard to delays owing to the Contraband Control, but it is pointed out that if neutrals would realise the British point of view and co-operate, much delay would be avoided. It is believed that the German authorities are planning to make it more difficult to distinguish between genuine and false consignees.

It is announced that there is no confirmation of the report that a cruiser has sunk the German air-base vessel Schwabenland, which is thought to be the raider which sank the Clement. The report, however, is not denied. There is also no confirmation in regard to a reported battle off Jutland.—Reuter.

Rangoon, Chunking Air Service Soon

Chungking, Oct. 24.

The early inauguration of a direct air mail and passenger service between Chungking and Rangoon is reported here. Stops will be made at Kunming and Lashio.

Passenger fares are officially announced as follows:—Chungking to Kunming, $325. Kunming to Lashio, $550. Lashio to Rangoon. $650. Rangoon to Kunming, £30. Rangoon to Lashio, £16. Lashio to Kunming, £14.

The Chungking-Rangoon line will be operated by the China National Aviation Corporation, which is a Sino-American concern. It is also reported that the Eurasia Line is shortly resuming the air mail and passenger service between Hongkong and Chungking.—Reuter.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling $4\frac{33}{32}$d. U.S.$ $8\frac{1}{16}$c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, Oct. 24.

Considerably higher prices for silver were fixed in London today, with quotations being:—

	Oct. 23	Oct. 24
London spot	$23\frac{3}{8}$d.	$23\frac{3}{8}$d.
" forward	$22\frac{29}{32}$d.	$22\frac{29}{32}$d.
" gold	168/-	168/-

London/New York:

	Oct. 23 Close	Oct. 24 1 p.m.
One pound	U.S.$4.0200	$4.0200
One U.S. dollar	59.701d.	59.701d.

—Reuter.

Arming Merchant Ships Justified

German Theory Refuted As Being Contrary to International Laws

London, Oct. 24.

A German broadcast announcement, that in future British ships will only be allowed to enter Dutch territorial waters after the surrender of their armament, is described here as untrue. The entry into Netherlands ports of merchantmen of all nations fitted with guns for self-defence, it is pointed out, is regulated by the Netherlands proclamation of neutrality.

Merchantmen, such as British, it is said, are armed for one purpose only, namely, self-defence against German U-boats, which sink British and neutral ships.

The wording of the Netherlands proclamation is such that British ships trading to Netherlands ports, and genuinely armed for self-protection against German ships, will suffer no restriction.

The claim of the German Government that arming for self-defence converts a merchant vessel into a warship, is stated not to be in accordance with international law, under which such arming is a normal and recognized procedure. Germany, it is pointed out, is the only country which denies the right of a merchantman to defend herself when attacked by a submarine determined on sinking her.—Reuter.

British Aircraft Saves Convoy from Mines

Drifting Menace Spotted and Ships Warned in Time

London, Oct. 24.

An auxiliary British air force squadron saved a convoy of merchant ships in the North Sea from possible disaster from German mines. This was revealed today by an official account.

Drifting German mines were observed in two places, at an interval of an hour each time, close to and directly in the path of the leading ships.

Smoke flares were dropped, and warnings flashed by lamp, in time for the ships on the first occasion to follow a new course, and on the second occasion for an escorting destroyer to get rid of the mine with machine-gun fire.

The detection of the mines is said to be proof of careful and skilful observation.—Reuter.

Two More British Ships Sunk

Details Given of Loss of Sea Venture and White Mantle

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 23.

Details of the sinking of two British ships were disclosed today. They were the Sea Venture (1,375 tons), sunk by German action off the north-coast of Scotland, and the White Mantle (1,692 tons), sunk after an explosion.

The Sea Venture's crew of 25 men was landed on an island in one of the steamer's boats, after rowing for 15 miles. The ship took nearly three hours to sink.

Fourteen members of the crew of the White Mantle are missing, but they may have been picked up by another vessel. Five members of her crew were rescued by a trawler, which landed them at a port on the east coast. All the injured men were taken to hospital. The survivors were unable to say whether the explosion in the White Mantle was caused by a mine or submarine.—Reuter.

U-Boats Unable to Use American Ports

London, Oct. 24.

President Roosevelt's decree, prohibiting submarines to enter United States territorial waters, effectively prevents German submarines from using American ports as in the last war, when the British were obliged to maintain a patrol, according to observers here.—Reuter.

Polish Gold Not to Be Handed to Turkey

London, Oct. 24.

The German suggestion that the gold of the Polish National Bank, removed before the German occupation, may be handed to Turkey by the British Government, is officially denied. The gold is the property of the Polish Government which alone can dispose of it.—Reuter.

Denmark Denies Kiel Canal Request

Copenhagen, Oct. 23.

Denmark received no official notice of Germany's demand that all the Nordic States should have their merchant ships pass through the Kiel Canal instead of taking the Baltic routes south, a Foreign Ministry spokesman announced today.—Havas.

Former Detective-Sergeant Sues Municipal Council

Wrongful Dismissal Alleged; £500 Claimed from Superannuation Fund; Question of Pistol Seizure

A FORMER detective-sergeant of the Shanghai Municipal Police, attached to Central Police Station, Patrick J. Kelly, appeared as petitioner before the Court of Consuls yesterday afternoon in an action against the Shanghai Municipal Council. Kelly claimed that he had been wrongfully dismissed from the force and he asked that the Council should pay him a sum of about £500 which, he stated, was the amount standing to his credit in the superannuation fund.

He had been wrongfully deprived of this sum and also of $8,546 which represented six months' pay, he alleged.

The petitioner further claimed that the Council should pay his, his wife's and his children's second-class passage money to England, court fees and $500. Mr. Clarence E. Gauss, U.S. Consul-General, presided and he was supported by Sir Herbert Phillips, H.M. Consul-General, and Mr. Y. Miura, Japanese Consul-General.

Kelly was represented by Mr. H. A. Reeks of Messrs. Ellis & Hays, while Mr. R. T. Bryan jun., Municipal Advocate, appeared on behalf of the Shanghai Municipal Council. Mr. E. A. Long, Secretary of the Court of Consuls, was also present.

Before calling on Kelly to give evidence Mr. Reeks stated that this was not a trial as to whether petitioner was guilty of the charges with which he had been charged but that the Council had acted in an irregular manner, even high-handed manner, in terminating his employment and taking away monies which were his.

At this point Mr. Bryan handed to the Court a record of the original trial of Kelly, the report of the trial officer, the report of the Municipal Advocate, the petitioner's personal diary and the Shanghai Municipal Police Guide and Regulations.

"After a man has been proved guilty of not having made a report of the seizure of a pistol and ammunition the thing is to prove that the pistol and ammunition were, in fact, seized," Mr. Reeks stated. "Was there a pistol and ammunition seized?" he asked.

Report Inaccurate

Kelly was then sworn and Mr. Reeks explained to the Court that, although it might transpire that petitioner would make an attack on one or two persons, he was in Court to re-establish his own credit.

Petitioner told the court that he was born in Carlisle, England, and that he had been engaged by the Shanghai Municipal Police in London on October 3, 1929. He had been given the Terms of Employment together with a copy of King's Regulations which, he was told, would be applicable to him. He received his letter of appointment in Shanghai.

He began service in Shanghai on November 11, 1929, the appointment being confirmed by the letter of appointment in August 1931. Later he had been faced with four charges which amounted to breaches of discipline. On two of these he had pleaded technically, but not wilfully guilty.

The report of the police proceedings against him, he said, had been taken down by the Divisional Officer, Assistant Commissioner H.D.M. Robertson. This report was inacurate, some questions which were asked and answered, not being included. There had also been alterations, he said.

Loss of $30,000

At the time he faced these charges there were also charges against other police officers, some of them having been accused of extortion of money. He had been found guilty of having been concerned in the extortion and he had received a most severe punishment. This had caused a loss to him of more than $30,000.

Petitioner continued that he was married and had two children, who had sailed to England with his wife. He had stayed behind to fight this case but it was his intention to return to England where he had served in the Territorial Army.

There had been no preliminary enquiry, Kelly stated, and he was first questioned by Mr. Robertson at what was called his trial. He had been told by senior members of the Force that Mr. Robertson did not possess the right to try him and that a court should consist of a divisional officer and two superintendents. In the first place when he was questioned by Mr. Robertson, Supt. Mason had been present.

Drawers Searched

He had been asked if he had paid a visit to Taku Road on March 30 in connection with an opium case. Asked why he had not mentioned this visit in his diary Kelly replied that he did not think it was necessary as he had reported it in the motor car diary. After the questioning he left the room and half an hour later he was informed that he had been suspended from duty, his drawers were searched and he was told to hand over his pistol and warrant card.

On April 11 a list of charges was handed to him and a number of statements made by various people were handed to him. He was told to hand the statements to Chinese detectives for them to read.

Mr. Reeks then dealt with the first and third charges against Kelly which were that he had knowingly made and signed a false statement in an official document, First Crime Diary, F.I.R. 821, and that on March 30, at Central Station, he had made a false and untrue statement in his detective's diary book. At this point Mr. Reeks pointed out that the latter document was nothing more than a duty roster.

No Time to Fill In Diary

In practice, Kelly told the Court, the instructions at the front of the book were not carried out. There would be no time to fill in the diary. Many detectives made out the diary in the same manner as he did. On the day in questioning he had had a poisoning and a larceny case and had visited many places which he had not entered in the diary. The inspector-in-charge of the C.I.D. at central had ticked off the entries. Petitioner denied that he was trying to conceal his visit to Taku Road as he had entered it in the motor car diary. On that day he had visited three places in connection with a poisoning case and others.

He explained that the first crime diary was a document prepared by the detectives in the force for the Municipal Advocate with a view to prosecution when an arrest was made. In his case a second man had been arrested in connection with the opium case and it had been found that he had no connection with the case, therefore no entry had been made in the first crime diary. If a case was of no particular importance a detective wrote the main body of the report and handed it to a Chinese clerk to complete for the F.I.R.

Not Adhered to

The practice of placing the names of places visited in the first crime book was not adhered to by many detectives in the force. In this case he had been to Taku Road and had found nothing there to warrant a conviction of a man. Therefore, it had not been necessary to enter the visit in the book. He had, however, placed therein a visit to Tsingkong Li, off Jessfield Road when six men were convicted in the District Court.

The first sheet of the diary, he said, had been typed by the clerk from information received from the F.I.R. The possession of two ounces of opium was, however, a trivial offence. Here he pointed out that he had been accused of making a false entry in the first crime diary when the diary had been typed by a Chinese clerk who had guessed at the hour at which the case had been concluded. He admitted being technically guilty of these wrong entries.

Kelly then pointed out that a question and answer put to him had not been reported correctly. The question was, he said, "Did you take from two o'clock until six to investigate this opium possession case?" and his answer had been given as "Yes." He had not replied in this way, but that he had released the prisoner at six o'clock and had been on other cases as well.

He stated that the Municipal Advocate had put into his mouth a certain statement at his trial. This was that he had not thought it strange that all the detectives, who had gone to Taku Road, had not mentioned it in their diaries. He had replied that he was not responsible for their actions. (On this trifling case he had been engaged for a few minutes during the day and he had also been investigating an attempted suicide, the snatching of $1,000, a shooting on Szechuen Road Bridge and a larceny case in Kiangsi Road. In addition there were many other cases.

Second Charge

Mr. Reeks then stated that the second charge had first been framed that Kelly, without making an official entry in the charge-room, had released a Chinese prisoner. Later this had been amended, when it had been found out that it was not his duty to make an entry, to a charge that he had unnecessarily detained one Chinese and had released him in an improper manner.

Kelly then told the Court that in connection with this case the First Information Report was made out by Sub-Ins. Darters and the fact that a man had been arrested for being in possession of opium should have been entered in the report. "It was not my duty to make the entry," he went on.

About five o'clock that afternoon he found that a second man had been arrested in connection with the case and he was about to question this man when he was ordered to complete another report. About 8.40 p.m. he took his wife to a whist drive and a telephone message came to him that the prisoner had not been released. He thereupon went down to the charge-room and released the man with the assistance of Sub-Insp. Verhovsky, who stated that there was no entry about the man and that it was Sub-Insp. Darter's duty to make the entry.

At times, he said, prisoners were released by the gatemen and Mr. Verhovsky who was on charge-room duty did not know for two hours that a man was being detained. The second man, arrested on suspicion, Kelly stated, had not been blackmailed. His arrest was not entered in the crime diary as it was found he had no connection with the case. He admitted that his diary was wrong by about ten minutes or so in the times but there had been no falsification of the entries.

Question of Missing Pistol

The fourth charge against Kelly was that he had failed to account for money, pistol and ammunition and opium taken at House 7, Lane 183 Taku Road. Kelly alleged that there had been no pistol or ammunition found in the house. The man arrested had stated that a pistol and ammunition had been found because a detective had told him that a paper parcel contained these articles. In this case the Chinese alleged to have been blackmailed did not give evidence in the District Court where the case was heard.

Mr. Reeks:—Kelly, had you found a pistol and ammunition, would you have been guilty of a serious offence?—I should have been guilty of a serious crime against the police force. I should have been guilty of a criminal offence. They asked me no questions about the pistol but searched my drawers before it was ever mentioned. The only serious charge against me is having seized a pistol and ammunition. If I had seized it and had failed to return it I could have been charged with larceny. There were no proceedings against me. There was certainly no ammunition and pistol in that house.

Kelly then stated that during the questioning of a Chinese lawyer in connection with the charges, Mr. Robertson had called the man a liar and had threatened to have him removed from the Court lawyers' roll by using his infuence with Mr. Bryan. Mr. Robertson had also accused witness of having concocted a story by collaborating with Chinese detectives. Petitioner had also questioned Mr. Verhovsky, who had not been seen until a fortnight later by Mr. Robertson, about his memory for facts which happened so long ago. He had been stopped, however.

Case Adjourned

In connection with the extortion charge the complainant's wife had not implicated him in any way. Kelly then told the Court that he had gained six awards during his service and had received six punishments. The awards included a commendation for arresting a gang of murderers while the offences entered against him had been committed during his first three years in the force when he was a young policeman. None of them were serious.

Referring to the release of the Chinese, Kelly said that this would have been regular had Sub-Insp. Darters entered it. Verhovsky did not enter it as it would have made Sub-Insp. Darters look careless. He added that there was a certain amount of friction between the plain-clothes branch and the uniformed men. There were arguments between the two branches and a certain amount of jealousy.

The hearing was then adjourned until tomorrow at 2.30 p.m.

Bulgarian-Rumanian Clash Occurs

Bucharest, Oct. 24.

A serious clash occurred near Sarcinla in the Dobrudja, between Bulgarian Comitadjis and Rumanian gendarmes, it was officially announced today. Two gendarmes were seriously wounded and the authorities have started an investigation. The Comitadjis were equipped with Bulgarian army weapons, official Rumanian reports said.—United Press.

Germans Capture U.S. Merchantman

(Continued from page 7)

repercussions on the Neutrality debate."

The "New York Herald-Tribune" reports that Senator James F. Byrnes, Democrat, South Carolina, one of the Administration's leading fighters for the repeal of the arms embargo clause of the Neutrality Act, said that at first sight, the seizure appears "a most high-handed proceeding" for which explanations will undoubtedly be demanded.

The City of Flint was taken to Tromso (Norway) on October 21 from which she sailed for Murmansk in accordance with International Law, which requires that a ship seized under war conditions cannot remain in a neutral port.—Reuter.

Russia's Attitude Awaited

Princeton, Oct. 24.

Mr. Edward S. Corwin, Professor of Jurisprudence at Princeton University, today said that Germany was within her rights under international law in seizing the American merchantman City of Flint if the ship carried contraband.

One of the most interesting developments as a result of the seizure and the taking of the vessel to a Russian port will be the clarification of Russia's real relations with Germany, he said. "The point at issue," he said, "is the taking of the ship to the supposedly neutral port of Murmansk."—United Press.

French Release N.Y.K. Fushimi Maru

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

The Fushimi Maru, 10,936-ton liner of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, which had been detained by French authorities at Marseilles since October 9, was released, the N.Y.K. office here announced today.

The Fushimi Maru sailed from Marseilles for London on October 22 after unloading part of her cargo, according to information received by the firm.

The ship sailed from Yokohama on August 27 with fish oils, canned goods which perhaps were regarded by the French authorities as contraband.—Domei.

Moscow Castigates U.S. "Agents" in Shanghai

Moscow, Oct. 24.

American agents were today accused in a special dispatch from Shanghai published by the "Izvestia," Government organ, of having hindered improvement of relations between the Soviet Union and the Japanese.

"Americans are convinced that better Soviet-Japanese relations might strengthen Japan which would contravene American interests," the dispatch from Shanghai said.

Another dispatch, from New York, and published by the "Pravda," Communist Party organ, charged American munition manufacturers with plotting for a long and "serious" war.—United Press.

German Airmen Picked Up by British Warships

London, Oct. 24.

After drifting about in the sea for three days in a rubber boat, two German airmen were picked up by British warships and landed on the west coast today. They said their aircraft had been shot down by a British machine, and that they had to take to the rubber boat when their plane sank.—Reuter.

Twelve Ships Being Built For Japan-China Runs

Twelve passenger and freight vessels totaling 44,144 tons are being built for the Toa Kaiun Kaisha for its shipping services between Japan and China and along the China Coast, the Shanghai "Mainichi" has reported. Since its formation, the new shipping firm has taken over 59 vessels totaling 152,095 tons from other companies.

New Court Opened

A ceremony marking the opening of the Western District Court in the former quarters of Great China University on Chungshan Road was held at 10 a.m. yesterday, according to the "Mainichi." Presided over by Mr. Liu Chi, President of the court, the meeting was attended by Major-Gen. Yoshiharu Takeshita, Chief of the Japanese Army Special Service Section here, and a number of other distinguished Japanese and Chinese.

Breach of Contract Action

Builder Claims Interference by Owner Illegal; Question of Increase in Cost of Materials

CLAIMING a total of $118,084.55 for alleged breach of contract, Mr. Loh Nan-tsoo, contractor, represented by Mr. M. Reader Harris, is the plaintiff and Mr. R. M. Joseph, represented by Mr. J. R. Jones, is the defendant in an action heard by Judge Sir Allan Mossop, in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday. The hearing, which lasted the whole day, was adjourned to 10 a.m., today, after Mr. Reader Harris had examined his client in the witness-box, while Mr. Jones was able to start his cross-examination.

In compliance with the terms of a written agreement signed between the two parties on June 12, 1937, plaintiff was to supply material and labour for the construction of an apartment house on Avenue Joffre, at a price of $293,000 and the building was to be completed on or before June 16, 1938, Mr. Harris stated in opening his pleadings.

According to the agreement, plaintiff was to receive payments for the work completed and materials bought upon presentation of the usual certificate issued by the architects, Messrs. Davies, Brooke & Gran, it being understood that 20 per cent. of all amounts due should be withheld until six months after the completion of the building, while the amounts payable at any one time would have to be over $10,000, Mr. Harris added.

On November 3, 1937, the first statement amounting to $31,051 was presented, but only $15,000 were paid defendant, Mr. Harris added, although he would have been entitled to receive 80 per cent. of the original amount. The balance thus due, Mr. Harris continued, was to have been paid his client upon resumption of work which was interrupted as a result of Sino-Japanese hostilities.

Interference Alleged

Mr. Harris alleged that defendant continuously interfered in matters which are entirely at the discretion of the architects and that in this way the architects were unable to perform their duties impartially and discreetly as set out in the agreement and in compliance with the legal status of architects who actually act as intermediaries between the contractor and the owner of the building.

The total amount of the claim includes $45,000 which plaintiff is alleged to have deposited with the defendant as a surety for the fulfilment of the agreement; $42,270.38 for work and materials supplied by the plaintiff; $30,169.69 for plants and machinery on the site and $644.48 for additional materials.

The entire morning and the early part of the afternoon were taken up by Mr. Reader Harris who, in putting his case before the court, read out a large number of letters exchanged between the two parties, and quoted from the judgments rendered in the case of Roberts v. Hickman & Co. in 1913, in which, he claimed, the circumstances were practically the same as in the present case.

Mr. Loh in giving evidence later in the afternoon told the Court that he was a building contractor in Shanghai and that he had been in this business for the past seventeen years.

On June 12, 1937, he added, he entered an agreement with the defendant for the erection of an apartment building on Avenue Joffre, work being commenced immediately. When hostilities broke out in August of that year, witness continued, work had to be suspended owing to the inability on his part, to secure the labour and materials required.

Certificate Not Given

In reply to a question by His Lordship, witness said that he owned two yards, one on Ferry Road and the other at the corner of Ferry and Penang Roads. On November 8, 1937, he added, he put in an application for the first payment of $34,000 but the architect, witness claimed, only certified $15,000, promising to issue a certificate for the balance when work would be resumed.

"In view of the fact that work had been suspended and that Mr. Brooke (of Messrs. Davies, Brooke & Gran) had given me his assurances that I would get the rest as soon as the work would start again," witness continued, "I accepted this amount."

On March 1, 1938, witness said, he received a letter from the architects, requesting him to start work again within fourteen days, and work was started before March 14.

On March 26, witness stated, another application was forwarded to the architects for $5,660 in respect to the extra cost of additional materials purchased for the completion of foundation work and, although no reply was received, work was continued, being completed on May 20, on which day, witness personally presented another application for $33,560.15 to Mr. Brooke, who is alleged to have told him that he (Loh) would receive the certificate on the following day.

"When I saw Mr. Brooke the following day," witness continued, "he showed me a letter from the defendant's agents, Messrs. Atkinson & Dallas, Ltd., stating that the architects should not give me the certificate but that I would receive a letter in due course. I then received a letter demanding assurances that work would be carried out punctually in future. I in turn replied to the architects in writing, pointing out my position."

Extracts from the letter in question were then read to the Court from which it transpired that unless plaintiff received the money due him in addition to a compensation towards the increase in the costs of materials, he could give no assurances.

On May 23, witness added, a further application for $8,113.60 covering cost of extra purchases of materials was handed to Mr. Brooke and on May 31, he received a letter complaining of the fact that in the opinion of the architects, there were insufficient materials on the site and threatening that a change in contractors would be made unless certain work, specified in the contract, was completed within four days.

Sufficient Materials

Witness stated, however, that at the time he had sufficient materials on the site to work for the following seven days while additional materials had already been ordered and would be delivered by that time so that no delay would be caused.

Work was then carried on until June 25, when Messrs. J. F. Silva, R. D. K. Silby, R. M. Joseph and Victor Priestwood, who at the time acted as solicitor for the defendant, arrived at the site in the company of a large number of French Concession policemen who ordered all workmen to leave within ten minutes and, according to counsel for the plaintiff, did not even permit members of the staff to inform plaintiff of what had happened, over the telephone.

Architects Not Informed

Witness went on to state that when he was informed of this, he immediately went to the police to ask for reasons for the eviction and later received a written report from the police. The matter was reported to the architects and in a letter dated June 28, they informed him that they had no knowledge of the occurrence.

Witness then described at length the difficulties which he had to face while working on defendant's site, in view of the fact that the agents, who were also a firm of architects, gave instructions for alterations of work in course of completion. He then gave further details as to the alleged interference by the agents.

Cross-examining, Mr. Jones asked witness whether he had worked in collaboration with Messrs. Davis, Brooke & Gran on previous occasions during his seventeen years as a contractor. Plaintiff said that he had and that among the buildings constructed on behalf of this firm, is the Medhurst Apartment Building.

In reply to another question, witness stated that he was fully familiar with the terms of contracts such as the one signed between him and plaintiff. Asked whether the $15,000 due him on the first certificate had been promplty paid, Mr. Loh said that this was the case.

In reply to further questions, witness added that Messrs. Davies, Brooke & Gran had given him every facility for purchasing materials and that he had deposited money with them in order that they should procure certain materials, such as cement, for him. He denied, however, that the cement which was bought at that time was cheaper than prior to the local hostilities.

Force Majeure

"Did you know that Mr. Joseph was very concerned about the delay in the resumption of work?", Mr. Jones asked.

"Yes, but the reasons for the delay were beyond my control and I was prepared to carry out the contract, irrespective of the higher price of materials," Mr. Loh replied.

Mr. Jones—"I put it to you, that in your letter to the architects, you stated that you would have to receive payment $5,660 as otherwise you would be unable to go on with the work."

Mr. Loh:—"I always submit my applications to the architects who, being impartial, decide."

Mr. Jones:—"Did Mr. Brooke tell you that this claim was excessive?"

Mr. Loh:—"Yes, but sometimes we ask for $1,000 and only get $200 and no more."

In reply to another question, witness stated that Mr. Brooke always knew how much materials were on the site.

Mr. Jones then referred to a meeting which took place on April 8 and at which Messrs. Priestwood, Joseph, Brook and the plaintiff attended. He asked whether witness had then said that he was unable to avoid the delay due to *force majeure*. Witness said that he did not remember.

Asked whether he was familiar with the last paragraph of the agreement, according to which the agreement was binding irrespective of the fluctuation in the costs of materials, witness stated that he was, but that in his opinion this only referred to Customs duty.

The case was then adjourned and Mr. Jones will continue his cross-examination this morning.

Mr. S. Kurusu Chosen Reich Envoy

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

With the receipt today of notification that Germany approved the appointment the Cabinet decided to name Mr. Saburo Kurusu Ambassador to Germany tomorrow to succeed Lieut.-Gen. Hiroshi Oshima. Mr. Kurusu is now Ambassador to Belgium.

Mr. Nakane Naosuke, Consul, was ordered to assume his duties at Shanghai and Mr. S. Kimura also was assigned to the Embassy in China.—Domei.

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Letter Published from Athenia Survivor

Witness Definitely Saw U-Boat Conning Tower

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

A letter from a survivor of the Athenia, which was sunk by a German submarine on September 4, was published in the "News-Chronicle" today.

It gives a long description of the events following the torpedoing.

"I looked over the water on the port side and saw the deck and conning tower of a submarine about 300 yards away on the port bow," the letter states.

It was written by a 60-year-old Canadian, Mr. H. S. Swindley, of Toronto, to his London solicitors, Messrs Warmington and Edmonds, of Moorgate, London.—Reuter.

No War Stores Carried

Ottawa, Oct. 24.

The Ministry for External Affairs today issued a statement denying that the liner Athenia, torpedoed on September 4 when carrying American refugees from Europe, contained war stores.

"After a careful and complete check," the statement says, "it is conclusively proved that the Athenia carried no ammunition, or munitions of war of any nature, either as cargo or stores."—Reuter.

Exchange of Prisoners Not Yet Raised

London, Oct. 24.

Viscount Cobham, Under Secretary of State for War, stated in the House of Lords today that no question of exchange of prisoners of war had yet been raised. "At present," he added, "we hold no more than 110 German sailors and airmen, and a mere handful of British airmen are prisoners in German hands."—Reuter.

Greek Steamer Sunk In North Sea

London, Oct. 24.

The Greek steamer Konstantinos Hadjipateras was sunk in the North Sea today. Fifteen members of her crew were landed by life-boat. The captain said he believed that the ship was sunk by German action. Three of the crew and the English pilot, he added, were missing. Other seamen were picked up by another boat.—Reuter.

French Gunboat to Leave Hankow

Hankow, Oct. 24.

The French gunboat Tahure, which is anchored here, will sail down the Yangtze bound for Annam on November 1 with 60 colonial troops aboard and convoyed by a Japanese naval vessel, it was reported today.

Hereafter the French Concession here will be garrisoned by more than 100 troops and fourteen marines.—Domei.

Disorders Break Out In Vilna Region

Riga, Oct. 24.

Reports reaching here say grave disorders broke out today in Vilna and the surrounding region when the famished population looted food stores and shops. The militia restored order only after a pitched battle with the mob. There were many casualties on both sides.

The mob vented its rage against former Polish government buildings, looting and sacking all the rooms and then burning whatever furniture was found. There were acts of violence against Polish citizens and priests. At Smurgos three bandits cut out the tongue of an Orthodox priest after thrashing him. The aggressors were apprehended and compelled to dig their own graves before being shot.—Havas.

French Parliament to Be Convened

Extraordinary Session Set For Mid-November

Paris, Oct. 23.

The French Parliament will sit in extraordinary session during the second half of November to vote on the extension of the full powers held at present by the Premier, M. Edouard Daladier.

M. Daladier, concurrently War Minister, was granted full powers in matters of national defence last March. His powers expire on November 30. The Government wishes to have them renewed to facilitate quick legislation by means of decrees. Also during the latter part of November the Cabinet will present the 1940 Budget to the Chamber Finance Committee for preliminary examination.—Havas.

Admiral Inouye on China Seas Fleet Staff

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

Rear-Admiral Shigeyoshi Inouye, former Director of the Naval Affairs Bureau of the Ministry of Navy, today was appointed Chief of Staff of the Japanese China Seas Fleet, a communiqué issued by the Ministry said.—Domei.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS

We are instructed by the Company's Managing Directors to request Shippers of cargo consigned to West Africa to advise Consignees to forward to the P. & O. Co., London, disposal instructions of all such cargo shipped by the Company's steamers commencing with and since the "Soudan" which sailed hence for U. K. on 22nd July last.

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6

More News of British Operations Promised

Letter to "The Times" by Publicity Chief

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

An assurance of more news of British operations is conveyed in a letter to "The Times," published today, from Mr. J. H. Beith, Director of Public Relations in the War Office, answering criticism that German news and photographs have preponderated in American publications.

Hitherto, that was inevitable, he says, because:—

1. Publicity is among the forms of armaments in which the aggressor has initial, temporary advantage;
2. While the British are moving forces into position, secrecy is indispensable;
3. Herr Hitler's ferocious campaign in Poland gave great opportunities for sensational reporting. Some of it has done the Allied cause no harm, despite Dr. Goebbels' editing; and
4. Herr Hitler does not mind telling lies, "but we do."

Mr. Beith explains that the large body of correspondents now with the forces will have all facilities. "We never consider mere sensationalism, but are out to satisfy seekers after the truth."—Reuter.

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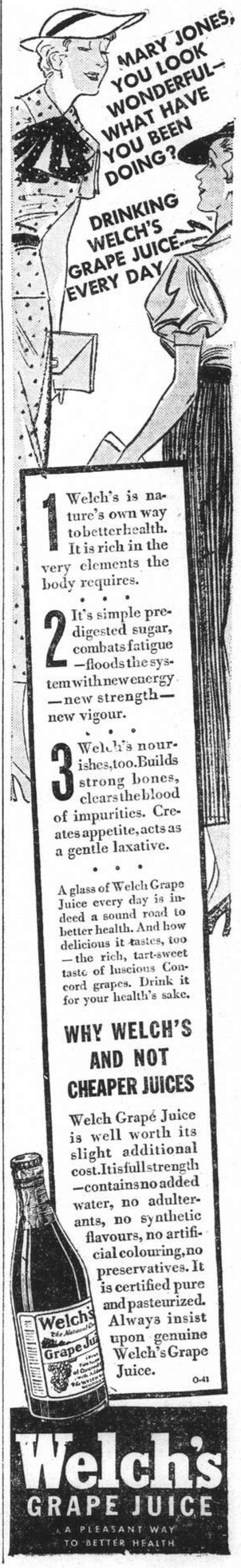

FROM DAY TO DAY

No compensation will be paid for loss of, or damage to, postal packets caused by enemy action, it is now announced by the Post Office.

SENOR Arnulfo Arias, Panama Minister in Paris, has been adopted as national candidate for the forthcoming presidential election in Panama.

MR. Saduro Kuruso, Japanese Ambassador to Brussels, would shortly be transferred to Berlin to take up his new post as envoy to the Reich, official D.N.B. (German) news agency reported on Monday. M. Kuruso will replace Major-General Hiroshi Oshima, present Ambassador.

THE autumn rally of Union Church congregation will be held this afternoon in the Church hall. Tea will be served from 5 to 6, and will be followed by a business session, when reports will be received from various organizations and plans for the winter session discussed.

THE second conference of the Kwangsi Provisional Political Council will be held in Kweilin, the provincial capital, in the first week of November, says a Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." All members of the Council have been requested to be present in Kweilin on or before November 1, the report adds.

THE Hospital Committee of the King's Daughters' Society will be very grateful to the public for donations of old books and magazines for distribution among patients of various Shanghai hospitals. Books and magazines may be sent to 868 Avenue Foch, or please telephone 38175 and they will be sent for.

DID I say there is still some order left in Europe? asks a reporter of a London paper. This message has just come in: The seismograph at Selfridge's in London recorded a small earthquake last Friday between 1.27 p.m. and 2.32 p.m. It is believed to have been in Italy. Yes, it's nice to read about something else.

MISS Anne Hsi, Chinese painter, told the United Press in New York on Monday that the date for the exhibition of her paintings had not yet been settled, but she felt it would be some time before Christmas. Meanwhile, she was very busy making arrangements for seeing New York, accompanied by her sister Maying, of Boston.

THE Kunming-Haiphong passenger train services have been resumed following the repair of sections of the railway tracks which were damaged by heavy rainfall recently, says a Kunming Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." Freight services, however, will not be resumed until further necessary repairs have been completed, the report states.

SIR Eric Phipps, British Ambassador to France, left Paris Monday evening on retirement. He was bade farewell at the railway station by many French statesmen, including the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Auguste Champetier de Ribes. He is to be replaced here by Sir Ronald Hugh Campbell, former Minister to Yugoslavia.

THE Chinese National Government in Chungking has received from the Chinese in Ningpo, overseas Chinese in New York, and from the Fukien Provincial Anti-Japanese Association a sum of $100,000 each, being their contributions to the war chest in celebration of the recent Chinese victories in North Hunan, says a Chungking Chinese message to the "Shun Pao."

DURING the first eight months of the current year, Chinese medicinal herbs valued at $12,000,000 were exported to British Malaya, via Hongkong, says the "Shun Pao." These herbs were exported from the provinces of Szechuen, Kweichow and Yunnan. It is expected that the exports will reach a total value of $20,000,000 by the end of December, the report states.

A BUREAU of Personnel will shortly be established for the provinces of Shensi, Kansu, Ninghsia and Tsinghai. Another will be established for the provinces of Yunnan, Kwangtung and Kwangsi by the Ministry of Personnel of the Chinese National Government in Chungking, says a Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." Special representatives will be sent to the other provinces to enforce the regulations of the Ministry, the report states.

AN admiral who for 76 years studied the Bible every day died at Tite-Street, Chelsea, S. W., on September 10. He was Admiral Sir George King-Hall, father of Commander Stephen King-Hall. He was in his ninetieth year. An Admiral's son, Sir George King-Hall entered the British Navy in 1863. For the past year of his life Sir George was blind and had been unable to read his Bible. Instead he used gramophone records of the Scriptures.

DR. John Gilbert Reid, recently assistant professor of history at the University of Oregon, has accepted an appointment from the Department of State at Washington, D. C., to serve as Research Associate in International Relations in its Division of Research and Publication. He will specialize in the field of the Far East and began duties at Washington on September 18. His mother, Mrs. Gilbert Reid, has accompanied him, and they are residing at the George Washington Inn, New Jersey Avenue and C. Street, S.E., on Capitol Hill.

THE first special French programme of the season (under the patronage of the Alliance Française) to be given at the Lyceum Theatre, on Sunday, October 29, at 5.15 p.m. is as follows:—

Symphonic Suite "Pelleas et Melisande" .....Gabriel Faure
..Prelude; Fileuse; Sicilienne; La Mort de Melisande.
(First Performance)
Songs with Orchestra acc.
La vie anterieure .....Duparc
La Cloche .....Debussy
Chanson perpetuelle .....Chausson
Le Colibri .....Chausson
Vocalist: Lisa Robitchek
Dance—Poem "La Peri"
preceded by a "Fanfare" ..Paul Dukas
(First Performance)
Symphony in G minor .....Ed. Lalo
Andante—Allegro non troppo
Scherzo: Vivace
Adagio
Finale: Allegro
Conductor: Maestro Mario Paci.

Marked Increase in Malaria Here Last Month

Cases Increase Despite Health Department Efforts; Cholera Attained Epidemic Figures

MALARIA showed a well marked increase in Shanghai last month, according to the report of the Commissioner of Public Health, who states in his monthly report that 155 cases were notified during September as against 86 for the same month last year. This occurred in spite of the concentration of the efforts of the malarial squads on anopheline breeding grounds. The Commissioner observes: "It is probable that the lack of cultivation and the increase of waste land have encouraged mosquito breeding in areas surrounding the treated area, factors which can only be eliminated in the course of time through the progress of roads and the levelling of land which accompanies town development."

A second-hand motor truck, suitably converted to carry and drive a high pressure motor power spray pump, was put into use during the month. Sufficient flexible steel hose is carried to enable the spraying of swamps and ponds within 200 yards of the nearest roadway or passable lane. In addition to a staff of twelve trained coolies and a supervisor, a hand-power pump and knapsack sprayers are carried for the treatment of mosquito breeding sources either too small for, or beyond the range of, the motor pump. During a six-hour working day this mechanised unit would be able to spray approximately 16,000 square yards of water surface with a resultant increase in the more reliable control of major anopheline breeding places and on more economical lines.

Cholera Epidemic

Intestinal infections predominated in the month under review, although typhoid fever declined to some extent. The dysenteries in particular were very prevalent. Cholera, which had gradually established itself during August, attained epidemic figures at the beginning of the month, but did not show any signs of becoming a serious epidemic.

Whether anti-cholera inoculation has been partly responsible for the smaller numbers experienced so far this year is difficult to say, but it is certain that the lateness of the onset is not the only factor concerned, as the epidemic of 1937 demonstrated very clearly. It would seem that cholera, when established in epidemic form, does definitely follow a cycle as pointed out by this Department in 1930 and that severe epidemic years are seldom followed by another year of heavy incidence. Were it possible to ascertain the reasons for this cycle which has been observed previously in other cholera areas the work of prophylaxis would be considerably simplified. As it is, the existence of such a variation renders it impossible to state with any degree of certainty how far measures taken against the disease have been successful.

Vital Statistics

Foreign Births.—121 foreign births were recorded of which 100 were residents (44 males and 56 females) and the birth rate was 30.19 per mille. 73 of the resident births were Japanese. Chinese Births.—913 Chinese births were recorded of which 779 were residents, (466 males and 313 females).

Foreign deaths.—There were 64 deaths amongst the resident foreign community, of which nine were German Jewish Refugees and 37 non-Chinese Asiatics (33 Japanese, one Filipino and three Indians). The death rate was 19.32 per mille, and the major causes of death were dysentery, tuberculosis, pneumonia and diarrhoeas. Chinese deaths.—Chinese deaths recorded were 2,347, of which 1,383 were exposed corpses. 431 deaths were due to communicable diseases, the major causes of death being tuberculosis, typhoid fever, dysentery and diarrhoeas.

Communicable Diseases

Cholera, dysentery and malaria increased, whilst typhoid fevers and tuberculosis decreased when compared with last month. Other diseases showed very little change. Cholera was declared epidemic in the International Settlement at the beginning of the month. 145 true cases occurred amongst the Chinese, resulting in 39 deaths. Of these 19 had been inoculated within the past two years whilst 126 had never received any prophylaxis. One Japanese died from the disease. 62 cases of dysentery were notified as against 481 in August. Bacillary dysentery especially was very prevalent amongst the German Jewish Refugees, 64 cases occurring resulting in 11 deaths. Typhoid and paratyphoid accounted for 179 Chinese cases as against 285 in August and 32 cases amongst foreigners. 155 cases of malaria were notified, 81 occurring in the Eastern district.

Food Situation in Shanghai Better

Record Receipts Recorded At Abattoir; Pork Frozen For Export

The highest receipts at the Municipal Abattoir in five years were registered in September owing to the considerable increase in activities, especially in the kill of oxen and buffaloes, according to the report of the Commissioner of Public Health.

Of special interest as regards the meat market and gold storage plant was the packing and freezing of 27,617 lbs. of pork for export. The two private pig slaughterhouses recorded a kill of 35,787 for the month, an increase of 3,726 over the previous month's figures.

A considerable decrease was recorded in exports of both casings and lard, due to the European situation. Only 26 certificates were issued in comparison with 60 last month and three the corresponding month last year.

Business increased during the month and prices on the whole were more steady. Beef, pork and fresh vegetables were adequate with fish slightly less in evidence. Prosecutions mainly covered fraud, the possession of fradulent scales, and the sale of unsound foodstuffs and cold drinks.

The average daily milk production was 33,075 lb. and cream 254 lb. Of 79 samples for chemical analysis, two (unlicensed) were found to be below standard. Of 65 samples taken for bacteriological examination, 17 were below standard. For repeated breaches of licence conditions, mainly on account of dealing in unlicensed milk, licences of two dairies were suspended for three and four months respectively.

Murder Aired in District Court

Alleged Mistress of Three Men Killed

How a Chinese woman fell in love with three men including her common law husband for several years without the knowledge of any one of them until recently, when two of them decided to get rid of her and caused her death from stab wounds was told by the police prosecutor in the First Special District Court yesterday. Her common-law husband and a second lover alleged to be the actual killer were brought before the tribunal on a writ of detention pending the completion of an inquest. Hearing was postponed for a week.

It will be recalled that the love entanglement ended in tragedy on Monday shortly before 6 p.m. when one of the lovers of Mrs. Tu Wangsze summoned her common law husband to their home in Yulin Road. The lover, Liu Lin-fu and alleged murderer, told the husband, Tu Dehfah, that his wife had been in love with another man named Chou Yungtsai for two years. There was a quarrel during which she denied that she had relations with Chou but admitted that she had been in love with Liu.

Tu was shocked to learn that his informer was no other than another lover. For a time the question puzzled him but all agreed to get the truth from the third man. It was revealed in Court that before they could find this third man Liu suggested to the husband that they should get rid of the woman. At the alleged instigation of Liu a meeting was held between the two men and they decided to buy a knife to kill her. It was alleged that Liu paid $2 for the knife and armed with the weapon they went to Mrs. Tu's home.

Tried to Spy on Her

They urged Mrs. Tu to leave in order to find the third lover while they secretly followed her. Shortly after 5 p.m. both men returned and were surprised to learn that, he had arrived before they did. Climaxing the whole affair the husband at once picked a quarrel and tried to beat the woman. It so happened that he was no match for her and when he shouted for help Liu stabbed the woman several times. A neighbour informed the Yulin Road police resulting in both being arrested. The woman died before she reached hospital.

Asia Development Board Investigates Foodstuffs

Peiping, Oct. 24.

The north China office of the Asia Development Board is now conducting detailed investigations into the food supplies in various places in North China preparatory to embarking on wholesale rational redistribution measures, states the Chinese press.

It is stated that tentative plans provide for the supply of foodstuffs to flooded areas from areas not affected by floods this year. Should these plans still prove inadequate Japanese and Manchoukuo foodstuffs would be shipped to North China. Foodstuffs of Third Powers would be the last resort.—Reuter.

Swedish Ship Torpedoed

Stockholm, Oct. 24.

The owners of the Swedish steamer Albania announced that two members of the crew were drowned when the steamer was sunk on the high seas. She is believed to have been the victim of a submarine attack.—Reuter.

Robber Suspects Detained

Women Included In Gang Arrested For Robbery of Tobacco Shop

Ten robber suspects, several of them women, are being detained by the Second Special District Court in connection with the armed robbery committed on October 12 in a Chinese tobacco shop at 218 Rue du Consulat where the men stole more than $6,000 in cash and two gold bars worth also several thousand dollars. Several accused men have confessed to the crime in court but their alleged leader denied that he had anything to do with the other accused. The case will be heard on November 10.

The suspects were recently arrested by the French police as a result of a series of raids, and while most of the accused were caught in a small hotel in Rue du Marche, four pistols and 82 rounds of ammunition were seized in another Concession hotel through the alleged confession made by the arrested men. Among the arrested men one is alleged to be an assistant of the victimized Chinese shop suggesting that the crime might be an inside job.

Facing the court on Monday afternoon three men admitted that at the instigation of their "teacher" Ho Laoshan they had committed the crime. They said that he led the gang but Ho steadfastly denied this asserting that his "comrades" had done the job without knowledge. The shop assistant also denied that it was through his information that the robbers were able to victimize his shop. The other suspects also denied that they had anything to do with the gang.

It was revealed in court that Ho, aged only 23, has been the manager of a small tea house in Great Western Road. Making full use of the unsettled situation in the western district he has collected about him a group of his men and organized a "company" and obtained firearms from undisclosed quarters. It has not been revealed yet as to whether or not the stolen money had been totally recovered but it was made known that part of the money stolen had been recovered. The men were alleged to have spent lavishly on clothing and in gambling houses after the crime suggesting that it would be impossible for the authorities to recover the total cash booty immediately.

Royal Asiatic Society

The lecture on "China, the Land of Silk" which Dr. Bernard E. Read is delivering before the Royal Asiatic Society at 20 Museum Road tomorrow afternoon at 5.30 o'clock promises to be an unusually interesting one.

As is generally known, the use of silk originated in China at a very early date. As far back as the Han period it was an important article of trade between China and the Roman Empire, but long before that, in the Shang Dynasty (1776-1122 B. C.), the Chinese were using fabrics made of silk. Indeed, the Chinese themselves attribute the discovery of silk and the cultivation of the silkworm to Lei Tsu, wife of the illustrious Huang Ti, or Yellow Emperor, one of the five semi-mythical rulers, who is said to have reigned from 2698 to 2598 B. C. All through China's history silk has played an important part in the commercial affairs of this country and in the life of the people. The lecture will be illustrated with lantern slides, and is open to the public.

During the month of September there were 1,752 visitors to the Shanghai Museum, which is one of the Royal Asiatic Society's major activities, while the Reading Room attached to the Society's Library was used by 530 students and research workers. A number of publications were received by the Library, including an almost complete set of the "China Year Book" from 1923 to 1938.

The following further contributions to the Society's building fund have been received since the last was published:

Previously acknowledged	$14,440.14
Douthirt, Mrs. J. B.	320.00
Williams, K. S.	130.08
Britton, R. S.	62.01
Sarkar, Prof. B. K.	58.82
Yetts, Prof. W. P.	52.60
Schoch, J. E.	50.00
Nates, C. E.	40.00
Anonymous	40.00
Latourette, K. S.	32.52
Kliene, Ch. (Supplementary) ..	30.00
Fitch, Dr. & Mrs. Robert	20.00
	$15,276.17

Two Bodyguards Sent To Prison

Hu Ching-hai and Chang Chienchung, two bodyguards of Lee Ting-shih, head of the Public Utility Bureau of the Shanghai "Special Municipality" were each sentenced to one year and six months' imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court for killing an innocent sing song girl during a shoot-up staged in a sing song house on October 14 off Kwangsi Road near Canton Road. The actual would-be assassins are still at large.

It will be recalled that the shooting occurred when Lee was entertaining some Chinese and Japanese colleagues. Two gunmen broke into the house at the height of entertainment shortly after 10 p.m. and after entering an upstairs room where they found the party they fired many shots wounding two Japanese advisers attached to the new Kiangwan city regime.

When the gunmen were escaping Lee's bodyguards opened fire downstairs through a window. Instead of hurting any of the gunmen, experts later proved that their bullets killed a sing song girl who was about to step into the house.

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Tokyo Envoy in Moscow Goes to Berlin

Mr. Togo Explains That He Requires "Dental Care"

Moscow, Oct. 23.

Mr. Shigenori Togo, Japanese Ambassador to Soviet Russia, left for Berlin today to receive "dental care." He is to return on Friday, October 27, when parleys are to be resumed on the Nomonhan problem.

The despatch of a mixed committee to settle the Soviet-Japanese question on the Outer Mongolian-Manchoukuoan borders was delayed to date, it was said, because of dispute on terms for the exchange of prisoners-of-war.

Soviet negotiators, it was disclosed, wanted the Japanese to release not only the men captured during the Nomonhan hostilities but also airmen and other Soviet citizens who had been arrested in Manchoukuo prior to the conflict, mainly airmen who trespassed over Manchoukuo. This demand, to which the Japanese object, has led to assertions that the Soviets have more prisoners than the Japanese and therefore wish to "even out the score" by having Japan include practically all Soviets held in custody by her or Manchoukuo.—Havas.

Enquiry Into Loss of H.M.S. Royal Oak

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

It is learned in well-informed naval quarters that an enquiry into the sinking of the battleship Royal Oak is proceeding, but that no further details have yet been divulged. It is repeated that the German statements of another ship being torpedoed on the same occasion are without a vestige of foundation.—Reuter.

Goebbels' Allegations Ignored in U.S.A.

Washington, Oct. 24.

Dr. Goebbels' speech two days ago, in which he again alleged that Mr. Winston Churchill, the First Lord of the Admiralty, was responsible for the sinking of the Athenia, has struck officialdom here as ludicrous. No official notice is being taken of the speech.—Reuter.

Dr. B. G. GROSS, M.D.
SKIN AND URINARY DISEASES
(formerly Chief Physician of Prof. Blaschko's Dermatological Institute, Berlin)
Sasscon House, Nanking Road
Room 108 Telephone 12397
Hours: 8.30—10.30 a.m., 5—6.30 p.m.
-6362

B. & S. Ship Beached After Mishap

Hongkong, Oct. 24.

The China Navigation Company's vessel ss. Fatshan, which left here at 8 a.m. for Canton, has been beached on Lintin Island after having struck "an uncharted submerged object."

The ss. Kinshan, it is reported, is standing by.

Fifteen hundred passengers are aboard the Fatshan, including 40 Europeans. It is believed, however, that there are no casualties.—Reuter.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE FIRST SPECIAL AREA IN SHANGHAI

NOTICE No. 8878
(Translation)

In re Application for Letters of Administration of Estate of The Late

SAMUEL WEINGARTEN

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that:

Whereas Bluma Jacob, Herman (Hers) Jacob, and Lily Hays-Weingarten, and also H. Kammerling, the legal agent of "Oheil Moishe Synagogue," Shanghai, having filed a petition with this Court for issuance to them of Letters of Administration for the above-mentioned Estate, stating in essence that the deceased SAMUEL WEINGARTEN, Rumanian, died at Shanghai in December, 1936, at the age of 76, leaving a sum of money, namely, a current deposit with "Banque Belge pour l'Etranger (Extreme Orient)," Shanghai, amounting to Five Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighteen Dollars Seventy Eight Cents Chinese National Currency (CNC$5,718.78) as per balance on the date of the First of July, 1939, and in accordance with the Will made and signed by the deceased WEINGARTEN on the Fifteenth of April, 1936, the said Estate, after deducting a portion for funeral expenses, purchase of Scroll of Torah to be presented to "Oheil Moishe Synagogue" and a donation of Twenty Pounds sterling to the Yeshebba "Torath Emeth," should thence be divided into seven equal parts, six of which shall be jointly administered by the petitioners above-mentioned.

Now therefore publication hereof is made in the newspapers to notify the public that whosoever objects to such petition shall file such objection with this Court within the period commencing from the first day of publication, and ending on the twentieth day after the last day of publication. If no objection has been filed within the specified period of time, this Court will forthwith grant Letters of Administration of the said Estate.

October 25, 1939. -6222

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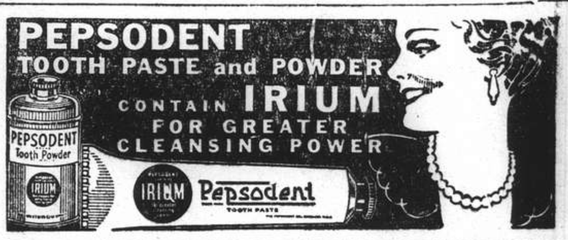

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money & Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

Tuesday, October 24, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4⅞	$ 49.23
U.S. $100 @ 8⅛	$1,230.77

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 5	$ 48.00
U.S. $100 @ 8⅜	$1,194.02
London—demand	5
4 months' sight credits	5 1/16
4 months' sight docts	5⅛
6 months' sight credits	5 3/32
6 months' sight docts	5 5/32
New York—demand	U.S. $8⅜
4 months' sights credits	8½
4 months' sight docts	8⅝

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ....4 5/32 U.S. $8 5/16
Hongkong/London 1/3

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders	Buying	16
Java Guilders	"	15¾
Netherlands Guilders	Selling	15½
Java Guilders	"	15¼

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,176.47 £1=$46.829
Selling U.S.$100=$1,221.374 £1=$49.230

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 1.62=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.36½=$1
Tourist Lire 1.79 ....$1

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.48¾=$1 Belgas 23.50=£1

Hua Hsing Commercial Bank

Sterling	Selling Rate	@ 6d	per H.H.$	1
"	Buying	@ 6 1/32	" H.H.$	1
U.S.$	Selling	@ 10	"	H.H.$100
"	Buying	@ 10⅜	"	H.H.$100

LOCAL DOLLAR (FAPI)

Selling Rate	@ 117	per H.H.$100
Buying "	@ 122	" H.H.$100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest	5¼	Lowest	4 15/16
U.S. G.$		8 13/16		8¼
Yen		—		—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING Cash/Oct.			BUYING Cash/Oct.
£ T.T.	4 15/16	4 m/s. l.c.	5 3/32
G.$ T.T.	8¼	4 m/s. l.r.	8 7/16
Fcs. T.T.	362	4 m/s.	—
Rs. T.T.	27½	15 d/s.	28¼

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	23⅛	22 3/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	36⅛	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	59.00	—
Bombay offtake 50 bars.		

London silver was unchanged for ready and ¼ up forward, being 23⅛ for ready and 22 3/16 forward. New York was ⅜ cts. up at 36⅛ and Bombay was 2 annas up at 59.00.

There was little general buying. Business was small. Market quiet. After the official fixing the market ruled idle, with no business done.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 4 31/32 sterling and 8 5/16 U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened with sellers for cash and October at 4 31/32 sterling and 8 7/32 U.S.$, but with persistent sellers from Out-ports and speculators the market showed a continuous rise to 5¼ sterling and 8 25/32 U.S.$. At these rates there were good buyers and the tone of the market changed, there being general buyers at declining rates. At the close there was a slightly steadier feeling, with sellers at:—

4 31/32 sterling	8 5/16 U.S.$	Cash/Oct.
4 31/32 "	8 9/32 "	Nov.

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: Oct. 23.

Japan	78¾	London	1/5 31/32
New York	333	2 mths	
Shanghai	28¾	" (sellers)	1/6
Hongkong	86	" (buyers)	1/6 1/16
		Japan (sellers)	78¾
		(buyers)	77½

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.00	Shanghai	5⅜d *
Paris	176.00	Bombay	1/6 1/32*
Berlin	——	Hongkong	1/3 1/32*
Amsterdam	7.50	Singapore	2/4 1/32*
Brussels	23.75	Yokohama	1/2 1/32*
Madrid	39.75*	" (buying)	1/2 *
Milan	78.25*	Prague	——
Berne	17.78		

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.10	Japan	23.65
Spain	unq.	Shanghai	8.35
Holland	53.09	Austria	unq.
Paris	2.27⅜	C'slovakia	unq.
Brussels	16.77	Hungary	17.60
Italy	5.05	Rumania	0.73
S'zerland	22.43	Yugo Slavia	2.33
Sweden	23.82½	Greece	0.74½
Norway	22.72½	Bulgaria	unq.
Denmark	19.32½	Finland	1.91
Montreal	89.500	Poland	unq.
Brazil	5.10		

N—Nominal *—Unofficial Rates.
S—sellers.

London	4.01⅜
" Demand	4.01
" Bankers' 60 days bills	3.99⅝
" Commercial 60 days bills	3.99⅝
Buenos Aires Paper	Unq.
" " Market Rate	23.55
Montreal on London	4.43¼

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: Oct. 23.

Fine Bank Bills.	3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	2%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	3⅛%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	4%
Call Money		1½%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B 0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 9/16%B 0½%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

September Rubber Outputs

	lb.
Padang Rubber Co., Ltd.	20,100
Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914) Ltd.	72,183
S'hai Kedah Plantations, Ltd.	38,509
Bute Plantations (1913), Ltd.	44,973
Tanah Merah Estate (1916) Ltd.	64,000
Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd.	40,418
S'hai Pahang Rubber Estate, Ltd.	25,641
Sungei Duri Rubber Estate, Ltd.	33,400
Kota Bahroe Rub. Est. (1921) Ltd.	46,980

Wheat Minimum Margin Rescinded

Winnipeg, Oct. 23.

The Winnipeg Grain Exchange has notified its members that regulations governing the minimum margin requirements of wheat have been rescinded.—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market was subject to violent variations, as exchange fluctuated so considerably. At the opening there were fairly large sellers but as exchange eased pressure was lifted and the market recovered its nominal steadiness.

Official Averages

1939 High	Low		Today's Averages	Change
207.95	105.32	General	185.07	—1.70
274.80	95.55	Rubbers	259.92	—7.19

Total 205,601 shares, 1,250 bonds.

Morning Session	
$15,000 Power 5½% Debs.	$ 87.25
$7,000 Power 5½% Debs.	87.50
$40,000 Telephone 6% Debs.	93.00 *
1,500 I. I. Trust	8.50
500 I. I. Trust	8.45
1,000 I. I. Trust	8.40
500 I. I. Trust	8.35
2,000 I. I. Trust	8.30
500 I. I. Trust	8.25
500 I. I. Trust	8.20
1,000 I. I. Trust	8.00
500 I. I. Trust	8.15
500 I. I. Trust	8.20
500 I. I. Trust	8.25
500 I. I. Trust	8.30
2,500 S'hai Loan	8.00
500 Yangtsze Finance	8.50
500 Yangtsze Finance	8.45
500 Yangtsze Finance	8.40
500 Yangtsze Finance	8.35
2,500 Yangtsze Finance	8.30
2,000 Yangtsze Finance	8.40
500 S'hai Land	9.10
1,400 New Eng. (Ord)	14.20
1,000 New Eng. (Ord)	14.30
800 New Eng. (Ord)	14.20
1,000 New Eng. (Ord)	14.10
2,500 New Eng. (Ord)	14.00
300 New Eng. (Ord)	14.10
1,700 New Eng. (Ord)	14.20
300 Wheelock	60.50
100 Wheelock	60.00
500 Wheelock	60.50
550 Wheelock	60.00
100 Wheelock	58.50
100 Wheelock	59.00
200 Wheelock	60.00
200 Wheelock	60.50
500 C. G. Omnibus	24.50
200 C. G. Omnibus	24.25
100 Telephone	17.80
500 Telephone	18.00
600 Telephone	17.90
2,300 Telephone	17.80
300 Telephone	17.90
200 Tram (Bearer) £1	39.50
200 Tram (Bearer) £1	39.25
100 Metal	11.20
400 Metal	11.10
100 Metal	11.20
500 Metal	11.10
200 Metal	11.00
100 Metal	11.10
1,700 Metal	11.00
200 Metal	10.90
100 Metal	10.80
400 Metal	10.90
400 Metal	11.00
100 Metal	10.90
200 Metal	11.00
400 Metal	11.10
100 Kaiping	41.00
100 Kaiping	40.25
100 Kaiping	40.50
200 China Imp. Exp. L'ber	24.50
1,500 Exploration	7.50
500 Exploration	7.40
500 Exploration	7.35
1,000 Exploration	7.25
1,000 Exploration	7.20
500 Exploration	7.30
1,000 Exploration	7.35
110 Power (Pref)	125.50
50 Power (Pref)	125.00
1,900 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.70
100 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.60
200 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.70
1,000 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.60
400 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.50
100 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.40
200 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.30
1,100 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.20
900 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.30
400 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.50
200 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.60
200 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.50
2,100 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.60
200 Anglo Dutch	18.00
400 Anglo Dutch	17.90
1,700 Anglo Java	36.75
500 Anglo Java	36.50
500 Anglo Java	36.00
200 Anglo Java	35.50
100 Anglo Java	35.25
200 Anglo Java	34.50
500 Anglo Java	35.00
100 Anglo Java	35.50
200 Anglo Java	35.75
500 Ayer Tawah	5.75
6,000 Chemor	1.86
1,000 Cheng	0.43
1,500 Consolidated	6.30
6,000 Consolidated	6.25
1,000 Dominion	8.70
500 Dominion	8.50
1,000 Dominion	8.30
1,000 Dominion	8.20
3,000 Java Consolidated	4.30
2,000 Java Consolidated	4.15
1,000 Java Consolidated	4.10
1,000 Java Consolidated	4.30
1,000 Java Consolidated	4.25
1,000 Java Consolidated	4.20
1,000 Kota	4.70
4,000 Kota	4.60
4,000 Kroewoek	2.60
5,000 Kroewoek	2.57½
5,000 Kroewoek	2.52½
3,000 Kroewoek	2.55
5,000 Kroewoek	2.60
1,900 Langkat	18.80
500 Langkat	19.00
1,000 Rubber Trust	6.95
1,000 Rubber Trust	6.90
500 Rubber Trust	6.80
1,000 Rubber Trust	6.60
1,000 Kedah	8.90
1,000 Keantan	0.46
7,000 Kelantan	0.45
2,000 Kelantan	0.46
3,000 Pahang	3.60
2,200 Sumatra	24.50
400 Sumatra	25.00
300 Sumatra	25.50
1,000 Sua Manggis	1.60
3,000 Tebong	1.08
1,000 Tebong	1.10
1,000 Tebong	1.04
1,000 Tebong	1.06
100 Ziangbe	23.50
100 Ziangbe	24.00
10,000 Millington	1.40
ODD LOTS	
500 Chemor	$ 1.84
380 S'hai Land	9.00
20 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.50
290 Samagaga	1.48
300 I. I. Trust	8.35
10 Telephone	17.80
6 Power (Pref)	125.75
500 Chemor	1.84
5 Power (Pref)	125.50
20 Kedah	8.85
50 Telephone	18.00
85 Metal	10.80
10 Telephone	18.00
20 Anglo Java	36.00
25 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.50
2 S. & H. Wharf	235.00
10 Anglo Java	35.50
Afternoon Session	
$2,000 Power 5½% Debs.	$ 87.50
$1,000 Power 5½% Debs.	87.75
$60,000 Telephone 6% Debs.	93.00
1,000 I. I. Trust	8.15
500 S'hai Loan	8.00
1,000 S'hai Land	9.00
600 New Eng. (Ord)	14.20
1,300 New Eng. (Ord)	14.30
200 Wheelock	60.50
1,000 Wheelock	61.00
900 Telephone	17.90
100 Tram (Bearer) £1	39.25
10 S. W. W. "A" £20	810.00
1,400 Metal	11.20
500 Metal	11.10
1,000 Metal	11.20
900 China Imp. & Exp. Lumber	25.00
100 China Imp. & Exp. Lumber	25.25
500 Exploration	7.35
2,500 Exploration	7.30
500 Exploration	7.35
10 Power (Pref)	125.00
10 Power (Pref)	125.50
1,000 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.60
1,000 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.70
1,000 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.60
900 Ewo Mills (Ord)	21.50
100 Anglo Java	35.75
300 Anglo Java	35.50
200 Anglo Java	35.25
500 Anglo Java	35.50
300 Anglo Java	35.75
1,000 Chemor	1.88
1,000 Cheng	0.42
3,000 Java Consolidated	4.15
2,000 Kroewoek	2.55
1,000 Kroewoek	2.52½
2,000 Padang	2.00
1,000 Rubber Trust	6.80
1,000 Senawang	1.14
4,000 Kelantan	0.46
1,000 Pahang	3.60
800 Sumatra	25.50
100 Sumatra	25.75
100 Sumatra	26.00
1,000 Tebong	1.08
4,000 Tebong	1.06
1,000 Tebong	1.08
100 Ziangbe	23.50
600 Ziangbe	24.00
1,000 S. W. W. Fittings	1.50
ODD LOTS	
400 Exploration	$ 7.30
13 Sumatra	25.25
100 S'hai Land	9.10
200 I. I. Trust	8.25
60 Telephone	17.80
60 New Eng. (Ord)	14.30
500 Sua Manggis	1.59

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 23.

Stock prices on Wall Street today finished with moves ranging from fractions to one point either way. The market continued to be sluggish, with the war situation very confusing.

Utilities attracted a following on the revival of confidence, while aircrafts held steady in anticipation of the lifting of the arms embargo.

Meanwhile, very favourable business news was the market's chief sustaining factor.

The turnover today amounted to 970,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	154.56	153.19	153.71	—0.15
20 Rails	34.76	34.40	34.55	—0.23
15 Utilities	26.44	25.95	26.09	+0.04
40 Bonds	——	——	90.14	—0.17
11 Commod.	——	——	55.23	—0.69

	Oct. 21	23
Adams Express	9½	10
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	25¾	25½
Allied Stores	10⅝	10¾
Allis Chalmers	44½	43¼
Aluminium Ltd.	B 94	B 94
Amer. Can	114¼	114⅝
Amer. Cyanamid "B"	34½	34⅞
Amer. & For. Power	2⅝	2⅝
" $7 pfd.	28½	27½
Amer. Gas & Elec.	36½	36
Amer. Hide & Leather	7	7
Amer. Locomotive	27½	27½
Amer. Metal	B 26¼	26½
Amer. Radiator	10⅜	10⅞
Amer. Rolling Mill	20⅞	20⅜
Amer. Smelting & Ref.	54⅞	54⅞
Amer. Sugar Refining	—	24¼
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	166½	165½
Amer. Tobacco "B"	81	81¼
Amer. Waterworks	13⅝	13¾
Anaconda Copper	33⅞	33½
Atchison T. & S. Fe	32	32¼
Auburn	—	3
Baldwin Locomotive	20¼	19⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	7½	7½
Barber Asphalt Corp.	B 16¾	17
Barnsdall Oil Co.	14⅞	14¼
Bendix Aviation	30¾	30⅜
Bethlehem Steel	91⅛	90½
Bliss (E.W.)	B 17½	17½
Boeing Airplane	29½	29¼
Borg Warner	28	28
Briggs Mfg. Co.	25	25
Bklyn-Manhattan Trans.	12⅜	12½
" $6 cum. pfd.	42½	42½
Budd Mfg. (E.G.)	6¾	6⅞
Can. Pacific Rly.	5⅝	5½
Case J.I.	82	83½
Celanese Corp.	27	27½
Chase Nat. Bank	B 37¼	B 37¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	43¼	43
Chrysler	91	90⅞
Colt's Patent Fire-Arms	86½	89
Columbia Gas & Elec.	7½	7½
" 6% "A" pfd.	B 81¾	82
Coml. Credit	48	48¼
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1⅜	1⅜
" $6 cum. pfd.	69½	69¾
Consolid. Edison	30⅞	31
Consolid. Oil	8⅝	8⅝
Continental Can	48	47¼
Continental Oil	28¾	28⅜
Corn Products	62⅞	63
Curtiss Wright (com.)	8	8
" " "A"	28	28¼
Deere & Co.	25	24¾
Distillers Corp.	15½	15½
Douglas Aircraft	83⅛	83½
Du Pont de Nemours	182¼	181¼
Eagle Picher Lead	14	13¾
Eaton Mfg. Co.	28½	29
Elec. Auto Lite	39¼	38⅞
Elec. Bond & Share	9½	9½
" $5 pfd.	—	35¼
" $6 pfd.	69½	69¼
Elec. Pwr. & Lt.	34¾	35
Flintkote	21	21
Gen. Amer. Trans. Corp.	59¼	B 59
Gen. Elec.	41¾	41⅞
Gen. Motors	54⅞	54⅞
Gen. Rly. Signal	23	22½
Gen. Tire & Rubber	23⅝	23½
Glidden Co.	20	19¾
Goodrich (B.F.)	22¼	22¼
" $5 pfd.	66¾	—
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	28⅜	28¼
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	B 18⅜	18¼
Great Nthrn. Rly. pfd.	31⅝	31½
Great Western Sugar	32¼	32⅛
Greyhound Corp.	17⅛	17
Hercules Powder	90	90
Homestake Min.	53	53½
Int. Harvester	65¼	65¼
Int. Nickel	38¾	38⅞
Int. Tel. & Tel.	5⅛	5¼
Johns Manville	79½	79
Jones & Laughlin	80	81⅜
Kennecott	41⅜	40¾
Lakey Foundry & Machine	3⅞	B 3⅞
Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	54	53⅜
Lockheed Aircraft	32	31⅝
Loew's Inc.	33¼	34⅝
Manhattan Shirt Co.	15¼	—
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	40	40⅜
McKesson & Robbins	B 16¾	B 16½
Monsanto Chemical	108½	108½
Montgomery Ward	56⅞	56¾
Nat. Aviation	13⅞	13⅞
Nat. City Bank	B 29¼	B 29¼
Nat. Dairy Products	15¾	15⅞
Nat. Distillers	25⅛	24¾
Nat. Gypsum	10⅞	11½
Nat. Lead	22⅞	22
Nat. Power & Lt.	8⅞	9
Nat. Steel Corp.	76¾	76½
Nat. Supply Co.	11⅞	11⅜
New York Central	21⅞	21½
Niagara Hudson Power	8	8⅛
North Amer. Aviation	25⅛	25
North Amer. Co.	23	23¼
Northern Pacific	11⅝	11⅜
Owens-Illinois-Glass	66¾	66¾
Pacific Gas & Elec.	31	30¾
Pacific Lighting	46⅜	46⅞
Packard Motors	3⅞	3⅞
Paramount Pictures	7¾	8⅛
Pennsylvania R.R.	25⅞	26
Phelps Dodge	44¼	44¼
Phila. & Reading Coal	0⅞	0¾
Phillips Petroleum	45¾	46
Pittsburgh Coke & Iron	B 10	B 9¾
Public Serv. of N.J.	40⅜	40⅜
Pullman Inc.	33¼	33¼
Pure Oil	9⅝	9⅝
Radio Corp. of Amer.	6⅛	6⅛
Reading Co.	19⅞	20
" 1st pfd.	B 28	B 28
Remington Arms Co.	B 5½	B 5⅜
Republic Aviation	5⅜	5⅜
Republic Steel Co.	27⅝	27¼
Revere Copper & Brass	17	17
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	37¾	37⅞
Richfield Oil	8¼	8¼
Safeway Stores	46¼	46⅝
Schenley	—	14⅛
" 5½% pfd.	—	69½
Sears Roebuck	82	83⅛
Shell Union Oil	14⅜	14¼
Socony-Vacuum	14	13¾
Sthrn. Pacific	17⅝	17½
Sthrn. Rly.	34⅜	34
Sperry Corp.	50	50½
Spicer Mfg.	30¼	[illegible]
Stand. Brands	5⅞	5¾
Stand. Gas & Elec.	B 2⅞	2⅞
Stand. Oil of Calif.	28¾	28⅝
Stand. Oil of N.J.	48½	47⅞
Stone & Webster	13½	13¾
Swift International	32¾	32¼
Technicolor	B 11	12¼
Texas Corp.	47½	47⅝
Texas Gulf Sulphur	36⅜	36¼
Transamerica	6⅝	6¾
Tw. Century Fox	13⅝	14
" " pfd.	24	23⅞
Un. Carbide & Carbon	89¾	89¾
Un. Pacific	103	104⅛
Un. Aircraft	46¾	46½
Un. Air Lines Trans.	11⅞	11¾
Un. Corp.	2⅝	2⅞
" $3 cum. pfd.	36¼	36½
Un. Gas Corp.	2¾	2⅞
Un. Gas Improvement	14	14
Un. Light & Power "A"	B 1½	B 1½
U. S. Rubber	43½	43¾
U. S. Indus. Alcohol	25⅝	25¼
" 8% n-c pfd.	108½	109
U. S. Steel	77⅞	76½
Vanadium	38	37½
Walworth	B 6⅝	B 6¾
Warner Bros. Picts.	4	4⅛
Westinghouse Elec.	119⅜	119⅛
Woodward Iron	28¾	28¾

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	61¾	62
Brazil	12½	12½
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	33½	29¾
Cities Serv. Pwr.	81¼	82⅞
Erie R.R.	18⅛	18¼
Int. Tel. & Tel. 5s	50	50
Minas Geraes	B 9	9
New England Gas & Elec.	B 68¼	69⅛
Peru	B 7½	B 7½
Rio Grande do Sul	B 7⅜	7⅜
Sao Paulo	6¼	6⅝
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	53¾	53¾
Stand. Gas & Elec.	B 67¼	68¼

B—Bid.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Selective buying featured an irregular session today. Aviations opened strong and active, featuring a block of 10,000 shares of Curtiss-Wright, while several issues, including North-American Aviation and Curtiss-Wright, hit new highs for the year. Interest waned later in the day, however, and the market turned irregular. France's new order for White trucks is reported to have induced buying, in which the Diamond T Motor, White Motor, Mack Trucks and Studebaker hit new highs. Rubber gained slightly. Utilities held the leadership for a brief spell. Steels dropped after a report that operations were down one-tenth of a point. Sears Roebuck reached a new high after the extra dividend of $1.25 per share.

By Courtesy of S. E. Levy & Co.

The Dow-Jones Industrials Average during the past week was within 1.38 of the September 12 high, which was the top of a 20 point run up.

Aviations and merchandises have reached new highs.

The technical performance of the market was satisfactory. Certain advisory services, which were intensely bearish a fortnight ago, are now bullish.

Some people are still "jittery" over the prospect of an early peace.

China's Foreign Trade For September

According to the monthly returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs covering the foreign trade of China, net Imports during September, 1939 totalled $93,781,043. Net Exports totalled $85,424,738. January-September figures were $1,061,731,564 and $677,787,690 as against $661,681,090 and $559,895,668 respectively in 1938.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 23.

Activity improved on the Stock Exchange today, while prices in most groups advanced. British gilt edged securities were particularly strong and Kaffirs substantially better.

Among industrials, Distillers were quoted at 64/6 ex-rights, with the new shares, which were the result of the recent bonus issue, quoted at 65/-.—Reuter.

	Oct. 20	23
War Loan 3½% (Red.)	91¼	92⅛
JAPANESE BONDS		
Japan 5% Stg. Loan 1907	36½	37¼
Japan 6% Stg. Loan 1924	42½	43
	Osaka, Oct. 24.	
Koko 5%		105.28
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL		
Allied Ironfounders	15/7	15/7
Armstrong Stevens	5/3	5/3
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	36/9	37/-
Austin Motors, ord.	18/9	18/9
Bristol Aeroplane	17/4	17/1
British American Tob.	83/9	83/9
Cable & W.	49	48
Cammell Laird, ord.	6/9	6/9
Courtaulds	28/6	28/4
Distillers	90/9	64/6*
Dunlop Rubber	27/4	27/4
General Elec. (Eng.)	72/-	72/6
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	86/3	86/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	15/4	15/4
Imp. Chem Indus.	29/6	29/9
Imp. Tobacco	112/6	112/6
Leyland Motors	86/10	86/10
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	49/4	49/1
Pressed Steel, com.	14/-	14/3
Rolls-Royce	93/9	94/4
Smethwick Drop Forgings	14/6	14/6
Tate & Lyle	60/6	59/6
Turner & Newall	73/9	73/9
United Steel	22/7	22/7
Vickers, ord.	17/6	17/9
Woolworths	57/3	57/6
MISCELLANEOUS		
Anglo Dutch	26/3	26/6
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust	30/1	30/3
MINES		
Burma Corp.	9/-	9/1
Commonwealth Min.	unq.	unq.
Marsman Invests	11/10	11/9
Randfontein Ests.	35/7	35/7
Sub-Nigel	190/-	195/-
Tanami Gold Min.	3d	3d
Western Holdings	8/3	8/3
OILS		
Anglo Iranian	61/3	61/3
Burmah	64/4	65/-
Mexican Eagle	5/10	5/10
Shell Trans. & Trad.	84/4	74/4

*—Ex Rights.

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

4½% Gold Loan, 1898	40	40
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	30	30
4½% Anglo-French Loan,	30	30
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	17½	17½
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	25	25
6% Stg. Notes, 1925	6	6
5% Honan Rly., 1905	10	10
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	11	11
5% " " (Ger. Is.)	11	11
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	8	8
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	11	11
5% T'sin-Pukow Rly. B.	9	9
5% " " G.	9	9
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	9	9
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	9	9
5% Canton Kowloon Rly.	9	9
S'hai Elec. Construction	—	—
S'hai. Waterworks "A"	10	10
Un. Insurance Soc.	19	19
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	7¼	7¼
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	74	74
" " (Col. Reg.)	75	75
Chinese Eng. & Min.	13/9	13/9
Chosen Corp.	5/6	5/6
Pekin Syndicate	—	—
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	16/-	16/-

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 23.

The cotton market early moderately advanced on trade and foreign buying and some covering by shorts. Later, irregularity developed on the inactivity of operators, and the market closed quiet with quotations ranging from 4 points up to 6 points down.

After early advancing on encouraging cables, covering and trade buying, prices in the rubber market today partially reacted, especially near months, on switching, hedging and belated liquidation. At the close, quotations ranged from 18 points down to 2 points up.

Wheat prices in Chicago today opened moderately higher on some foreign buying and covering, but later reacted on profit taking, liquidation and general selling. The steadiness of the corn market was ignored. At the final bell, losses of ½ to ¾ cent were recorded.

New York Cotton

Dec.	9.02-03	+04
Jan.	8.95 N	+04
Mar.	8.83-83	—02
May	8.70-71	—06
July	8.53-53	—04
July (N.C.)	8.72 N	—05
Oct. (N.C.)	8.30 N	—03

Yew York Rubber

Dec.	20.20-28	—18
Mar.	18.90-90	+02
May	18.50-50	—09
July	18.44 N	+01

N. Y. Sugar No. 4

Mar.	1.66-66½ B/A	—8
May	1.66-66½ B/A	—8½
Sept	1.68-68½ B/A	—7

N. Y. Silk No. 1

Dec.	3.28-31 B/A	+3½

Chicago Wheat			Chicago Corn		
Dec.	84⅝-84¾	—¾	Dec.	49⅜-49¼	+⅜
May	84¼-84⅜	—½	May	52-52⅛	+¼

Winnipeg Wheat

Dec. 72 Bid —¼

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 23.

Among commodities, rubber ruled steadier on speculative buying, with offerings scarce.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 10 11/16 +⅛; sellers 10¾ +⅛. Nov. del. buyers 10 11/16 +⅛; sellers 10¾ +⅛.

London Metals: Tin, Stan. Cash quoted, £230, unc; 3 mths del. quoted, £230, unc.

Liverpool Cotton: Amer. Futures: Oct. 5.80 —3; Jan. 5.68 —4; Mar. 5.66 —5; May 5.64 —5. Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 Contract. Oct. 6.88 —15; Nov. 6.93 —15; Jan. 7.05 —15; Mar. 7.18 —12.—Reuter.

Issue of New Treasury Bonds in U.S.

Washington, Oct. 23.

As from November 1, the U.S. Treasury would offer one per cent. bonds due for conversion on March 15, 1944, in exchange for 1.375 per cent. bonds which are to be converted on December 15, this year, Treasury Secretary Henry J. Morgenthau Jr., announced today.

The favourable finance situation, he said, made it possible for the Treasury to reduce the rate of interest on the bonds, thereby allowing for a saving of about $1,800,000 per year.—Havas.

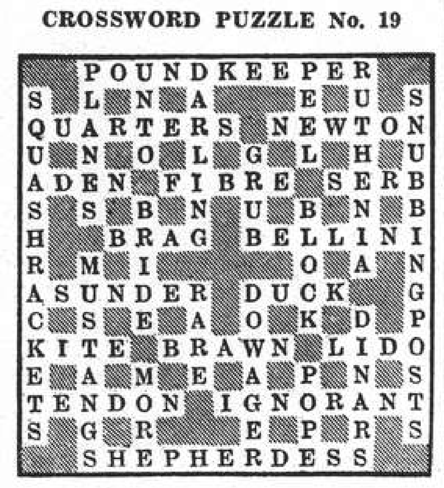
Paris Bourse

Paris, Oct. 23.

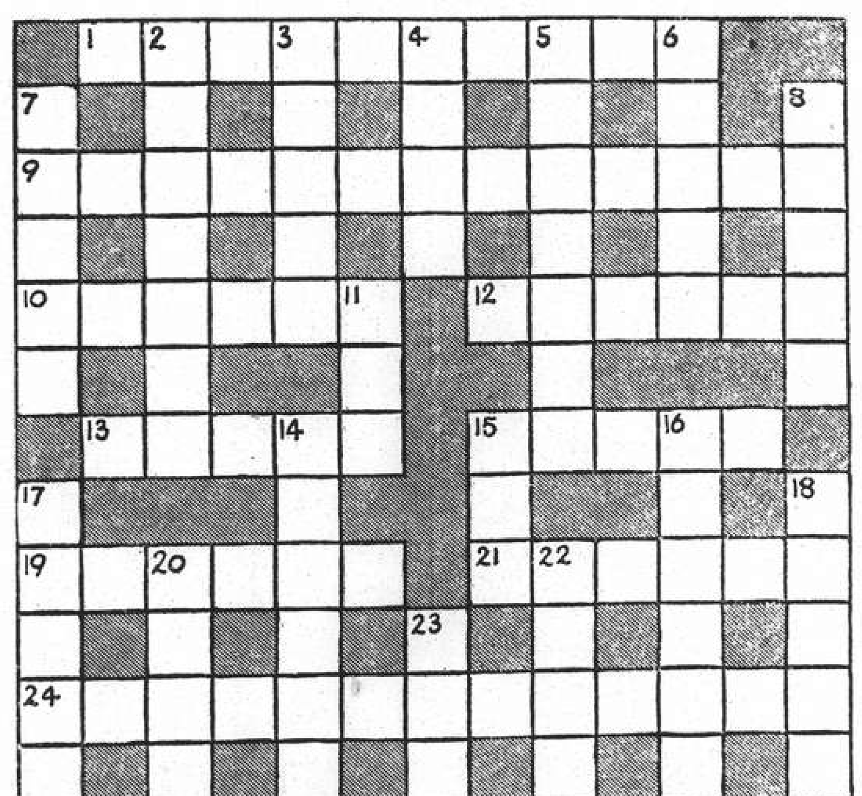
The Bourse opened strong this morning amid heavy trading.

During the session, stocks continued to gain, and closing prices were close to the day's highest level. —Havas.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 19



CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 20



ACROSS

1 On the offensive side
9 A winged messenger
10 Outcasts from former islands?
12 Support following when decapitated
13 Mixed fruit of little account
15 Slightest suggestion of a learner facing a certain direction
19 Calamitous result from a complaint about a scrap
21 Counsel for a failing after this present age
24 A series of steps about a vessel in a ship's record is given for an illuminated lifebuoy
25 Improves upon a bore's tale

DOWN

2 Has ring to embellish
3 Lift beams by the sound of it
4 Doubtless there's an old city in a southerly direction
5 Take off
6 This incident is still without end
7 Propeller
8 Wild
11 Just a taste
14 Let's have a little air here
15 Grassy start of 15 Across
16 Style of hairdressing seen on the beach
17 Sign of authority for the employees
18 Here's a match for you
20 Exclusively there's no change in drink
22 Greek letter
23 Expressing direction inwards

Treasury Gold Stocks Hit New Peak

Washington, Oct. 24.

The United States Treasury Department's gold stocks hit a new record peak yesterday when they mounted to U.S.$17,010,033,710.

This represents two-thirds of the world's monetary gold supply and an increase of $3,000,000,000 in the past year.—United Press.

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BRANCHES:
NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES: Ampenan, Bandjermasin, Bandoeng, Banjoewangi, Cheribon, Djambi, Gorontalo, Makassar, Malang, Medan, Menado, Palembang, Pekalongan, Pontianak, Probolinggo, Semarang, Soerabaia, Tandjong Balei, Tegal, Telok-Betong, Tjilotjap, and Weltevreden.
BRITISH INDIA: Bombay and Calcutta.
CHINA: Shanghai, Hongkong and Amoy.
THE PHILIPPINES: Manila.
STRAITS SETTLEMENT: Singapore.
JAPAN: Kobe and Tokyo.
All Banking Transactions.
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C. J. SCHAAP, *Manager*

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Mohlenhof	Ningpo	Carlowitz
Meinan	Ningpo	S.V.O.C.
Randi	Tientsin	O. Thoresen
Tjinegara	Hongkong	J.C.J.L.
Kondor	Sungmen	Reuter B.
Tikugo M.	—	T.K.K.
Matue M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Nagasaki M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Anwoo	T'senkong	Dah Hsin
Hwaping	T'lungkong	Hwa Chung
Romolo	Liuho Point	V. Chieri
Pacific	Cruise	G.N.Tel.
H. Kiangnan	Hupukow	S. Guenter

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
H. Kiangnan	Ger.	S. Guenter
Hwaping	Jap.	Hwa Chung
Karsten	Ger.	Chin Dah
Haikong	Ger.	Keh Lee
Romolo	Ital.	V. Chieri
Kiangting	Ger.	Foo Hwa
Patti	Ital.	V. Chieri
Chingning M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Dairen M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Sanko M.	Jap.	M.B.K.
Tegelberg	Neth.	J.C.J.L.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	C.N.C.B. 1/2
Isabel	Am.	Slp.	U.S.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Tr.	J.N.B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

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Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York
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New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange
Manila Stock Exchange
Hongkong Sharebrokers Association
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THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION
(Incorporated in the Colony of Hongkong. The liability of members is limited to the extent and in manner prescribed by Ordinance No. 6 of 1929 of the Colony.)
Authorised Capital .. .. HK$50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up .. .. HK$20,000,000
Reserve Funds { Sterling £6,500,000
Reserve Funds { Hongkong Currency .. .. .. HK$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .. .. .. HK$20,000,000
Head Office: HONGKONG
Board of Directors:
HON. MR. A. L. SHIELDS, Chairman W. H. LOCK, Deputy Chairman
J. K. BOUSFIELD, A. H. COMPTON, Hon. Mr. S. H. DODWELL, D. F. LANDALE, G. MISKIN, K. S. MORRISON, Hon. Mr. T. E. PEARCE, H. V. WILKINSON,
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Every description of Banking & Exchange Business transacted.
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SOOCHOW BRANCH:
Kuan Chien Road, Telephone 300-31
HANGCHOW BRANCH:
339 Sing Ming Road, Telephones 17021-2

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ms. PETER MAERSK
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via Japan for LOS ANGELES and via Panama to NEW YORK and BOSTON direct. Also Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Norfolk and other Atlantic Coast Ports.
Outwards:
arr. Shanghai
ms. PETER MAERSK .. .. .. Oct. 26
ms. GERTRUDE MAERSK .. .. Nov. 10
ms. GRETE MAERSK .. .. .. Nov. 25
From New York, Norfolk, Savannah, Panama, and Los Angeles.
Excellent accommodation for a limited number of passengers.
MAERSK LINE Shanghai Agency
210-214 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

Post Office Notices

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

WEDNESDAY, October 25.	Red.	Ord.
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong	*20.00	8.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila	18.00	19.00
Hongkong and Canton	18.30	19.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, October 26.		
Hongkong	*20.00	8.00
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	*20.00	8.00
Tsingtao and Tientsin	*20.00	8.00
Hongkong	*20.00	8.00
Ningnsien Wenchow etc. via Chinhai	8.30	9.00
Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila and Java Ports A	10.00	11.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton	10.30	11.00
Fukein Province via Sankiangkow	11.30	12.00
Central America and Canal Zone BZ	—	—
Ninghsien Wenchow etc. via Chinhai	19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Indo-China (Z) via Haiphong D	—	—
FRIDAY, October 27.		
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	7.30
Hongkong	*20.00	8.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	8.30	9.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon and India CX	14.30	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	15.30	16.00
Japan Honolulu and U.S.A.	15.00	16.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 25th.
B Parcel mail for Central America and Canal Zone, closes at 16.00 on 26th.
C Parcel mail for India, closes at 12.00 on 27th.
D Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 26th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.

Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on Oct. 28.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on October 25, at 6 p.m. for registered and at 7 p.m. for ordinary due London on November 8.

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on October 26, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on November 8.

Air France per steamer on October 26, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 9.45 a.m. and 12.00, at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 9.15 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.

Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao, Tungshan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Taiyuan, Kaifeng and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Hangchow 11.30 a.m. 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—

Per steamer, via Pacific, Oct. 28, due L'don Dec. 1.
Per steamer, via Pacific, Oct. 31, due L'don Dec. 1.
Per steamer, via Suez, Nov. 11, due London Dec. 14.

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Isabel Moller, from Chinwangtao: Miss Dallas Lee Franklin.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening

From LOS ANGELES: President Pierce, with mail, due about 11 a.m. Buoys 12-13. Passengers expected at Customs Jetty 12 noon.

From KEELUNG: Hukuken Maru, due a.m.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From OSLO			From SOERABAYA		
Tamara	31/8	2/11	Tjibadak	20/10	6/11
Tamerlane	20/9	15/11	**From MANILA**		
Nagara	—	27/11	P. Cleveland	22/10	28/10
From TRIESTE			Laura Maersk	24/10	31/10
C. Verde	18/10	14/11	**From HONGKONG**		
Volpi	5/10	23/11	See "China Ports" below.		
From ADEN					
C. Verde	25/10	14/11			

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK			From HONOLULU		
P. Maersk	9/9	26/10	Kamakura M.	17/10	15/11
Gert. Maersk	23/9	10/11	P. Coolidge	25/10	7/11
G. Maersk	10/10	25/11	**From HONGKONG**		
H. Maersk	25/10	10/12	See "China Ports" below.		
From PANAMA					
G. Maersk	21/10	25/11	**From KOBE**		
From LOS ANGELES			P. Maersk	22/10	26/10
Tatuta M.	22/9	27/10	Tatuta M.	25/10	27/10
P. Coolidge	16/10	7/11	**From NAGASAKI**		
Gert. Maersk	15/10	10/11	Shanghai M.	26/10	27/10
Kamakura M.	9/10	15/11	**From KEELUNG (Formosa)**		
From SEATTLE			Tyosa M.	30/10	1/11
Coldbrook	28/9	29/10			
Capillo	25/10	17/11			

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN			From DURBAN		
Ruys	18/10	24/11	Ruys	24/10	24/11

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN			From HONGKONG		
Hoten M.	24/10	26/10	Tai Yang	24/10	27/10
			P. Cleveland	26/10	28/10

Weather, Time and Tide

Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1939 (13th day of 9th moon)	SICCAWEI Oct. 23 16.00	Oct. 23 21.00	Oct. 24 4.00	Oct. 24 9.00
Barometer inches	30.20	30.25	30.23	30.28
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.02	—0.01	+0.01	+0.03
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.02	0.00	+0.03	+0.03
Wind (direction)	NE	N	NW	NW
" (miles per hour)	7.4	5.6	10.6	11.2
Temperature (Fahr.)	59.2°	58.5°	55.4°	58.3°
Humidity %	99	100	98	90
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	10
Rainfall inches	0.36	0.36	0.17	0.03

Siccawei Abridged Report October 23	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.23	—0.04	30.14
Temp. Min. 58.°8 Max. 63.°9	61.°3	—2.°4	60.°8
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	42.98	0.89	40.37

Time and Tide	25/10	26/10	27/10	28/10	29/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	6.04	6.04	6.05	6.06	6.07
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.13	17.12	17.11	17.10	17.09
Moon rises at Shanghai	15.26	16.00	16.35	17.13	17.55
Moon sets at Shanghai	3.07	4.00	4.54	5.49	6.45
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	9.10	9.38	10.00	10.25	10.50
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	13.40	14.12	14.50	15.20	15.52
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	10.20	10.50	11.25	11.59	12.30
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	9.95	10.35	—	9.69	9.58

Vessels Sailing

The undermentioned vessels are due to sail from Shanghai upon the dates indicated.

For LONDON		**For TRIESTE**	
Haruna M.	12/11	Conte Verde	17/11
For OSLO		Conte Rosso	1/12
Shantung	4/11	**For BOMBAY**	
For CALCUTTA		Akitu Maru	5/11
Matue Maru	27/10	**For MANILA**	
For JAVA		Pres. Pierce	26/10
Tjinegara	26/10	Coldbrook	31/10
For NEW YORK		Pres. Coolidge	8/11
Kimikawa Maru	25/10	Caplio	19/11
Tai Yang	27/10	**For SAN FRANCISCO**	
Laura Maersk	1/11	Tatuta Maru	30/10
Nako Maru	2/11	Pres. Cleveland	29/10
Agaki Maru	12/11	Pres. Pierce	7/11
For S. AMERICA		Pres. Coolidge	21/11
Heiyo Maru	22/11	Kamakura Maru	22/11
For YOKOHAMA		**For NAGASAKI**	
Kamo Maru	23/10	Nagasaki Maru	25/10
For DAIREN		Shanghai Maru	28/10
Hoten Maru	27/10	Nagasaki Maru	30/10
Tsingtao Maru	30/10	Shanghai Maru	2/11
Dairen Maru	2/11		

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

TJINEGARA Oct. 26. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjinegara sails from Shanghai on Thursday, October 26, at 2 p.m., taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European, Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. 16247 (4 Lines). 25-10

STRAITS AND EUROPE

CONTE VERDE Nov, 17. VENICE and TRIESTE via HONGKONG, MANILA (optional), SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID.—Lloyd Triestino—26 The Bund. Tel. 16885. 16-11

AMERICA

KIMIKAWA M., Oct. 25· NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO nad LOS ANGELES.—For Freignt please apply to Showa Shipping Company, Ltd., 150 Hankow Road. Tel. 18650 and 16118. 25-10

TAI YANG Oct. 27. LOS ANGELES and NEW YORK via PANAMA CANAL.—Barber Wilhelmsen Line motor vessel Tai Yang sails from Shanghai on October 27, accepting cargo for all Overland Points. Dodwell and Company, Limited., Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 27-10

LAURA MAERSK Nov. 1. Via JAPAN for LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Maersk Line Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 1-11

Vessels Discharging

TOULOUSE The ms. Toulouse from Oslo via ports is now discharging her cargo at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their bills of lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf at 9.00 a.m., October 27, when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents 17 Canton Road, Telephone 11369. 25-10

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
TATUTA MARU .... Oct. 30
KAMAKURA MARU Nov. 22
ASAMA MARU .... Dec. 8

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIKAWA MARU ..... Oct. 23
HIE MARU ..... Nov. 8

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
NAKO MARU ..... Nov. 2
AKAGI MARU ..... Nov. 12

Japan-Australia Line
via Manila
From Nagasaki
KAMO MARU ..... Nov. 20
ATUTA MARU ..... Dec. 18

European Mail Line
Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon, Aden, Port Said.
†HARUNA MARU .... Nov. 12
HAKONE MARU .... Dec. 23
KASIMA MARU .... Jan. 4
†Special call at Casablanca and Lisbon.

Bombay and Calcutta Line
Singapore, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta.
MATUE MARU ..... Oct. 27

Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi.
OKITU MARU ..... Nov. 5

Orient-South America Line
via San Francisco
HEIYO MARU ..... Nov. 22

For Hongkong
HEIYO MARU ..... Oct. 15

31 The Bund NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA Telephone 12843
General Passenger Agents, Cunard-White Star Line

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Next Sailings from Shanghai to
Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Venice.

ss. CONTE VERDE November 17
ss. CONTE ROSSO December 1
ss. CONTE BIANCAMANO December 22

Regular Atlantic Sailings from Italian Ports by vessels of the "Italia" S. N. Co.:

To North America:
ss. REX November 1
mv. SATURNIA November 6
ss. CONTE DI SAVOIA November 14
mv. VULCANIA November 24
ss. REX December 3
mv. SATURNIA December 11
ss. CONTE DI SAVOIA December 15

To South America:
mv. NEPTUNIA November 23
ss. ROMA December 2
mv. OCEANIA December 10
ss. PRINCIPESSA GIOVANNA December 20
ss. CONTE GRANDE December 28

For Further Particulars Apply to:
LLOYD TRIESTINO
Telephone 16885 26 The Bund, Shanghai Telegr. LLOYDIANO

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 26	Oct. 27 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 29	Oct. 30 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 1	Nov. 2 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Nov. 3	Nov. 4 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 6	Nov. 7 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 9	Nov. 10 at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
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Steamers	Sails Seattle	Shanghai Arr./Sails	H'kong Arrives	Manila Arr./Sails
"Coldbrook"	Sailed	Oct. 29/31	Omits	Nov. 3/9
"Capillo"	Oct. 25	Nov. 17/19	Nov. 25	Nov. 29/Dec. 7
"Collingsworth"	Nov 22	Dec. 15/16	Dec. 23	Dec. 27/Jan. 4
"Satartia"	Dec. 13	Jan. 5/6	Jan. 13	Jan. 17/25

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ARGENTINA MARU .... Nov. 17
SANTOS MARU ..... Dec. 23
For South America via E. & S. Africa
MANILA MARU ..... Oct. 30
AFRICA MARU ..... Nov. 29
For Bombay
SUMATRA MARU ..... Oct. 28
LONDON MARU ..... Nov. 11

Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
GANGES MARU ..... Oct. 22

Keelung Sailings
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... Dec. 4

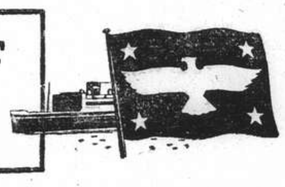
Kobe Sailings
For New York via Panama Canal
KANTO MARU ..... Nov. 11
KINAI MARU ..... Nov. 26
For European Ports via New York
KYUSYU MARU ..... Nov. 18
TOKAI MARU ..... Dec. 22
For Australia and New Zealand
CANBERRA MARU ..... Oct. 31
BRISBANE MARU ..... Nov. 31
For West Africa
SEI-A MARU ..... Oct. 24
For Africa
*INDIA MARU ..... Oct. 22

*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road (OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA) Telephone 15324

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings



ss. PRESIDENT PIERCE
Due Shanghai TO-DAY, October 25
Passengers Expected at Customs Jetty 12.00 Noon
Sailing for Hongkong and Manila
Last Tender Leaves Customs Jetty 1.00 p.m. TO-MORROW, October 26.

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

	Lv. S'hai		Lv. S'hai
*Pres. Cleveland	Oct. 29	Pres. Cleveland	Dec. 18
Pres. Pierce	Nov. 7	Pres. Pierce	Jan. 1
Pres. Coolidge	Nov. 21	Pres. Coolidge	Jan. 16
Pres. Taft	Dec. 4	Pres. Taft	Jan. 29

*13 DAYS SHANGHAI TO SAN FRANCISCO No Intermediate Calls

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THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

Outwards
ms. TAMARA arr. Nov. 2 ms. NAGARA arr. End Nov./beg. Dec.

Homewards
ms. SHANTUNG, leaving November 4, Taking cargo for Gothenburg, Oslo and Copenhagen, via Cape.

Agents: The Ekman Foreign Agencies Ltd.
HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

TŌA K. K.
Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure
Nagasaki Maru	Oct. 24 (Yangtzepoo Wharf)	Oct. 25 at 9 a.m. (Yangtzepoo Wharf)
Shanghai Maru	Oct. 27	Oct. 28 at 9 a.m.
Nagasaki Maru	Oct. 29	Oct. 30 at 9 a.m.
Shanghai Maru	Nov. 1	Nov. 2 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Service
Taiyo Maru Oct. 31 Nov. 3 at 7 a.m.
For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephone 42255

TŌA KAIUN KAISYA
5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

East Asiatic Co. Ld.
of Copenhagen
Next arrival from European Continental Ports
ms. JAVA
Agency of
THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

WILHELMSEN LINES

Outwards
From Scandinavian and Continental ports
ms. Toulouse left Lisbon Sept. 6 due Shanghai Oct. 23
ms. Tamerlane left Antwerp Sept. 25 due Shanghai Nov. 15

Homewards
For Antwerp, Rotterdam, Oslo and Gothenburg direct, via Hongkong Singapore and Colombo
ms. Tai Shan loads Shanghai .. .. November 17

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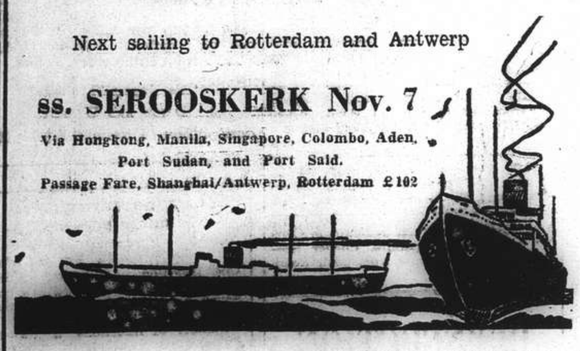
Attractive Round Trip Fares
Next Sailings from Shanghai:
ms. TJINEGARA .. .. Oct. 26*
ss. TJIBADAK .. .. Nov. 9
ms. TJITJALENGKA (new vessel) .. Nov. 16
*Passenger tender leaves Custom's Jetty at 2 p.m.

By "DUTCH MAILS"
TO HOLLAND
Via BALI, JAVA, and optional SOUTH AFRICA or SUEZ

1st Class about fl.1300; 1st Class, J.C.J.L. / 2nd Class, Dutch Mails about fl.1000	Tonnage	Leave Batavia 1939
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Nov. 8
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Nov. 15
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Nov. 29
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Dec. 6
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Dec. 20
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Dec. 27
ms. Oranje (new vessel)	20,000	Jan. 2
ms. Dempo	17,000	Jan. 17
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Jan. 31
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Feb. 7
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Feb. 21
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Mar. 2
ms. Oranje (new vessel)	20,000	Mar. 13

HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE
Far Eastern Freight Service
DIRECT TO EUROPE
Next sailing to Rotterdam and Antwerp
ss. SEROOSKERK Nov. 7
Via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Aden, Port Sudan, and Port Said.
Passage Fare, Shanghai/Antwerp, Rotterdam £102



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ms. RUYS	From Shanghai	Nov.	26, 1939
	From Hongkong	Dec.	7, 1939
ms. BOISSEVAIN	From Shanghai	Dec.	25, 1939
	From Hongkong	Jan.	5, 1940

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133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

Yen to Be Pegged To U.S. Dollar

New Basis Will Be at U.S.$0.23 1/16 Instead of Fourteen Pence to Yen

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

The basis of the Yen exchange will be diverted from Sterling to the United States dollar, according to an announcement made today by the Department of Treasury. The change will be effective as from October 25, 1939.

The new basis will be U.S.$0.23 1/16 instead of fourteen pence to a yen.

Economic Factors

The Department of Treasury declared in a statement that the decision was entirely due to economic factors and not designed to change Japan's commercial policy.

The Japanese yen, the statement continued, had hitherto been linked to the pound sterling, but Great Britain was now steadily strengthening her control over foreign exchanges as a preparation against protracted warfare.

In consequence of this attitude, the declaration added, the Japanese Government decided to link the yen with the American dollar, to facilitate operation of Japanese funds abroad. —Reuter.

Peiping Follows Suit

Peiping, Oct. 24.

The Provisional Government has decided to follow the example of the Japanese Government in linking its currency with the American dollar instead of the pound, effective tomorrow, it was officially announced this afternoon.

This decision was reached at a meeting of representatives of the Government, the Federal Reserve Bank and the North China office of the Asia Development Board.

The standard dollar of North China now is fixed at par with the yen.—Domei.

Manchoukuo Currency Also

Changchun, Oct. 24.

Following the example of Japan, the Manchoukuo Government today decided to link Manchoukuoan currency with the American dollar instead of with the pound at a rate of $23 7/16 per Y100, effectively immediately.

The Central Bank of Manchoukuo notified foreign exchange banks of the change.—Domei.

London Said Annoyed

Rome, Oct. 24.

Italian correspondents in London reported today that Japan's decision to detach the yen from the pound and link it to the American dollar caused annoyance in London financial circles, according to Stefani.—Domei.

New York Market Irregular

New York, Oct. 23.

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed irregular today. Although selective buying featured the session, Wall Street began the new week somewhat more optimistically. Traders anticipate the repeal of the arms embargo provisions of the Neutrality Act this week and the resultant heavy orders from the Allied Powers.

Some quarters also expect an Allied statement declaring the determination of Britain and France to plan for a long war in Europe.

Traders also hoped that Chrysler would reach a settlement with the Congress of Industrial Organizations this week, enabling the resumption of large scale production by Chrysler factories.

The domestic situation continues strong and many experts now believe the recovery will continue for some time regardless of the absence or presence of Allied war orders.

Aviations declined late in the session today after being active and strong at the opening. Several issues hit new highs for the year.

Motors were generally strong and motor equipments were firm. Utilities led temporarily and several preferred issues hit new highs. Steels drifted lower but in general the market stiffened as buying of special issues continued.—United Press.

Returns of Federal Reserve System

New York, Oct. 23.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve system, in their report for the week ended October 18 respecting the entire body of reporting member banks of the system, reveal an increase on total loans amounting to $15,000,000 compared with the previous week and of $153,000,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Investments show a decrease of $20,000,000 from last week, but show an increase of $153,000,000, compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Total loans during the period under review amounted to $8,423,000,000 and investments $14,140,000,000.—Reuter.

U.S. Steel Mill Activity

New York, Oct. 23.

Steel mill activity in the United States for the week commencing October 23 was placed at 90.2 per cent. of capacity, according to the weekly report of the American Iron and Steel Institute, which was published today.

This compares with 90.3 per cent. of capacity last week and 53.7 per cent. of capacity for the corresponding period of last year, showing a decrease of 0.1 per cent of capacity and an increase of 36.5 per cent. of capacity respectively, compared with the figure for the week under review.—Reuter.

German Airmen Rescued By Danish Ship

Copenhagen, Oct. 24.

A Danish steamer arriving at Kjoge today rescued two German airmen in the North Sea yesterday. The airmen were found on board a damaged German plane, floating on the water. The men were brought ashore at Kjoge. One was wounded by a bullet and was sent to a hospital while the other has been interned.—Havas.

British Merchantman as Match for U-Boat

Member of Crew Tells How Submarine Was Sunk

London, Oct. 23.

Unable to submerge after it was holed by a merchantman, a German submarine fell easy prey to a British destroyer and was sunk after only a brief exchange of fire, Robert Whelan, deckhand aboard the trading vessel which first damaged the U-boat, declared in an interview today.

"The submarine attacked the ship on which I served as a sailor when we were bound for America. We immediately rushed to our guns and returned the U-boat's fire and the fight continued for more than one hour. Finally we succeeded in beating off the submarine and continued our voyage.

"Two hours later," Whelan continued, "we found that our ship was holed on the waterline while our starboard lifeboat was full of shrapnel holes. We therefore had to turn back. In response to S.O.S. signals, British warships came to our rescue and escorted up home. On the way back, in the evening, we sighted the U-boat again. It was holed and unable to submerge. Our escort quickly sunk it, Whelan concluded.—Havas.

French Envoy in U.S. Makes Statement

France Pays Cash for Early Purchases

Washington, Oct. 23.

Conversations were held in the State Department today between Count Doynel de Saint-Quentin, French Ambassador, and Mr. Adolf Berle, special adviser, and the envoy then made a statement to the press.

He declared that French purchasing bureaux in the United States had already been organized and would immediately place orders for war materials should the arms embargo be repealed.

The bureaux, he added, had made some purchases of goods which may be exported. Among the articles bought were boots and clothings for soldiers. France, he said, had taken all measures to ensure cash payment for her purchases.—Havas.

Get-Rich-Quick Method Fails

Ingenious Method Lands Gangsters Behind Bars

It is not uncommon for Shanghai criminals to state that they are detectives when perpetrating a crime but until Monday evening, none had gone so far as to have a "search-party" on the streets. Their ingenious get-rich-quick method came to a sad end a few minutes after two thugs started searching all rickshaw passengers on Rue Bourgeat near Rue Chapsal, however, because one of their victims, suspecting that the men were not detectives, called a policeman who led the two thugs to the station.

There they admitted that they had been impersonating detectives in order to steal the pocketbooks of innocent pedestrians.

Soviet Gold Deposited For U.S. Purchases

17½ Tons of Bullion Said Not Destined for Germany

London, Oct. 24.

Germany has not after all received 17½ tons of Soviet gold, as reported last week, according to the Diplomatic Correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph," who says that the bullion is now deposited in Dutch banks.

It is destined, according to information reaching official circles in London, to finance Russian purchases in the United States. The correspondent assumes that some of the gold will be used to purchase American machine tools, large Soviet orders for which were placed in Britain before the war but which British contractors were unable to complete owing to the outbreak of war.—Reuter.

Emperor Meets Round The World Fliers

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

The Emperor this morning received in audience Mr. Takeo Ohara, "People's Goodwill Envoy," and the crew of the monoplane Nippon, which returned on October 20 after a successful round-the-world goodwill flight.

The crew comprised six members: Mr. Sumitoshi Nakao, chief pilot; Mr. Shigeo Yoshida, co-pilot; Mr. Hajime Shimokawa, aeronautic engineer; Mr. Hiroshi Saeki, mechanic; and Mr. Nobusada Sato and Mr. Chosaku Yaokawa, wireless operators.—Reuter.

Tons of Polish Gold Arrive in Paris

Paris, Oct. 24.

After a long and arduous journey, seventy tons of Polish gold, worth approximately £17,000,000, arrived in Paris, the "Paris-Soir" announced today. The gold covered 10,000 kilometres on trucks, trains, and ships via Rumania, Turkey, Syria, and the Mediterranean. The metal was previously kept in the safes of the Polish National Bank in Warsaw.—Havas.

New Bulgarian Cabinet

Sofia, Oct. 23.

M. Georges Kiosseivanoff, twice Premier of Bulgaria, formed his third Cabinet in the past three years today when he announced his new list with himself as Premier and Foreign Minister.—His Cabinet colleagues are:—

Home Minister:—General Nedlew.
War Minister:—General Daskaloff.
Finance:—Dr. Bojiloff.
Education:—Professor Filoff.
Railways:—M. Gagrowski.
Economics:—Professor Miagoroff.
Agriculture:—M. Bagrianoff.
Public Works:—M. Wassilew.
Justice:—M. Mikatoff.

The new Cabinet is similar to the former one except that the Justice, Public Works, Economics and Railways portfolios are held by new comers.—Havas.

Chinese Artillery Shells Transport

Fengyang Maru Said Sunk; Two Others Badly Holed in Yangtze

Chungking, Oct. 24.

Chinese mobile artillery units along the Yangtze River continue to attack Japanese transports, according to Chinese reports received here today.

When proceeding downriver from Hankow on October 14, the Japanese transport ship Fengyang Maru is said to have been shelled in the vicinity of Matang, below Kiukiang, by Chinese shore batteries. The vessel, reports claim, sank after receiving several direct hits.

The Japanese transport ships Sinfeng Maru and Tashi Maru, it is also reported, were shelled by Chinese batteries in the vicinity of Wuhu, when travelling upriver from Hankow on October 15.

Both ships are stated to have been badly damaged.—Reuter.

Desertion of Regulars

Macao, Oct. 24.

The natives of the Chungshan district, in Kwangtung Province, are highly indignant over the loss of their capital, Shekki, which is alleged to have been due to the desertion of some of the Chinese regulars sent to defend the place.

These regulars, sent by the Chinese Government to Chungshan, took over from local farmers the defence of the eastern and southern roads to Shekki on their arrival, but it is alleged that they surrendered to a comparatively small number of Japanese, without a fight, while others of their number within Shekki are said to have hoisted Japanese flags as the invaders approached.

The men of Chungshan, who were defending the difficult terrain to the east, between Wangmoon and Shekki, were thus taken in the rear and forced to retreat to the hills, whence they made their way southwards. Guerilla bands are now being formed to carry on the war against the Japanese.

On the day following the taking of Shekki, about 15,000 Chinese refugees entered Macao, and many more followed them in the subsequent days. —Reuter.

Maharajah of Bikaner Declares Loyalty

Rajput Ruler Urges Subjects To Fight for Empire

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Bikaner, Oct. 23.

"No Rajput is ever too old to fight," declared Maharajah Kumar of Bikaner in addressing the officers and men of the army of the State of Bikaner today.

The Maharajah, who is in his 60th year, added: "Like everyone of you, I am desperately keen to proceed to the front. You may, therefore, be sure that I shall leave no stone unturned in order to gratify my burning desire to fight again for our Emperor."

The ruler of Bikaner urged his men to wait patiently "until we are told where and when our King-Emperor wishes us to go and fight for him, and which of our troops are to have the honour of participating in this great conflict."—Reuter.

Premiers of Turkey, Iraq Exchange Messages

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 24.

General Nuri es-Said, Prime Minister of Iraq, and Dr. Refik Saydam, the Turkish Premier have exchanged congratulatory telegrams on the signing of a mutual assistance pact between Britain, France and Turkey.

"The high policy closely affecting Iraq," the Iraq Premier's message said, "which was planned by the Great Ataturk and which has been successfully carried out by President Ineunu, ensuring lasting peace and tranquility not only in the near East but in the whole world, has won the appreciation and admiration of all Iraqis, both the government and the people. I take the opportunity of congratulating the Turkish Government, which has gained for our sister state, the Turkish Republic, the high place which she occupies among nations."

The Turkish Prime Minister replied, "I have received your message of goodwill with gratitude. We value highly the expression of appreciation felt in Iraq. The common purpose is to establish peace and contentment, and there is no doubt that it is a source of gratification and pride to us all that this purpose should have been upheld by friendship, which, being followed towards us by our dear neighbour Iraq, provides a strong basis on which to establish our common interests. I offer a renewed expression of my thanks and esteem."—Reuter.

OBITUARY

Captain Fred Anderson

Manila, Oct. 24.

Captain Fred Anderson, one of the best known skippers of the old Dollar Lines, died in San Francisco last Friday, according to a cable received by his friends here today. Captain Anderson was buried in San Francisco yesterday, the cable said.

Captain Anderson retired three years ago. He commanded the liner President Hoover when the liner made its first trip to the Orient in 1931. He had numerous friends in the Far East.—United Press.

Mr. Zane Grey

Pasadena, Oct. 24.

Mr. Zane Grey, famous novelist and sportsman, succumbed to a heart attack at his suburban home in Altadena near here yesterday at the age of 64. Mr. Grey was stricken at his breakfast table.

Mr. Grey was best known for his western adventure stories which replaced the wild west stories of Buffalo Bill and other writers of an earlier era in America.

Born in Zanesville, Ohio, January 31, 1875, Mr. Grey studied law at the University of Pennsylvania. He was admitted to the bar in 1898, and practised law until 1904, when he began writing the novels which were to give him one of the largest reading audiences in the United States.—United Press.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED by first-class jewellery store, intelligent foreign salesgirl or salesman with personality. Must speak perfect English, if possible French. Salary and commission. Reply stating references to Box 3578, NCDN. -6340

SALESMEN or salesgirls of any nationality required. Salary $100. Apply personally 1441 Avenue Edward VII. -6262

WANTED able salesman to sell new inventions, speaking English or Russian, good income, easy sales. Apply 209/812 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, from 11-12, 2-4. -6340

MANAGER for cafe and bar. State qualifications, age, nationality, race and salary expected Box 3595, NCDN. -6376

WANTED, foreign/Chinese canvassers for advertisements; salary and commission. 9-10, Colour and Light, 668 Szechuen Road, Room 302. -6298

WANTED: Chinese salesman with good connections. High commission, salary after trial. 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Room 712. -6285

FARMER'S Commercial College has for many years set the standard of commercial education in Shanghai. It has established a record of success which is recognised by practically all the large commercial houses in Shanghai. Expert tuition in shorthand, typewriting, correspondence, etc. Farmer's Commercial College, 264, Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967. -5733

WANTED, middle-aged woman for help in house. Must do little washing and care for 9 years old girl. Must speak English. Address Box 3544, NCDN. -6302

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.80.

EUROPEAN radio expert in theory, production and repairing seeks position. Address Box 3586, NCDN. -6367

POST, as companion or to assist with children, wanted by young lady (Aryan). Willing to travel or reside in outport. Address Box 3573, NCDN. 12014

YOUNG lady with knowledge of shorthand, typewriting and general office routine, wishes post immediately. Address Box 3587, NCDN. -6368

FRENCH qualified engineer-architect, best references, seeks position. Fluent English and knowledge of German. Address Box 3565 NCDN. -6331

YOUNG German lady (26) wants position to children, perfect in household, good English knowledge. Goettinger, Wayside, Monkhams Terrace 5. -6320

YOUNG physician (allié), knowledge of English, Russian, Czech, Slovakian, German, with wide hospital and military experience, wants to do practical work in hospital, laboratory or as personal travelling physician. Box 3590, NCDN. -6373

EXPERIENCED stenographer with knowledge of office routine, seeks position. Address Box 3442 NCDN. -6125

ATTRACTIVE destitute Russian girl seeks immediate position as mannequin in a first-class salon. Apply Box 3524, NCDN. 11989

YOUNG Russian girl from good family seeks immediate position as governess, companion to a lady or household assistant. Box 3525, NCDN. 11989

INTELLIGENT, energetic, college-educated Russian, 29, seeks position. Experienced in office routine, technical supervision, godown-keeping, driving. Excellent connections, references. Address Box 3420, NCDN. -6069

EXPERIENCED and well-educated Chinese young lady stenographer with knowledge of general office routine, requires immediate position. Address Box 3538, NCDN. -6286

STENOGRAPHER, foreign lady, 10 years' experience, knowledge of Japanese and Russian. A1 references. Address Box 3270, NCDN. -6252

Educational

WELL-educated Chinese lady gives Chinese lessons, $15 per month, twice weekly. Telephone 77190. -6354

PROFESSOR of university gives German lessons, grammar and conversation, mathematics and physics. Address Box 3571, NCDN. -6339

FRENCH and English lessons, strictly on international phonetic principles, Latin, mathematics to tardy pupils, by qualified French teacher. G. Maes, 129/6 Avenue Haig. -6332

LESSONS of cutting and dressmaking given by lady-teacher, with diploma and long experience. Private and group lessons. Address Box 3567, NCDN. -6334

GERMAN lessons, conversation, given by experienced gentleman teacher. Vienna University graduate. Easy method, moderate fees. Box 3563, NCDN. -6328

THE Shanghai Business College. Oral classes. Shorthand, typewriting commercial English, conversation, bookkeeping and accountancy. Morning, afternoon and evening classes. Fees moderate Successes unparalleled. Apply for syllabus. 320 Szechuen Road. Telephone 17733. 12022

FRENCH and German lessons given by experienced gentleman teacher. Twice weekly, $15 per month. Apply from 8-9 a.m. or by letter, 2 Quinsan Gardens, Room 1. -5718

MRS. Beesley gives individual lessons in Pitman's shorthand/touch typewriting. Rapid results. 1 Verdun Terrace, Telephone 71001. -6044

GERMAN lessons given by qualified gentleman-teacher, university graduate. Fluent English and French. Address Box 3514, NCDN. -6237

Lost

LOST, reward given. Public are hereby notified that Certificate No. C1066 for 100 shares of The Shanghai Electric Construction Co. is declared lost by Lyceum & Co. and a new certificate has been applied for in accordance with the Article 47C(N) of the Special Resolution dealing with share warrant to bearer of the issuing Company. In the meantime if any person finds the above mentioned shares and returns same to 805 Continental Bank Building, 113 Kiukiang Road, he will be rewarded, $500. -6345

LOST earring between Pelican Ballroom and Nanking Road. Reward. Telephone 70935 12.30-1 30 p.m. or Box 3526, NCDN. 11990

LOST. Commerical Express & storage's D/Orders Nos. 7668, 7703 total two sheets covering three drums of dyestuffs marked NSK, issued by Shokwa Dyestuffs Co., have been lost. The above are declared null and void. Shokwa Dyestuffs Co. -6300

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FINE crystal glassware, wine-glasses, porcelain tea/dinner-sets, statues, famous oil paintings, Apt. 501, 12 Rue Consulat. Telephone 84207.

FOR SALE: Dining room set, Philips Radios, and selected records. Apt 501, 12 Rue du Consulat.

FOR SALE, Reflex Korelle camera, 6 x 6, F2.8, Tessar lenses, a splendid instrument, brand-new, with close up implements, Agfa filter, genuine Agfa developing tank, etc., sacrificed at $650 only. Address Box 3572, NCDN. 12011

REFUGEE selling two genuine Persian carpets, 9 x 12 ft. best quality, at moderate prices. Apply Telephone 50397, from 9-12. -6338

BARGAIN sale, marble fittings for writing-table. Radio and Singer sewing-machine, 138 Hamilton House. -6363

VIOLIN. Genuine Domenicus Montagnana, 1750, US$100. Large collection of classical piano music-books. Cheap prices. 925/10 Avenue Joffre, Room 5. -6364

NORGE refrigerator, 4 cubic feet, 1938. Price $800. Address Box 3589, NCDN. -6371

IMPORTER wishes to dispose a stock of a very high grade whisky. Address Box 3566, NCDN. -6333

BEST quality rugs, also large-sized black carpet, slightly used, stored at Arts & Crafts; owner leaving. Telephone 83245. -6319

A rare collection of old watches, for sale. Between 2-6, 1173 Bubbling Well Road, House 13/44. -6374

ATTRACTIVE crystal glassware, wine glasses, porcelain tea/dinner sets and figures, bronze statues, ivory miniatures; Tientsin, Peking carpets. 421 Avenue du Roi Albert, Apartment 5. -6349

ELEGANT drawing-room suite; also desk, bookcase, three armchairs, for sale. Cheap. 335 Rue Bourgeat, Room 7. -6351

E. Krauss piano, German make, nearly new, for sale. Apply Lane 1129, 51 Bubbling Well Road. -6392

PHOTO copy equipment Copyroflex, with timing device; 1 to 60 seconds; brand new; suitable for photographic copy and/or blue prints. Address Box 3597, NCDN. -6381

SITTING-room set, comprising 7 pieces, Arts and Crafts make, for sale. Reasonable price. Telephone 78700. -6067

AMERICAN "Chairman" shoes for men, 6,000 pairs, liquidation cargo. All styles. Usually US$8.50, now $45 and $30. Open 8 a.m.—6 p.m. 131 Museum Road, Room 228. -6110

SECONDHAND furniture store. Buying and selling, new and secondhand furniture and household effects, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -4740

REFRIGERATOR G. E., 13 cu. ft., all porcelain. Guarantee one year. Sale or hire. Telephone 74816. -6019

WOOL-jersey dresses and suits for ladies, from Vienna. Latest designs and colours all sizes. Call Apartment E2, House 3, 1248 Lafayette, Telephone 76265. -6122

MRS. Robinson, 30 Nanyang Road, Apartment 12, has a selection of ladies' stylish hats for sale. Prices moderate. Orders accepted. Open 10-12 and 2-5. -5754

POPLIN shirts made to measure, from $9. Silk shirts, $12.50. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11663

GREATEST opportunity! Beautiful gifts at bargain prices. Objects of Art, paintings, household articles, etc. 12 Rue Consulat. Apt. 501, Telephone 84207. -4701

FOR SALE, Moutrie piano, excellent condition. On view from 9-12. Telephone 78442. -6292

FOR SALE, complete set of Ludwig drums and two Italian accordions, 120 and 140 basses, Telephone 78944. -6276

FOR SALE: restaurant furniture, 2 bedrooms, 1 dining room, etc. 190 Peking Road, Room 13. -6284

MANNESMANN steam boiler tubes for sale, 20 lengths, outside diameter 60 mm., length 4540 mm. Gauge 10. Address Box 3536, NCDN. -6277

CABIN trunk, English make, as new, used one voyage only. Cost 8 guineas, $200. Telephone 23438. 12504

FOR SALE, Atlas 10 inch lathe with motor, practically new. Address Box 3435, NCDN. -6113

NICK'S second-hand furniture store, buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects. 146A Route des Sœurs (inside). Telephone 73937. -5071

THREE dinner-sets, attractive crystal-glassware, wine glasses, porcelain cups and figures, Persian carpets. 150 Tifeng Road, House 15, Flat 2. -6194

SILK slips $2.75; night gowns $4.25; bath towels $1.50; lace curtains, 45 ins. x 90 ins., $4.25. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 11977

Business Opportunities

RESTAURANT for sale, best part French Concession; or partnership. 7 Route de Grouchy, Shop E. -6308

A modern barber-shop, completely equipped. Rent including hot and cold water supply and heating, at business centre, Rue Lafayette, French Concession. Interested party please apply Room 414, 384 Peking Road, at 4-6 p.m. -6350

Personal

NADIUSHA give telephone number, please. Willi. Address Box 3577, NCDN. -6344

YOUNG lady, intelligent, attractive, well-educated, would like acquaintance with American Navy officer. Please address Box 3585, NCDN. -6360

WOULD charming young lady, brown hair, dressed light and dark chocolate sleeves, brown raincoat, who had tiffin 12.30—1, Chocolate Shop, inner-room extreme left, Monday 23, care to meet gentleman sitting alone opposite. View sincere friendship. Please address Box 3551, NCDN. -6307

Animals

10 MONTHS old Alsatian bitch for sale, first-class watch dog; apply 749 Yu Yuen Road, Apartment 15. -6323

WANTED, wire-haired fox-terrier bitch, young, house-trained, for good home. Address 799/24 Avenue Haig, Telephone 74867. -6377

LOSS by death, through accident or sickness is recoverable under special pony insurance cover. Apply Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance) Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road. 11963

Wanted to Purchase

PIANO wanted, Telephone 73606. -6379

A vacuum cleaner, new or second-hand. Kindly send full particulars to Box 3588, NCDN. 12015

WANTED to purchase or hire, one large-size Hanovia quartz lamp. Reply Box 3535, NCDN. -6278

WANTED to purchase-secondhand suits, dress cloaks, shoes. Apply in writing to Kaatz, 415 Cardinal Mercier. -6249

WANTED to purchase (second-hand) one or two Singer double hemstitch machines No. 72 W12 or W13. Please telephone particulars to 18845. -5708

Agencies

ADVERTISER will sell your flat/apartment, furnished or unfurnished at highest price without commission, from you. Apply 217 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 11 -6253

Miscellaneous

DOLLS (broken), repairing, renovating perfectly done. Dollies' coats, dresses, hats, shoes, stockings and wigs. Doll's Hospital Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -5894

TYPEWRITERS, bought, sold, repaired, rented, rebuilt. Hermes-Baby Dealers, Bartlett Yung Co., 132 Kiangse, Telephone 11875. -5551

TOOTAL, Duro and Wemco shirts, made to measure for small sizes with 40 per cent. discount. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11808

REPAIRS of refrigerators (sealed units also), cooling installations, mechanical engines. Foreign Engineering Co., 19 Doumer, Telephone 78145. -4600

Motor Cars and Cycles

WE have in stock a complete line of used cars. We also buy, exchange and lend money on cars. American Motors, Fed. Inc. U.S.A. 444 Avenue Foch, Telephone 35646. 12017

AUSTIN 12-6 saloon, excellent condition, owner-driven. Bargain. Address Box 3580, NCDN. 12016

FORD, 1934, V8, 4-door, in very good condition, owner-driven. $3,390 cash, for sale. Telephone 78609, Mr. Hsu, 1050 Rue Lafayette. -6365

FORD two-seater, 1929 model, in good running condition, brand-new battery, US$100. Address Box 3569, NCDN. -6336

AMERICAN sedan, 1933, very economical, perfect condition throughout, owner leaving, genuine bargain, $1,900. Box 3555, NCDN. -6315

1935 Standard 9, excellent condition, foreign owner driven, $3,600. Fully insured and licensed. Telephone 34301. 12019

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -6059

1937 Plymouth sedan in excellent condition, owner driven, US$700. 1934 Morgan Aero V2 cylinders, small sport-car in excellent condition, only one in Shanghai, US$100. Please apply to Mr. Kenny Ching, every morning 10-3 p.m., Telephone 35698. -6271

FOR SALE by Public Auction at Triangle Motors, 99 Route Cardinal Mercier, on Wednesday, October 25, 1939, at 10.30 a.m., one 1938 Oldsmobile Truck Engine No. 7372. 12000

Office Cars

TWO seats offered, Petain to Hankow/Kiangse Roads, three times daily. Write Box 3558, NCDN. -6318

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before October 31, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 1647, 2511, 2568, 2670, 2697, 2786, 2796, 2812, 2833, 2842, 2844, 2845, 2946, 2962, 2969, 2998, 3006, 3024, 3039, 3050, 3081, 3132, 3158, 3218, 3255, 3306, 3321, 3336, 3387, 3396.

Chinese Servants

EXCELLENT cook-boy seeks position, highly recommended. Good cook, clean, polite in serving. Address Box 3582, NCDN. -6355

FIRST-class cook-boy with wife as coolie-amah, seeks position. A1 references. Address Box 3584, NCDN. -6359

GOOD cook-boy and wife amah, recommended by English or American family, hardworking, clean, honest, Telephone 36251. -6358

EXCELLENT cook-boy and wash-amah, honest and hardworking, recommended by English families. Address Box 3579, NCDN. -6348

COOK or cook-boy, clean, honest, capable, very willing, not young, thoroughly recommended by foreign family. Address Box 3576, NCDN. -6343

YOUNG house-boy, clean, honest, for bachelor only. Good references. Address Box 3554, NCDN. -6313

EXCELLENT cook-boy, clean, honest, good cooking, available immediately. Address Box 3553, NCDN. -6316

WANTED intelligent hard-working house-boy. Address Box 3593, NCDN. 12018

EXCELLENT wash-amah, free twice weekly, recommended by foreign employer Address Box 3561, NCDN. -6326

WANTED good clean cook, cook-boys not required. Address Box 3594, NCDN. 12018

EXCELLENT cook-boy desires position, highly recommended, clean, honest and polite in serving. Address Box 3596, NCDN. -6379

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5952

WELL-recommended baby-amah available. Advertiser knows her for last seven years as reliable, clean, honest. Has very good hand with small children. Reply Box 3550, NCDN. 12001

ALL kinds of reliable servants only through International Employment Bureau, 2 Peking Road 107, Telephone 10428. -6268

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Only one with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. -5930

Rooms Without Board

LARGE, furnished room, quiet location. 50 Route de Sieyes. -6347

TO LET, nice, comfortable room in apartment house, all modern conveniences, to a single person only, French Concession. Address Box 3583, NCDN. -6369

JESSFIELD Park, to let first-class comfortable furnished room, separate bath, for bachelor. Telephone 23396. -6312

TO LET, room with or without board, 909 Yu Yuen Road, House 22. -6366

LARGE, furnished room, all modern conveniences, in private family, for single person. Centre of Bubbling Well, Telephone 33033. -6353

$100 November first, very nice. furnished room in villa with verandah, bath, garden, central-heating, use of kitchen. Telephone 23588, meals time. -6361

TO LET, big and small rooms, furnished, with kitchen. Best location Settlement. Telephone 21418. -6309

NEWLY furnished room with all comforts in detached house, best residential part of French Concession, to single person only. Please address Box 3478, NCDN. -6171

LARGE, furnished room, quiet location, to one or two bachelors only. 54 Route Grouchy. -6082

TO LET, big/small rooms, flats, apartments, houses. Available now. 1272 Avenue Joffre. General Commission Agency. -5950

Rooms with Board

IN villa with garden, one room with board, telephone, bath, garage, in the best part of French Concession. Box 3574, NCDN. -6341

ELEGANT large room with alcove, first-class board, bath, verandah, garden, garage, 2-14 bus stop. 7 Columbia Road, corner Great Western. -6321

Furnished Apartments

TWO-roomed apartment, boxroom, servant's room, kitchen, bathroom. $2,500 including furniture. Rent $250. Apply Hermes, 210/5 Route Vallon. -6372

TO LET, urgently, two small rooms, furniture to be taken over. 1074/6 Bubbling Well, 10-12 only. -6380

TO LET, rooms, flats, houses, furnished, unfurnished, shops. General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road, 1st. floor. -6224

FOR RENT, fully-furnished one-roomed flat with bath (no kitchen), vicinity Routes Pere Robert/Vallon. Address Box 3542, NCDN. -6299

COSY two-roomed modern apartment, French Concession. Furniture to be taken over. Address Box 3540, NCDN. -6295

COSY two-roomed apartment, central district, for sale. Brand-new furniture, fittings, linen and crockery to be taken over for $1,750, bargain. Address Box 3549, NCDN. -6305

THREE-roomed apartment, two bathrooms, boxrooms, kitchen and pantry. Western district, near Park. Furniture and fittings to be taken over. Telephone 21337. -6293

Furnished Houses

TO LET, furnished house, French Concession, US$60. Address Box 3457, NCDN. -6127

TO LET, western district, six-roomed house, large garden, rental $155 with lease. Furniture including frigidaire, to be taken over, $5,500. Telephone 20746. -6266

Unfurnished Houses

IMMEDIATELY warm, newly decorated, 6-roomed, modern house, garden, garage. International Settlement. No refugees. 750/3 Hart Road. -6329

FERRY and Avenue Roads. Five-roomed house. Newly built. Key-money $3,000. Semi-foreign. Address Box 3532, NCDN. -6287

4 unfurnished 6-roomed houses, best location French Concession. Rent $250, available January. Apply General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road. -6223

HOUSES, apartments, rooms and lands. European Traders Co., 367 Kiangse Road, Telephone 11667. -6218

TO LET, December 1. Two excellent new houses, opposite 166 Route Dufour. All modern conveniences. Spacious garden. No brokers. Telephone 72267 or 10797. -6116

EXCELLENT house or flats, garage, to let, western district, all conveniences. Telephone 23943. -6290

Radios

RELIABLE repairs all make radios, foreign engineers. Latest models Zenith, R.C.A. Victor, stocked. Sam Lazaro Bros. Telephone 19225. 11452

Dancing

MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5954

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY-masseuse, 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Room 231, discontinues her practice up to November 5. -5011

LADY gives massage and pedicure from 2-8. 4 Chinhai Road corner Bubbling Well Road, 1st floor, Flat 4. -5748

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. 11894

MASSAGE, manicure, pedicure, 9, Central Arcade, upstairs, Corner Szechuen Road, entrance from Ezra Road, Telephone 11984. -5937

DISINFECTION OR FUMIGATION

G. H. PARKES & CO.

TELEPHONE 72245

Houses and Land

WANTED to lease furnished or unfurnished house consisting of 15/20 rooms, several bathrooms, modern sanitation, situate International Settlement. State details. Reply to Box 3575, NCDN. -6342

FOR SALE, on 20-year lease. Two houses in construction at $17,850 and $28,000. Corner Dupleix/Ferguson. De Becker Law & Estate Offices, 262/4 Hamilton House, Telephone 16660. 11946

WANTED to buy a property, western district or International Settlement. Address Box 3528, NCDN. -6255

WANTED to buy, large residence with garden in French Concession. No brokers. Address Box 3213, NCDN. -5723

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WELL-lighted office, 500 sq. ft., excellent location, first-floor, to let. Monthly rent, $225. Address Box 3570, NCDN. -6337

WANTED, office one/two rooms, suitable for lawyer's office furnished, unfurnished. Settlement. Box 3562, NCDN. -6327

WANTED small office or share office, central district. Address Box 3564, NCDN. -6330

WANTED: small office, central district, November 1. Particulars to Steinberg, 971 Avenue Foch, Room 1. -5977

Wanted to Rent

WANTED for dental office room or rooms. Address Box 3553, NCDN. -6311

WANTED, house or apartment with five/eight rooms in Hongkew or Chapei, preferably furnished. Box 3557, NCDN. -6317

WANTED, three/four-roomed, furnished/unfurnished flat, Concession/Settlement. Reply stating price, location and full particulars to Box 3562, NCDN. -6335

WANTED by a Britan, unfurnished, detached, modern, six-roomed residence within its own ground, three bedrooms, three bathrooms, living attic, ample servants' quarters, garden, garage, quiet, safe location inside International Settlement or French Concession, near Bubbling Well. Rental not over $260, long lease. Full particulars to Box 3560, NCDN. -6325

WANTED by bachelor (British), one/two rooms, private bath, full board. American School, French Club, Avenue Haig area. Reply with full particulars to Box 3581, NCDN. -6352

WANTED big, quiet, furnished room, Concession/Settlement, from November 1, if possible kitchen to be used. Reply stating rent. Box 3592, NCDN. -6376

WANTED apartment or house by responsible party. Willing take furniture over and pay key-money. Telephone 74850. -4871

LEADING children's dancing school requires suitable premises. Reply Box 3327, NCDN. 11894

WANTED, house in West End Gardens, western district, Settlement and French Concession, all conveniences. Willing pay key-money. Telephone 23943. -6291

BUSINESS lady requires furnished steam-heated room with board in respectable boarding house or private home, Petain or immediate vicinity. Reply Post Office Box 1224. -6293

WANTED, house/apartment, western district or Concession. Address Box 3539, NCDN. -6289

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